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# Large Scale Membrane Filtration Plant for Removal of Cryptosporidium at Ogose-town: Design and Operation

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Naoki Matsutani  
(Kurita Water Ind. Co.)

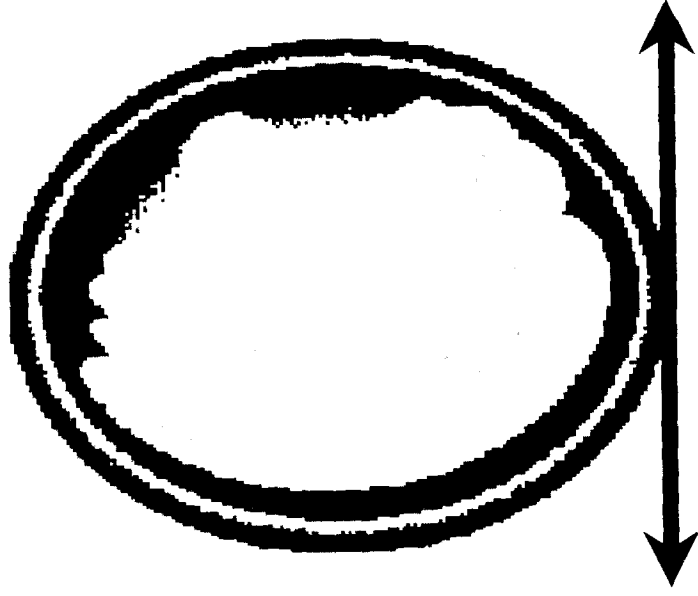
# **Large Scale Membrane Filtration Plant for Removal of Cryptosporidium at Ogose Town**

**~Design and Operation~**

**Naoki Matsutani**

**Kurita Water Industries Ltd.**

# **Cryptosporidium Oocyst**



**4.5 to 5.5  $\mu$  m**

**Complete removal with UF, MF**

# **Cryptosporidium Outbreaks in the World**

<b>Year</b>	<b>City</b>	<b>No. of Cases</b>
<b>1984</b>	<b>Braun Station, Tex. U.S.A.</b>	<b>2,000</b>
<b>1987</b>	<b>Carrollton, Ga. U.S.A.</b>	<b>13,000</b>
<b>1989</b>	<b>Swindon, England</b>	<b>516</b>
<b>1993</b>	<b>Milwaukee, Wis. U.S.A.</b>	<b>403,000</b>
<b>1996</b>	<b>Ogose, Saitama Japan</b>	<b>8,812</b>

## **Brief History of Ogose Town**

- 1. In 1996, 70% of the inhabitants got diarrhea with C.Oocyst and drinking water service was stopped.**
- 2. Mayer of Ogose Town decided to install Membrane Filtration Plant.**
- 3. In 1998, the Membrane Plant started to supply safety drinking water.**
- 4. The plant has been in operation with no trouble up to today.**



