

과공정 AL-(18-25)Si-X 합금의 고온변형 특성 및 압출기술

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Hypereutectic Al-Si-X Composites

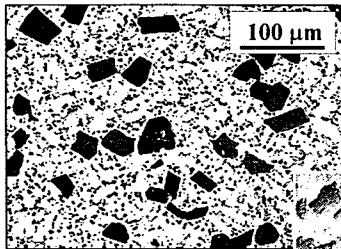
□ Advantages

- ↓ Excellent Wear Resistant Property
- ↓ High Young's Modulus
- ↓ Easy Recycling
- ↓ Low Production Cost

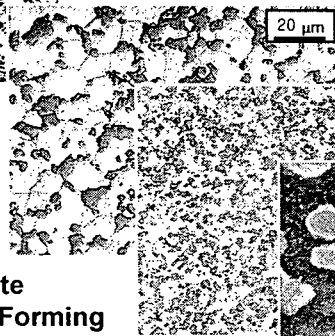
□ Disadvantages(Conventional Cast Al-Si-Xs Composite)

- ↓ Inferior machinability
 - ↓ Inferior Tensile Properties
 - ↓ Inferior Formability
- Because of Coarse Si Particles !!!***

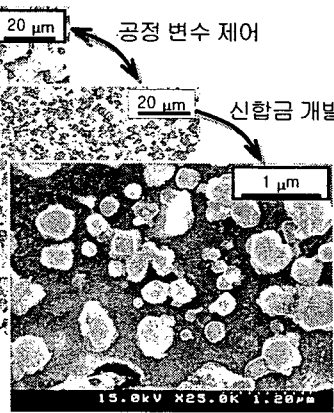
Controlling the Micro-Structure of the Composites



Al-18Si-Xs Alloy
Produced by Ingot Metallurgy



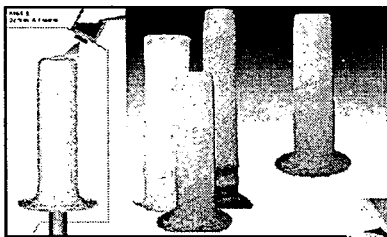
Al-18Si-Xs Composite
Produced by Spray Forming



공정 변수 제어

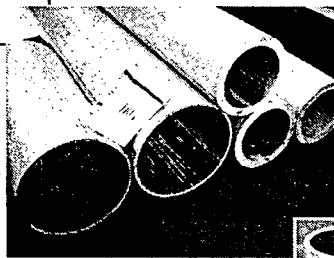
신합금 개발

Suggested Process

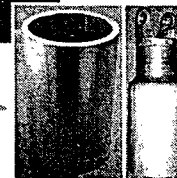


Spray Forming of
Hypereutectic Al-Si-Xs Alloy

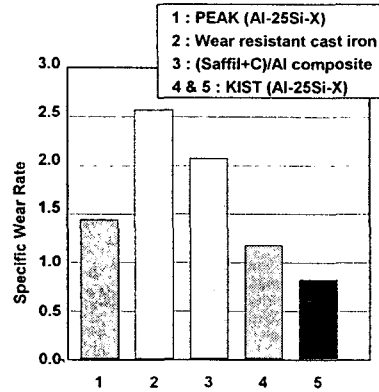
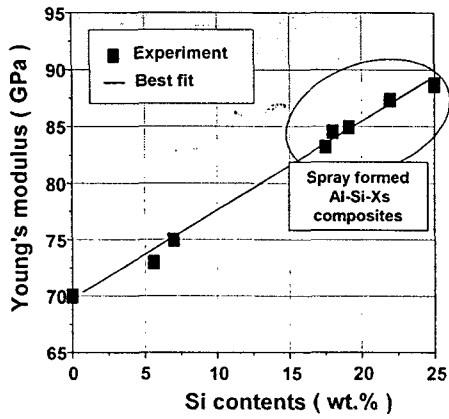
Extrusion of Spray Formed
Hypereutectic Al-Si-Xs Alloy



