

**COMPARISON OF THE CURRENT AND THE DESIRED LEISURE BEHAVIOR AND SPATIAL NEED OF HUSBANDS.** Shin H.K.<sup>\*</sup>, Department of Consumer and Housing Studies, Sangmyung University, Seoul 110-743, Korea, Lee Y.S., Department of Housing and Interior Design, Yonsei University, Seoul 120-749, Korea.

Today, leisure concept has been popularized and likely become an important aspect of modern life. It is expected that leisure will take a more important place in daily activities in near future. Therefore, it is necessary to find out the current leisure behavior of people and their desire for activities and corresponding space and facilities for the future. For future housing community planning, this trend especially for spatial need of leisure activities near residential environment must be considered. The purpose of this study was to compare the current and the desired leisure behavior and relevant spatial need of husbands. It was aimed to produce useful data for future community planning to accommodate leisure spatial need.

This study used 247 data from early working hour salarman who live in cities, experiencing more future oriented lifestyle, and adopted frequency, percentage,  $\chi^2$ -test, and the MDS(Multi-Dimensional Scale) for statistical analysis.

The major findings were as follows:

Present leisure behavioral characteristics were restrictive and passive. However, they show desires to increase their leisure activities in everyday life of near future, and engage in diverse forms of leisure including both passive and active ones in the future. Especially, they hoped to participate in sports activities. Also, generally higher participation rates were found in their desired response. More sound and healthy behavior were desired while some unhealthy ones disappeared.

The main area for leisure activities changed from around their job places to around their residences. Moreover, there showed a tendency to engage in daily leisure activities near their houses in the future. In particular, they hoped to use indoor sports complex and sports facilities, such as swimming pool and tennis court near their houses.

These findings suggest a need to develop leisure culture, and to develop leisure space and facilities for daily leisure activities. Furthermore, since the desired spatial distributions of daily leisure activities are clustered around residential environment, a community space should be well planned from the beginning stage, especially in high density urban areas.