# **Contents**

**1. Outline of Plant**

**2. Pretreatment**

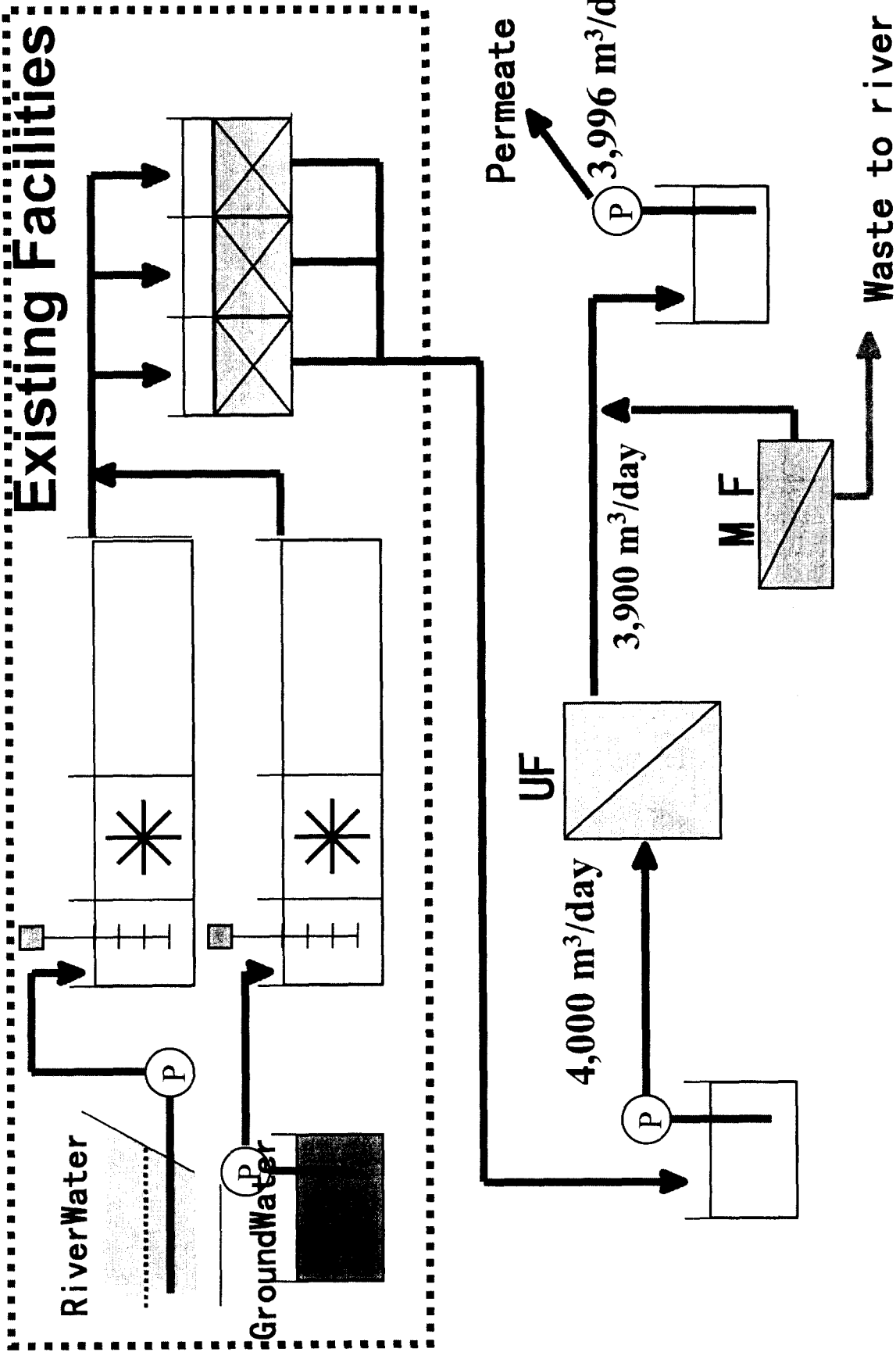
**3. Operation Results**

**4. Maintenance**

**5. Conclusion**

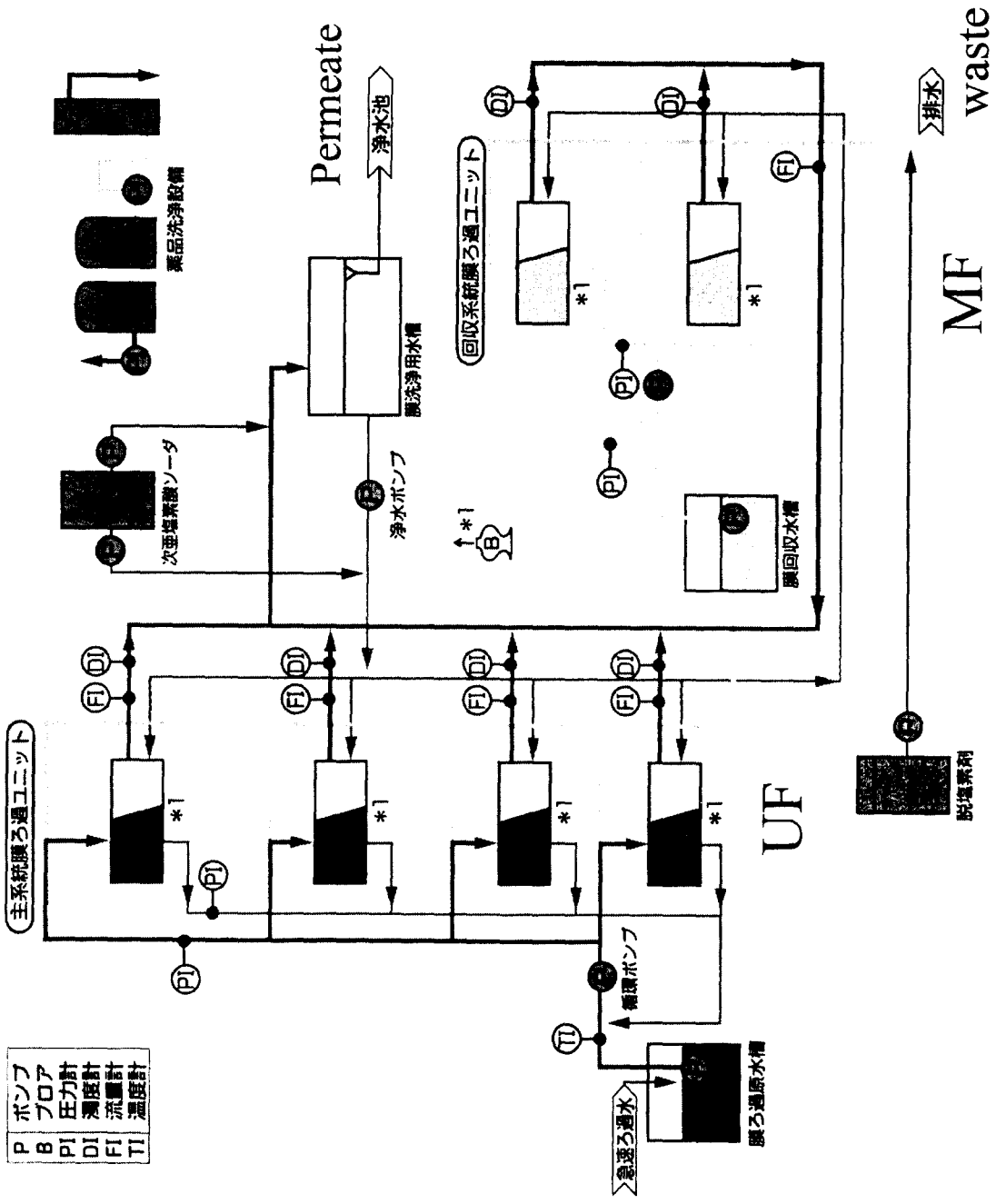
## **System Outline**

- 1. Maximum permeate flow: 4,000 m<sup>3</sup> / day**
- 2. Over 99% recovery rate guaranteed**
- 3. C.Oocyst and other infectious bacteria are completely removed from drinking water.**