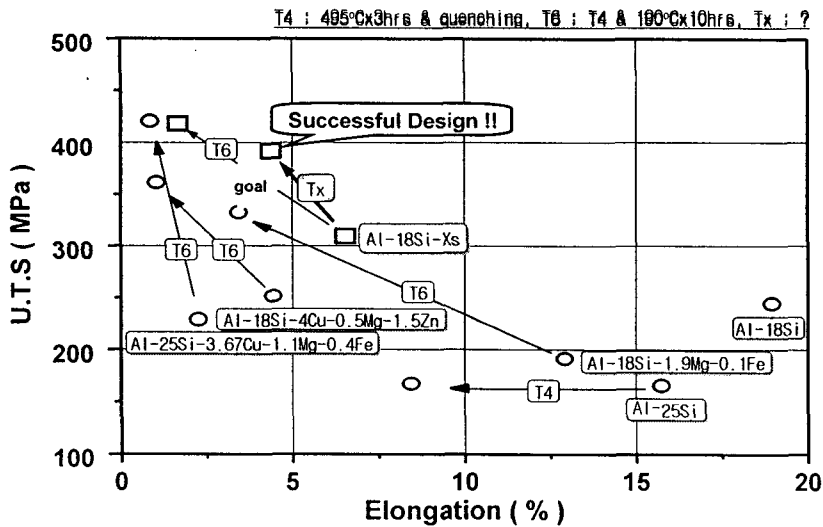
Development of End Items



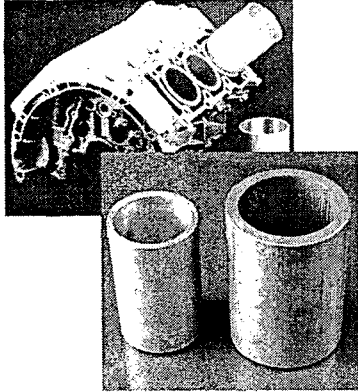
Mechanical Properties of the Spray Formed & Extruded Al-Si-Xs Composites



Tensile Properties of the Spray Formed & Extruded Al-Si-Xs Composites



Vehicle Parts Fabricated Using the Spray Formed & Extruded Al-Si-X Composites



Gasoline Engine Cylinder Liner

- G7 과제
- 1998년, 국산화 기술 개발
- KIST, 두레, 현대자 공동 개발

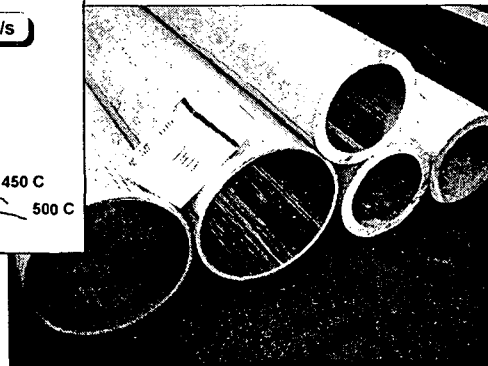
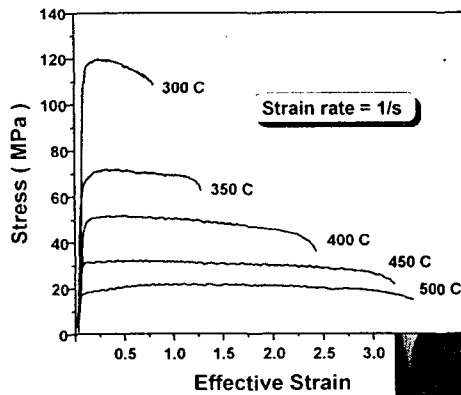