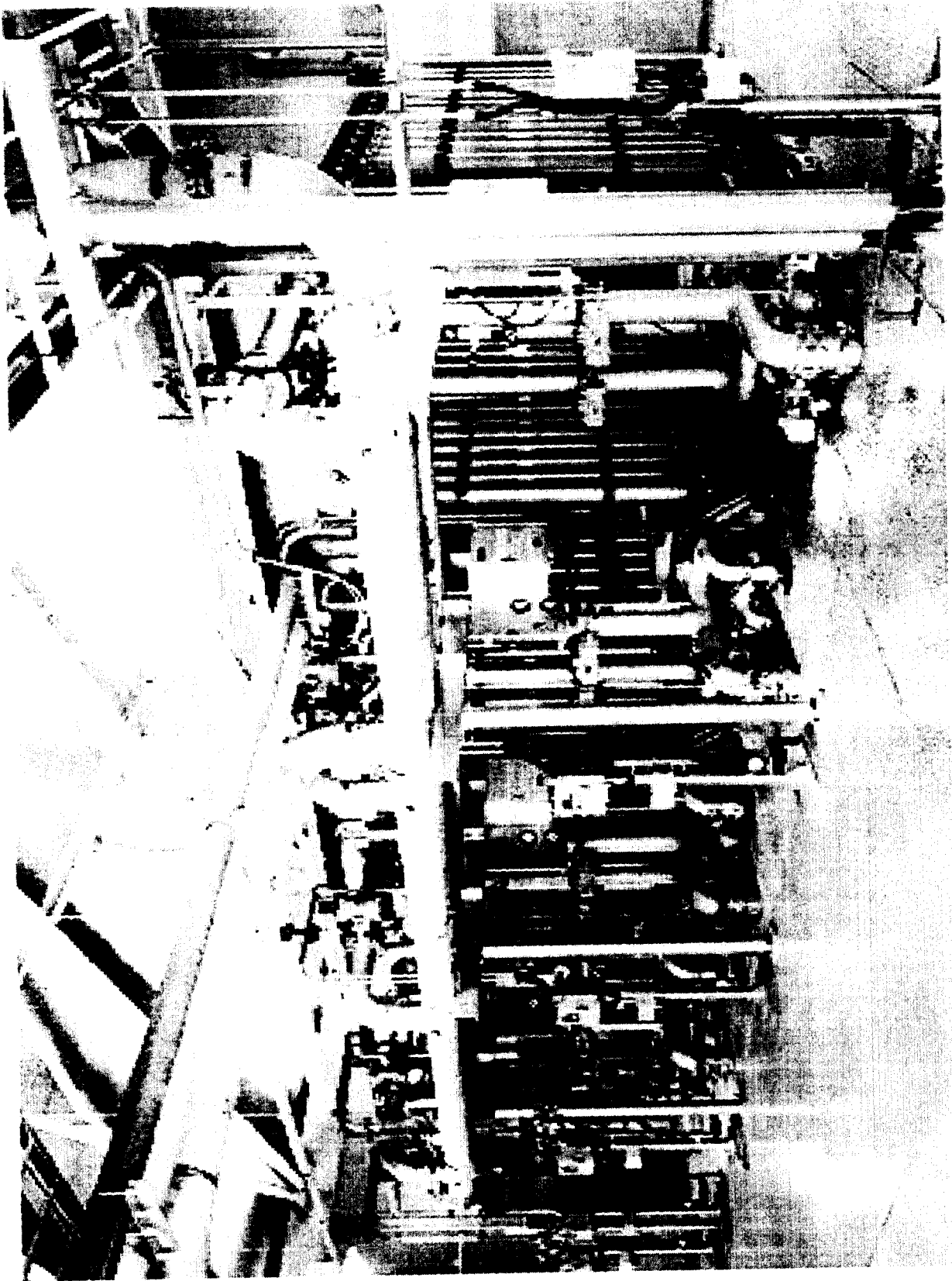
**Block Flow of Ogose D.W.P**



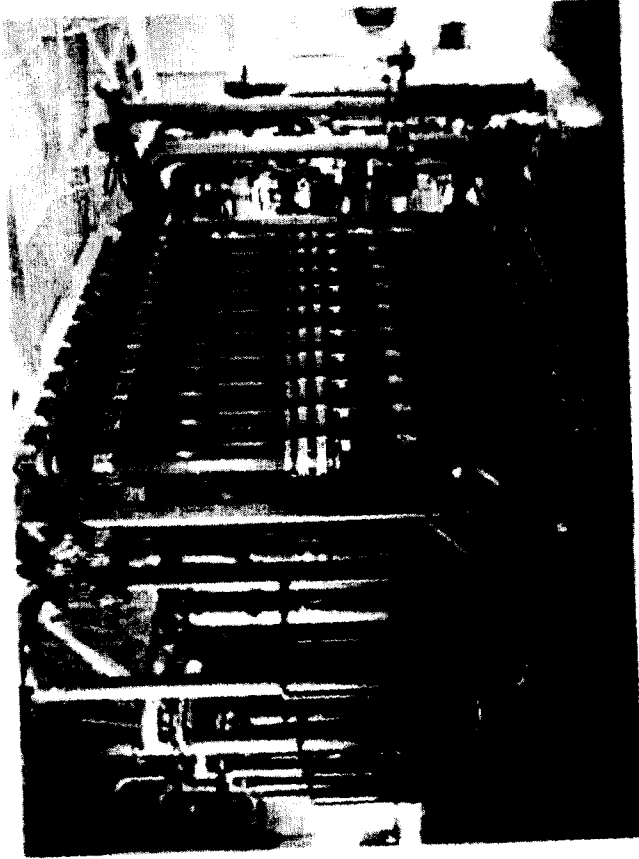


P	ポンプ
B	ブロー
PI	圧力計
DI	濁度計
FI	流量計
TI	温度計

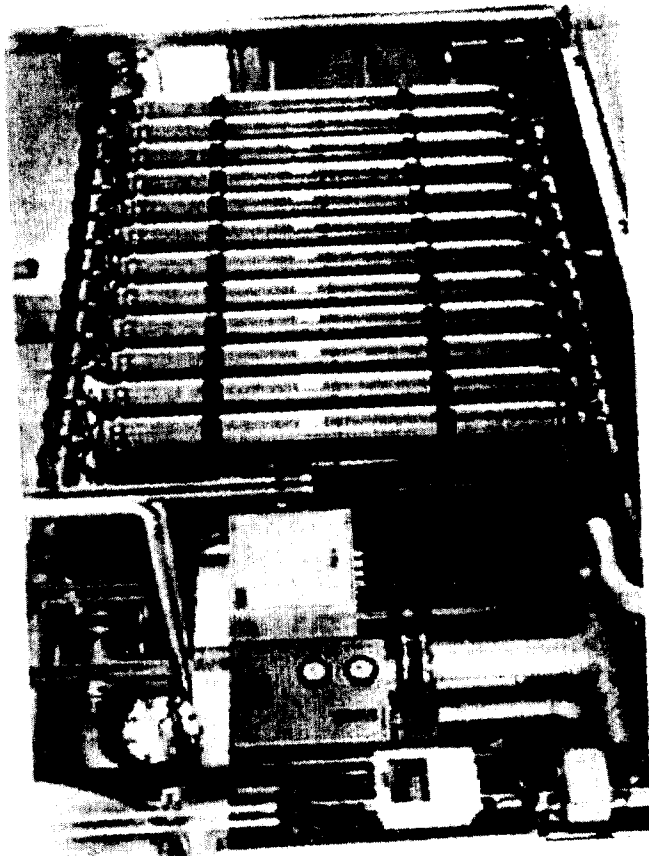
# Block flow of membrane unit



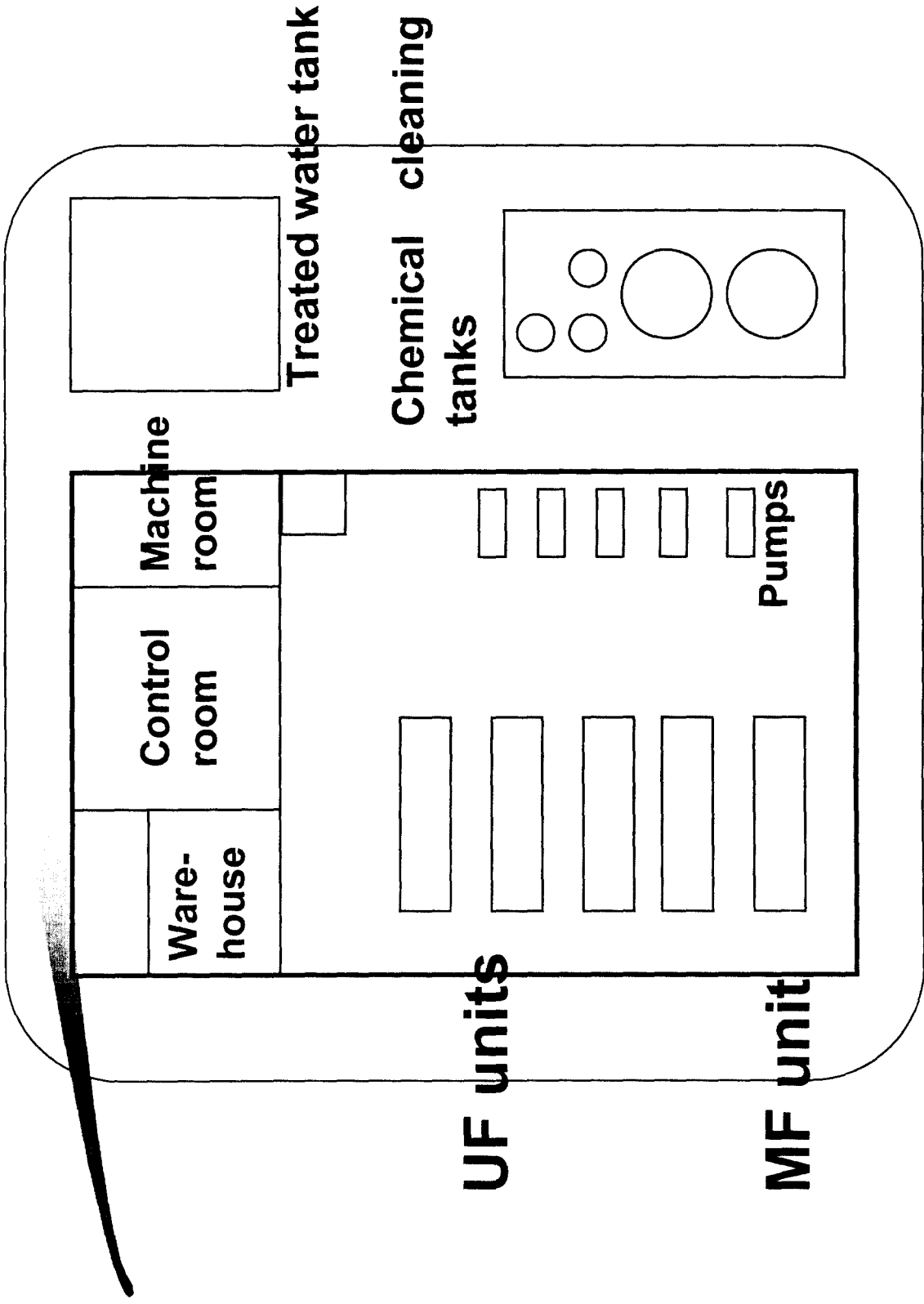
**Main UF unit and Piping**



**MF Unit**



**UF Unit**



# System Layout

# UF and MF membrane

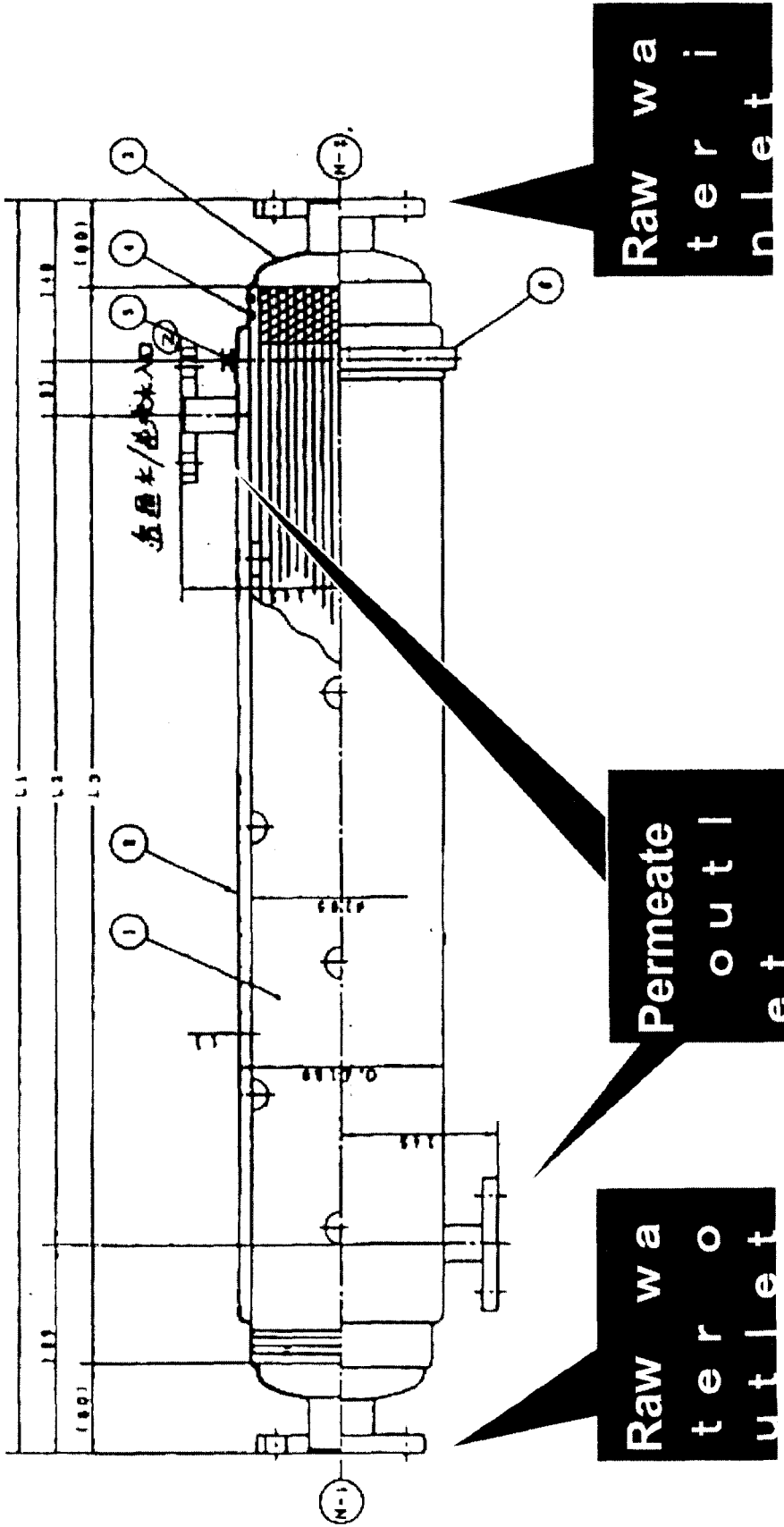


## UF Unit

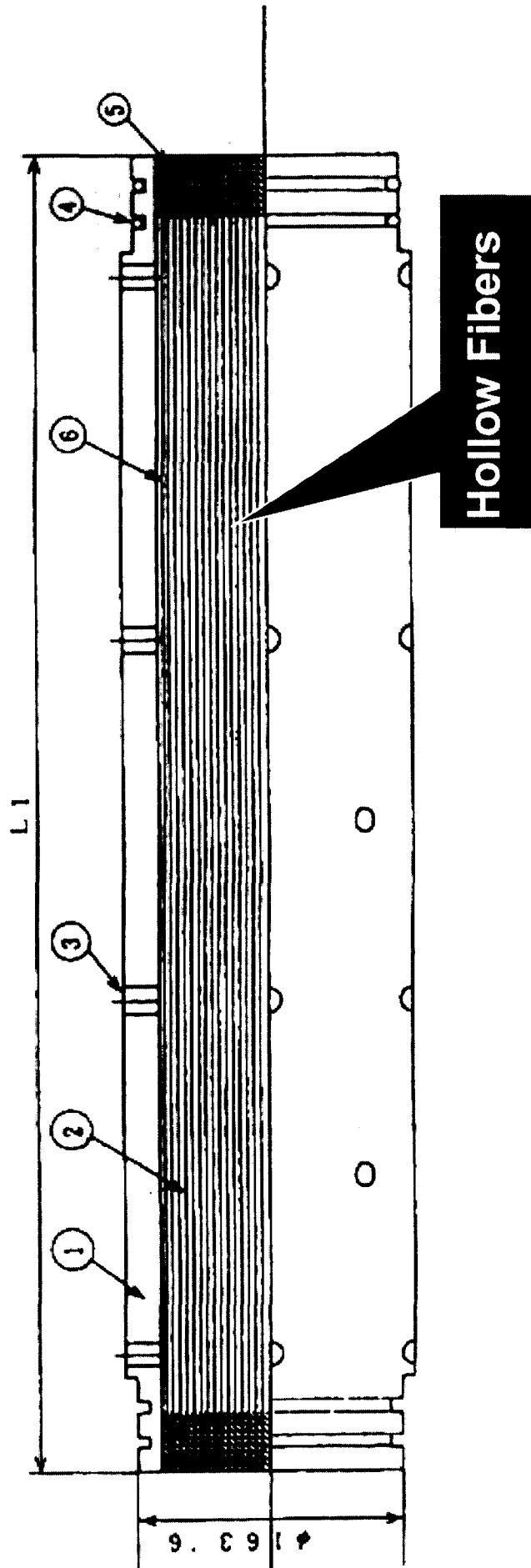
- MWCO 13,000dalton
- 23 m<sup>3</sup>/module × 100 modules
- O.D. 2mm、 I.D. 1.2mm、 L 1.8m
- Inside-out flow, Polysulfone

## MF Unit

- Average pore size 0.1 μ m
- 15 m<sup>3</sup>/module × 20 modules
- O.D. 2mm、 I.D. 0.8mm、 L 1.0m
- Outside-in flow, Polysulfone