서울, COEX, 대서양관, 7.25-7.29

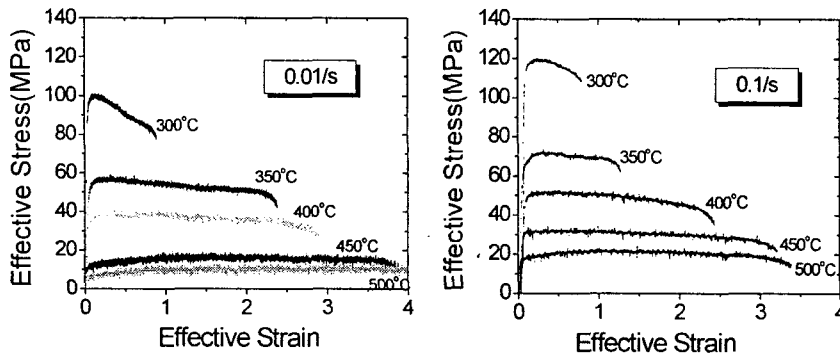
프로펠러 샤프트

- 중점국가과제
- 2001년, 고유 기술(미국, 한국 특허)
- KIST, 두레, 현대자, 대승 공동개발

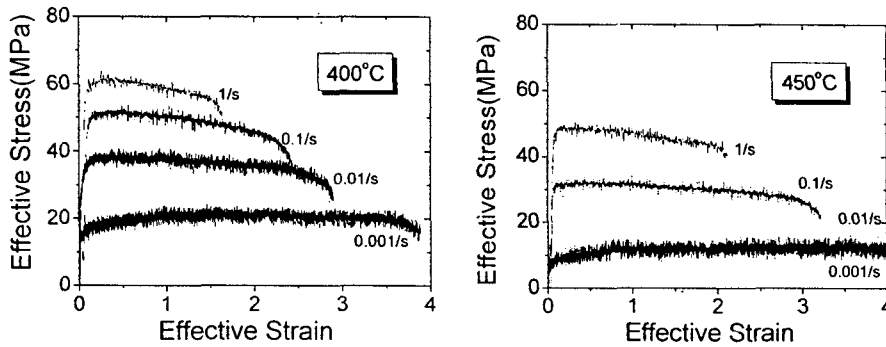
Extrusion of the Spray Formed Hyper Al-Si-X Composites Using Its Super Plasticity



Flow Curves for Constant $\dot{\epsilon}$
(Torsion Test)

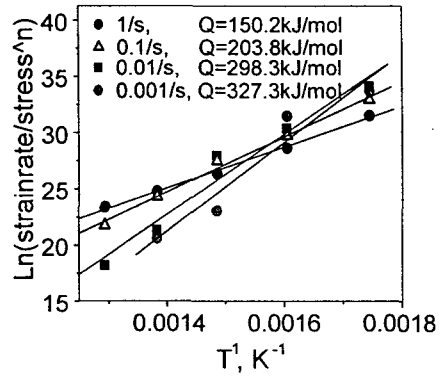
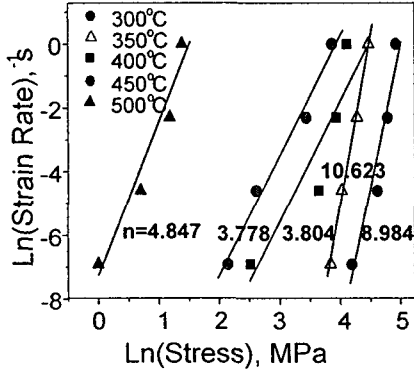


Flow Curves for Constant T
(Torsion Test)



Constitutive Equation

$$\dot{\epsilon} = 1.757 \times 10^8 \sigma^n \exp(-Q/RT)$$



Dynamic Recrystallization (DRX) :