Module Pressure Vessel



# Element Cartridge

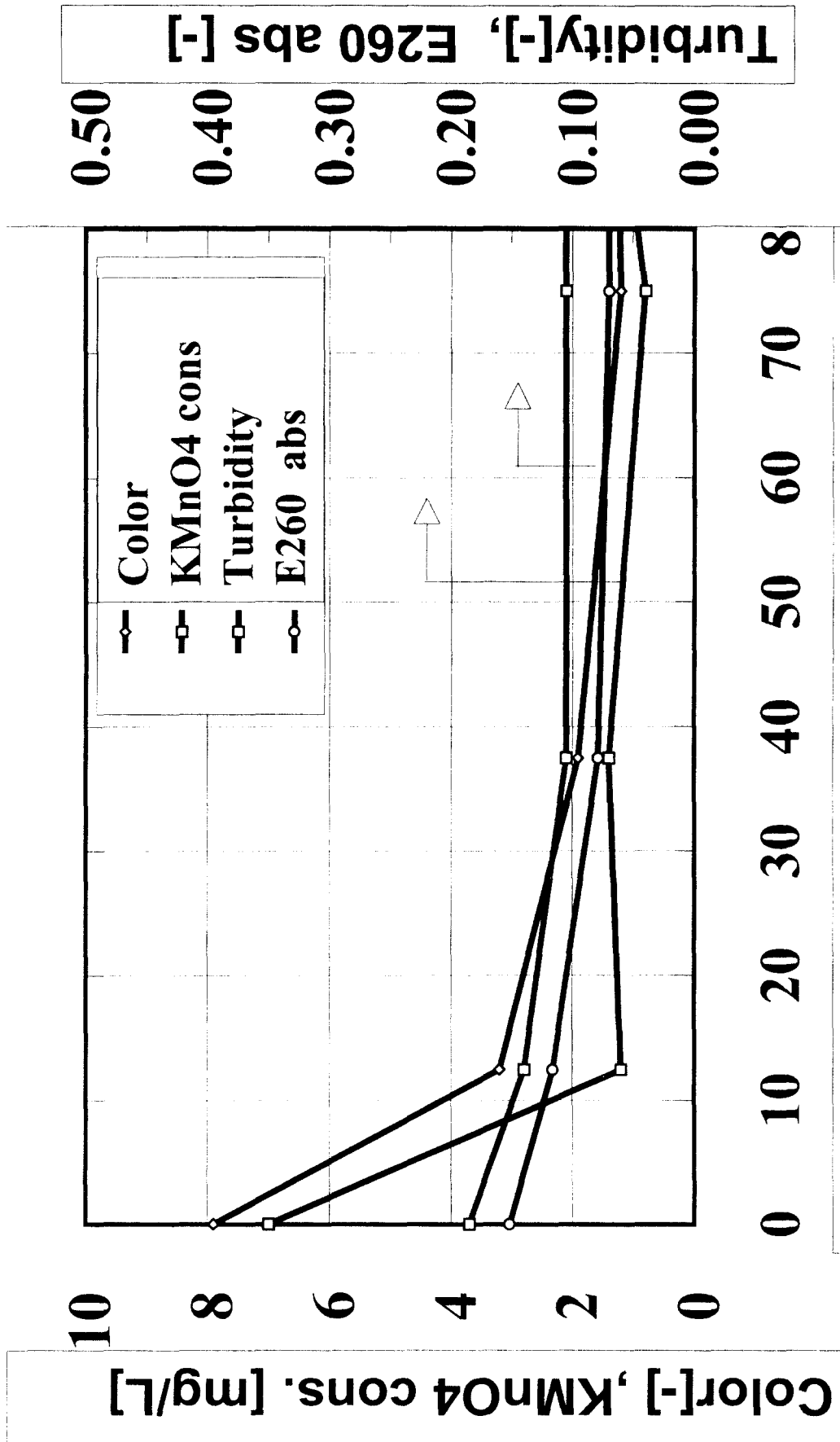
# Advantages of Kurita's Membrane System

- 1. High permeability, strength and chemical stability with Polysulfone Membrane.**
- 2. High recovery rate with Recovery MF.**
- 3. Effective Twin Port Back Wash (TPBW) and Air Scrubbing (AS).**
- 4. Low Cost Chemical Cleaning on site.**
- 5. Computer aided automatic operation.**

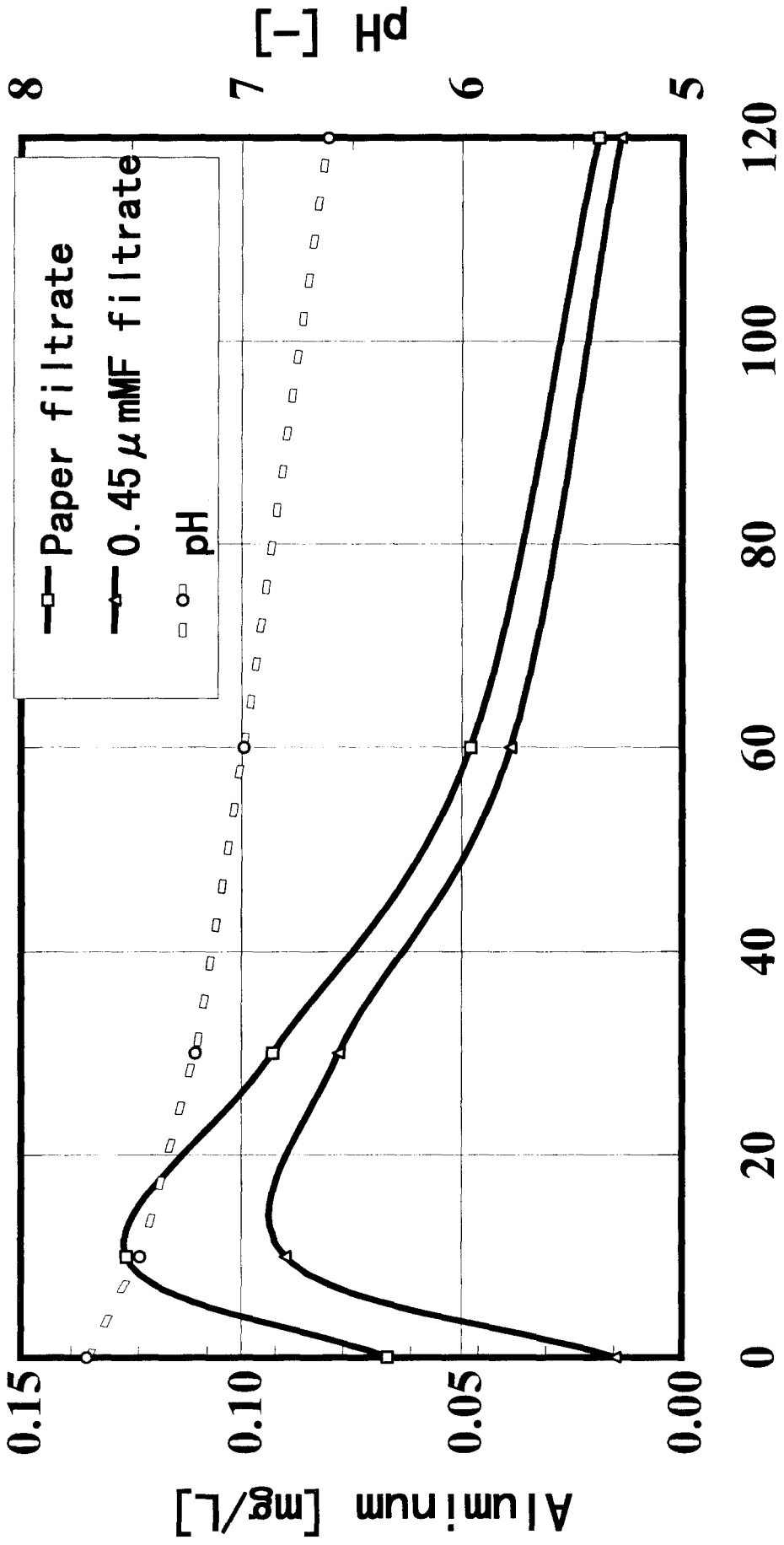


# **Pretreatment Settings**

**For stabilizing membrane filtration, it's important to remove fouling substances such as turbidity, organic compounds and colloidal aluminum with pretreatment (coagulation and sand-filtration).**



**Poly Aluminum Chloride dosage [mg-product/L]**  
**Relation between PAC dosage and Water Quality**



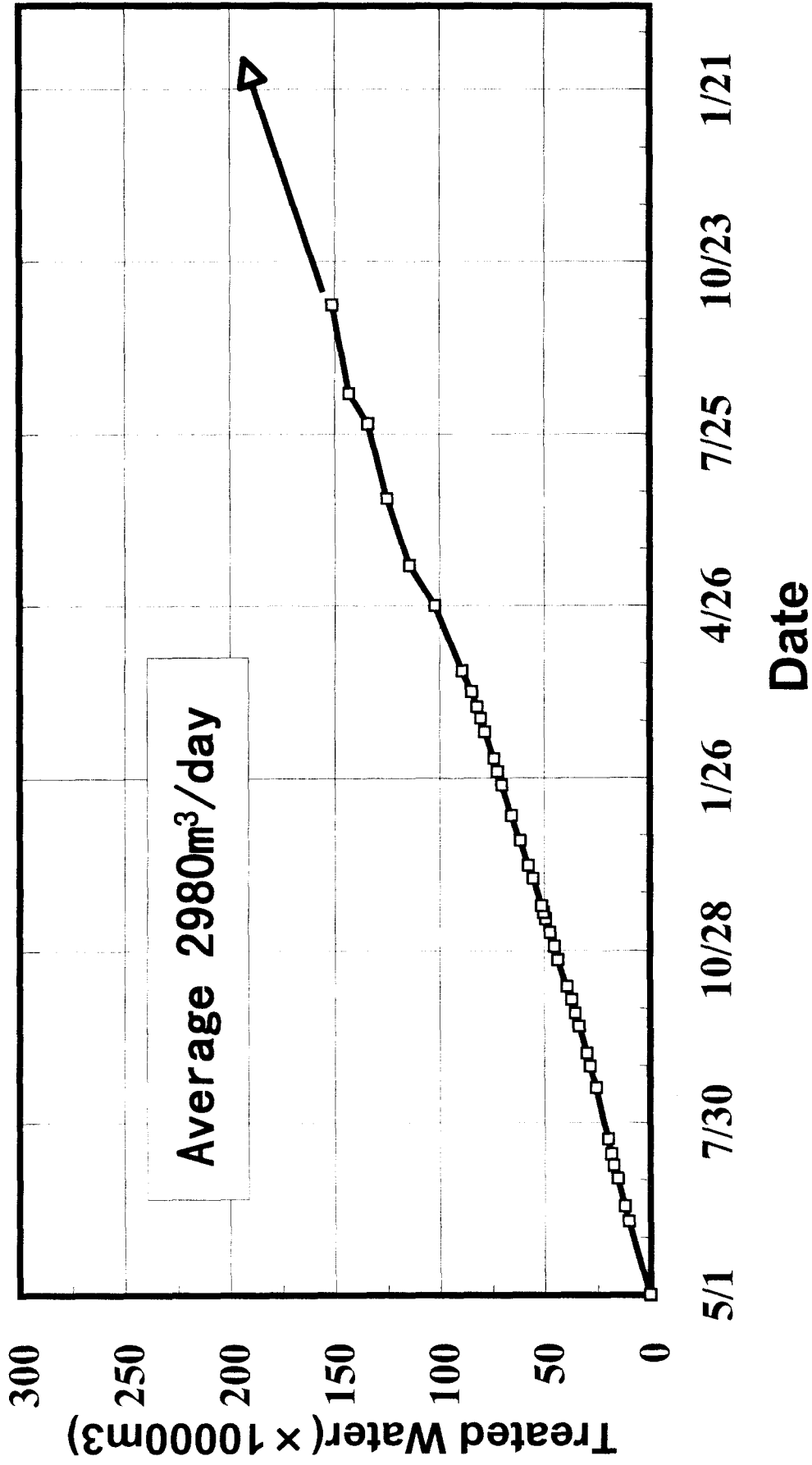
**Poly Aluminum Chloride [mg-product/L]**  
**Relation between PAC dosage and residual**  
**Aluminum**

## Water quality after Pretreatment

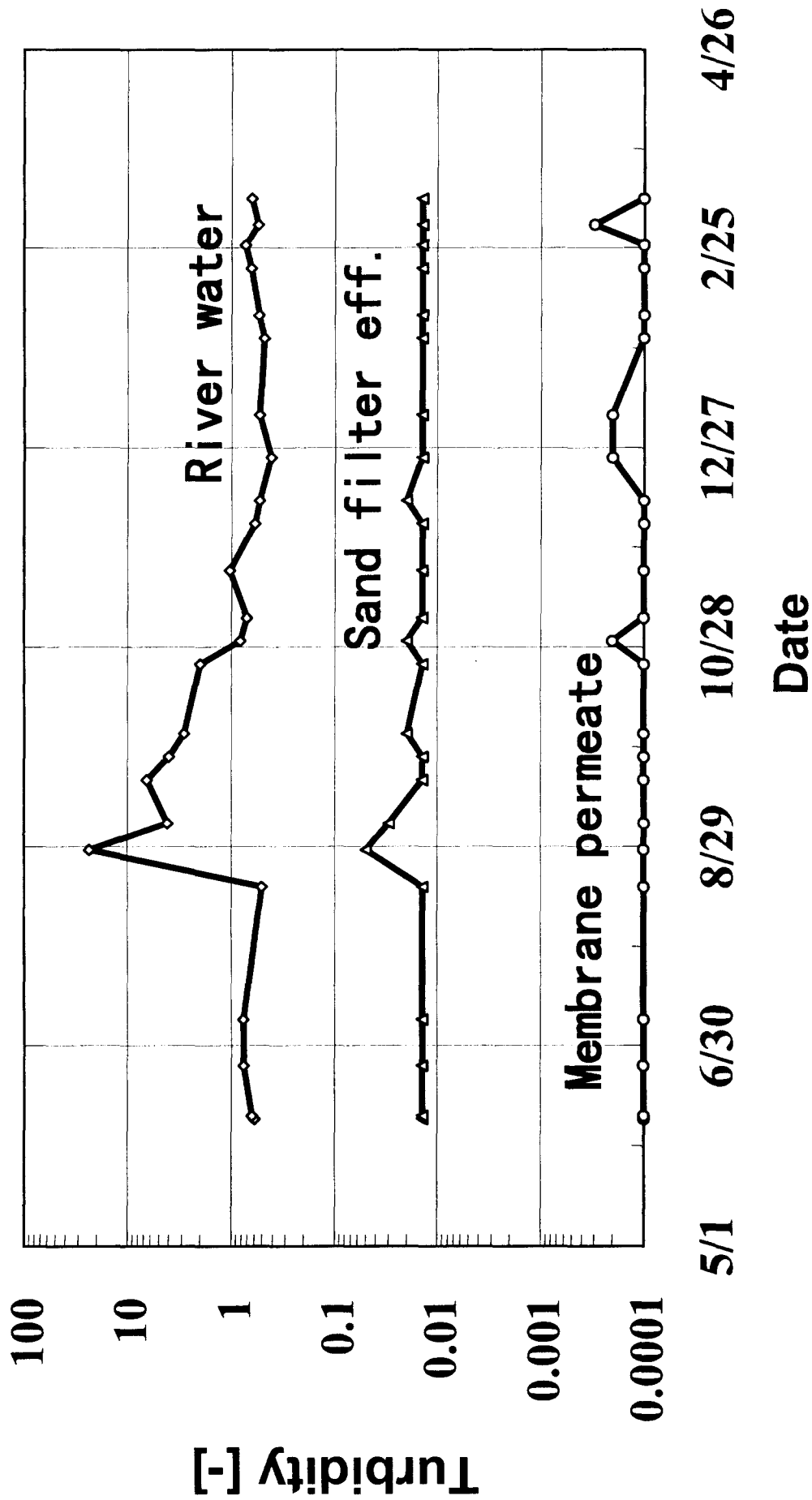
	unit	Min.	Max.	Average
pH	[ - ]	7.2	7.7	7.4
Turbidity	[ - ]	0.00	0.05	0.01
Color	[ - ]	0.00	0.30	0.10
KMnO4 consumption	[mg/L]	1.0	1.4	1.1
UV260nm absorbance	[ - ]	0.008	0.033	0.017
Total Organic Carbon	[mg/L]	0.1	0.6	0.4
Aluminum	[mg/L]	0.05	0.12	0.08