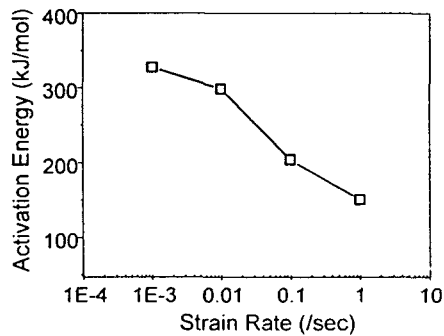
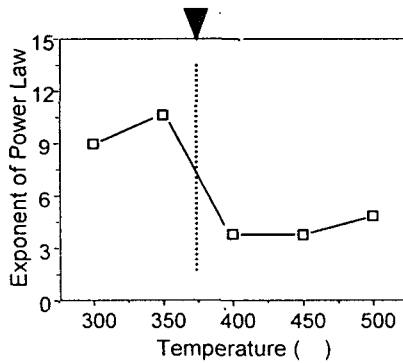
T < 400°C, $\dot{\epsilon} > 0.1/s$ (n = 9.80 Q = 177 kJ/mol)

Dynamic Recovery (DRV) :

T > 400°C, $\dot{\epsilon} < 0.01/s$ (n = 4.41 Q = 313 kJ/mol)

Transition of Deformation Behaviors of the Spray Formed Hypereutectic Al-Si-X Composites

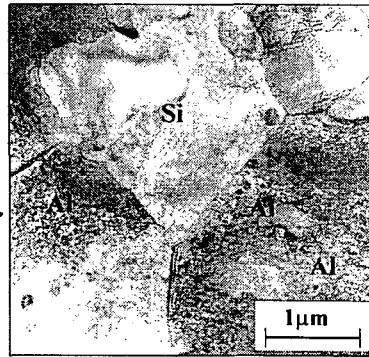
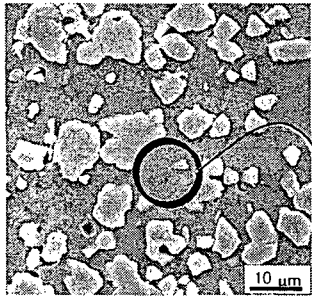
$$\dot{\epsilon} = 1.757 \times 10^8 \sigma^n \exp(-Q/RT)$$



DRX : T < 350°C, $\dot{\epsilon} > 0.1/s$ (n = 9.80 Q = 177 kJ/mol)

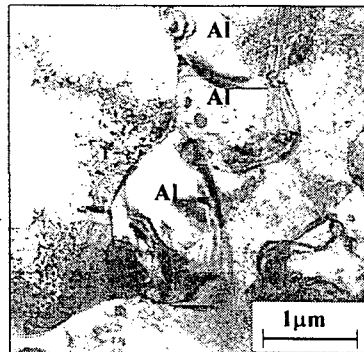
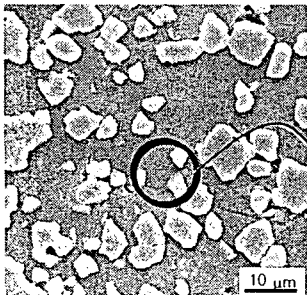
DRV : T > 400°C, $\dot{\epsilon} < 0.01/s$ (n = 4.41 Q = 313 kJ/mol)

Deformation at High Temperature and Low Strain Rate



Temp. : 500°C, $\dot{\epsilon} = 0.01/s$
Where, $n = 4.41$ $Q = 313 \text{ kJ/mol(DRV)}$

Deformation at Low Temperature and High Strain Rate



Temp. : 300°C, $\dot{\epsilon} = 1/s$
Where, $n = 9.80$ $Q = 177 \text{ kJ/mol(DRX)}$

Conclusions

□ $T < 350^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\dot{\epsilon} > 0.1/\text{s}$

- ↳ **DRX behavior**
- ↳ **Fine grain size**
- ↳ **High Load for Extrusion**

□ $T > 450^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\dot{\epsilon} < 0.01/\text{s}$

- ↳ **DRV behavior**
- ↳ **Coarse grain size**
- ↳ **Low Load for Extrusion**