# Actual Result of Operation

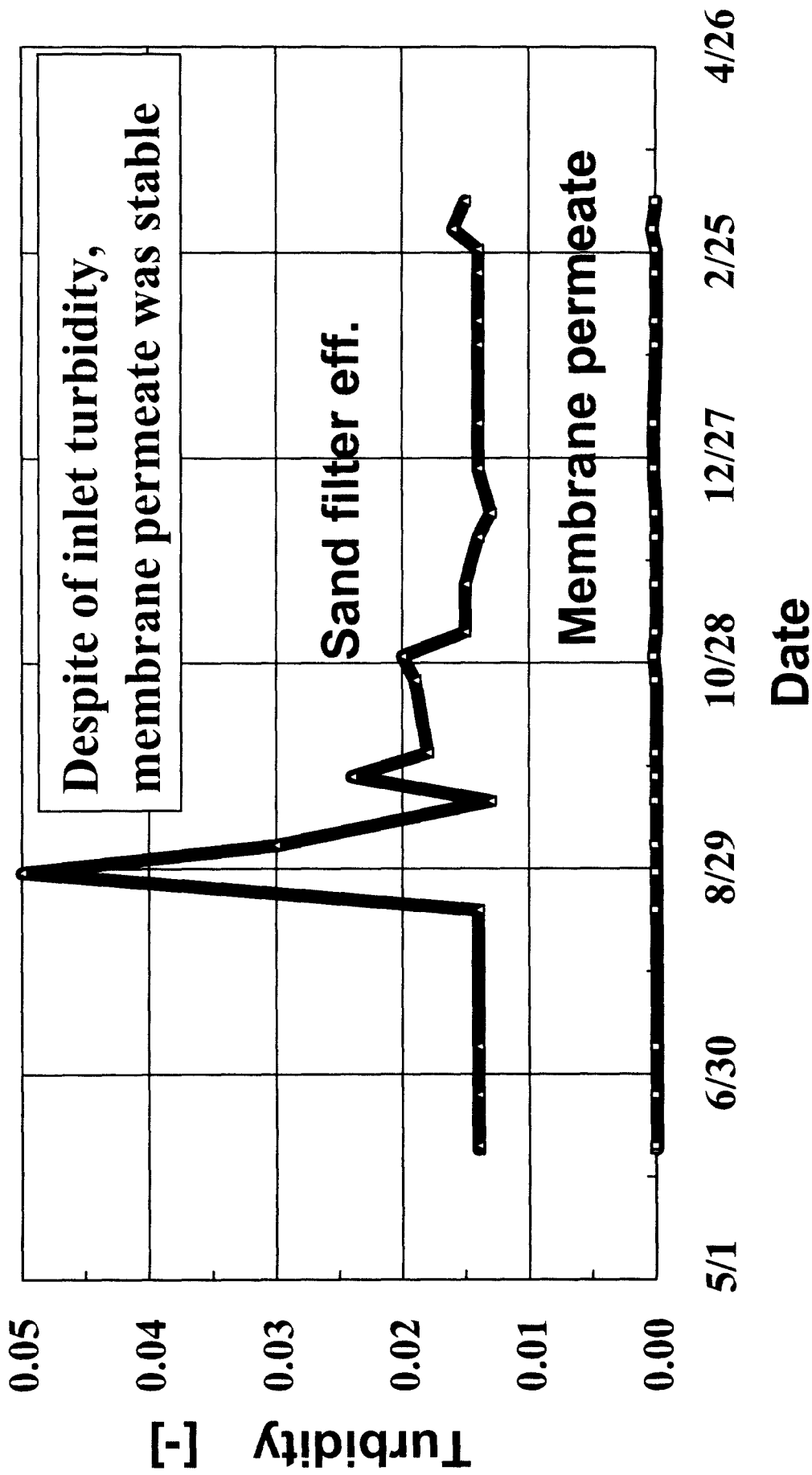
		Result	Design
2	UF permeate Flux	1.8 (ave. 1.35 )	1.8
3	MF permeate	0.8	0.8
4	FLUX Recovery Rate	99.9	99
5	BackWash cycle	100	20
6	Chemical Cleaning	0	2



**Quantity of Total Treated Water**



## Comparison of Turbidity

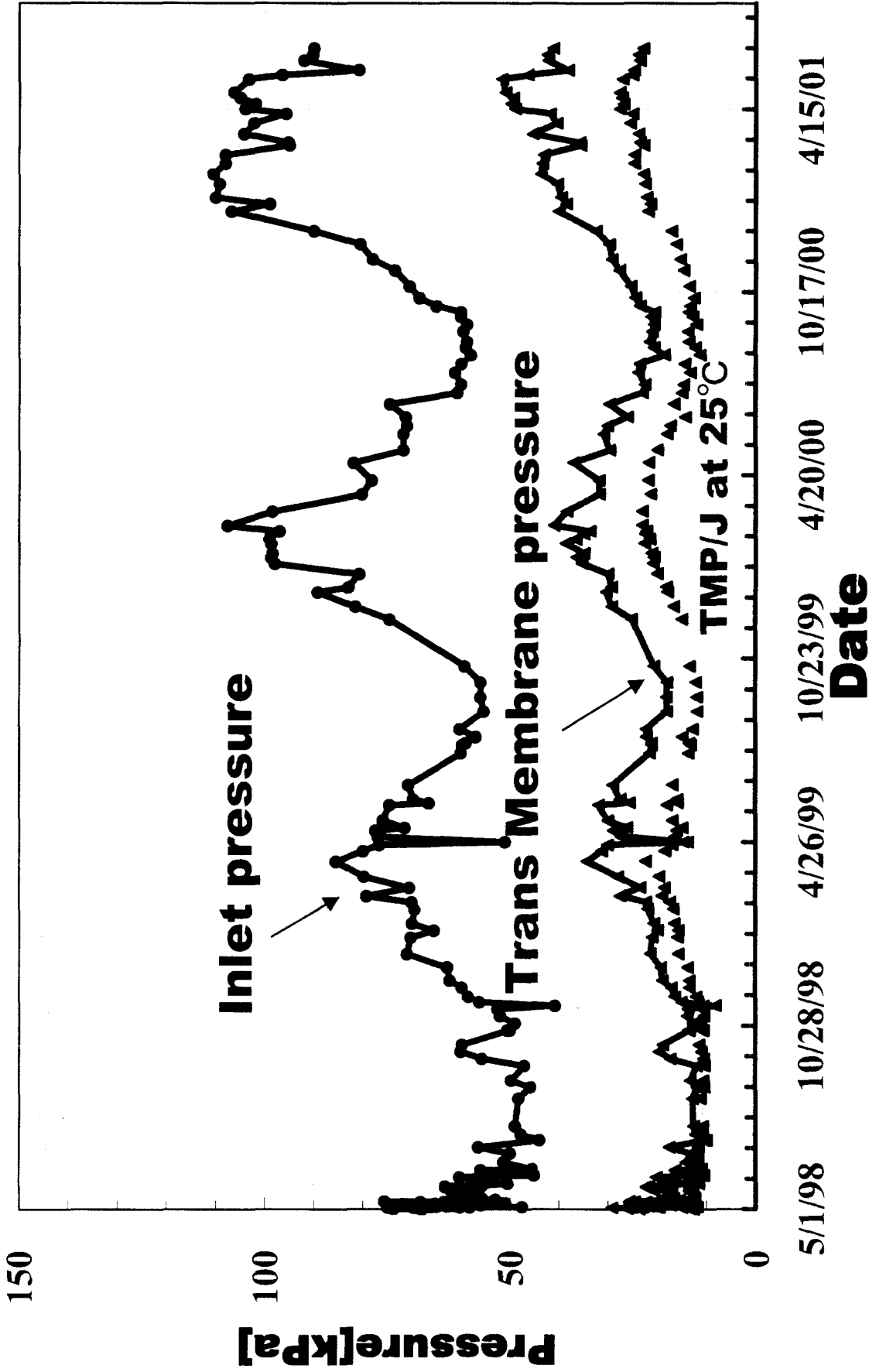


# Influence of Inlet Turbidity



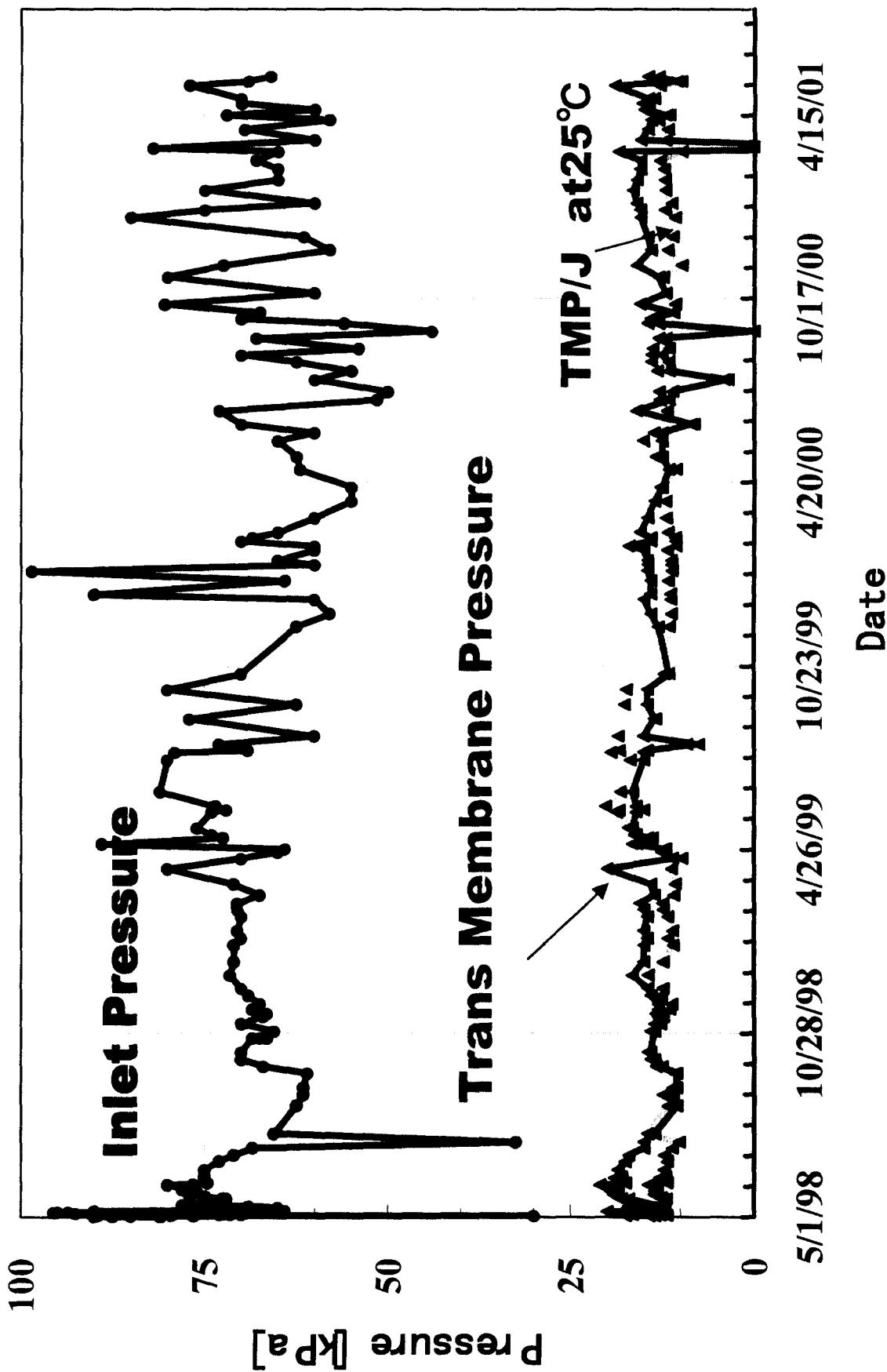
# Water Quality

<b>Average Water Quality of Each Unit</b>				
<b>Analysis</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>River Water</b>	<b>Sandfilter eff.</b>	<b>Membrane Permeate</b>
<b>Turbidity</b>	<b>[-]</b>	<b>2.3~250</b>	<b>0.015</b>	<b>0.0001</b>
<b>Color</b>	<b>[-]</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>
<b>KMnO4 consump</b>	<b>mg/L</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1.1</b>
<b>C.Oocyst</b>	<b>N /10L</b>	<b>N.D</b>	<b>N.D</b>	<b>N.D</b>

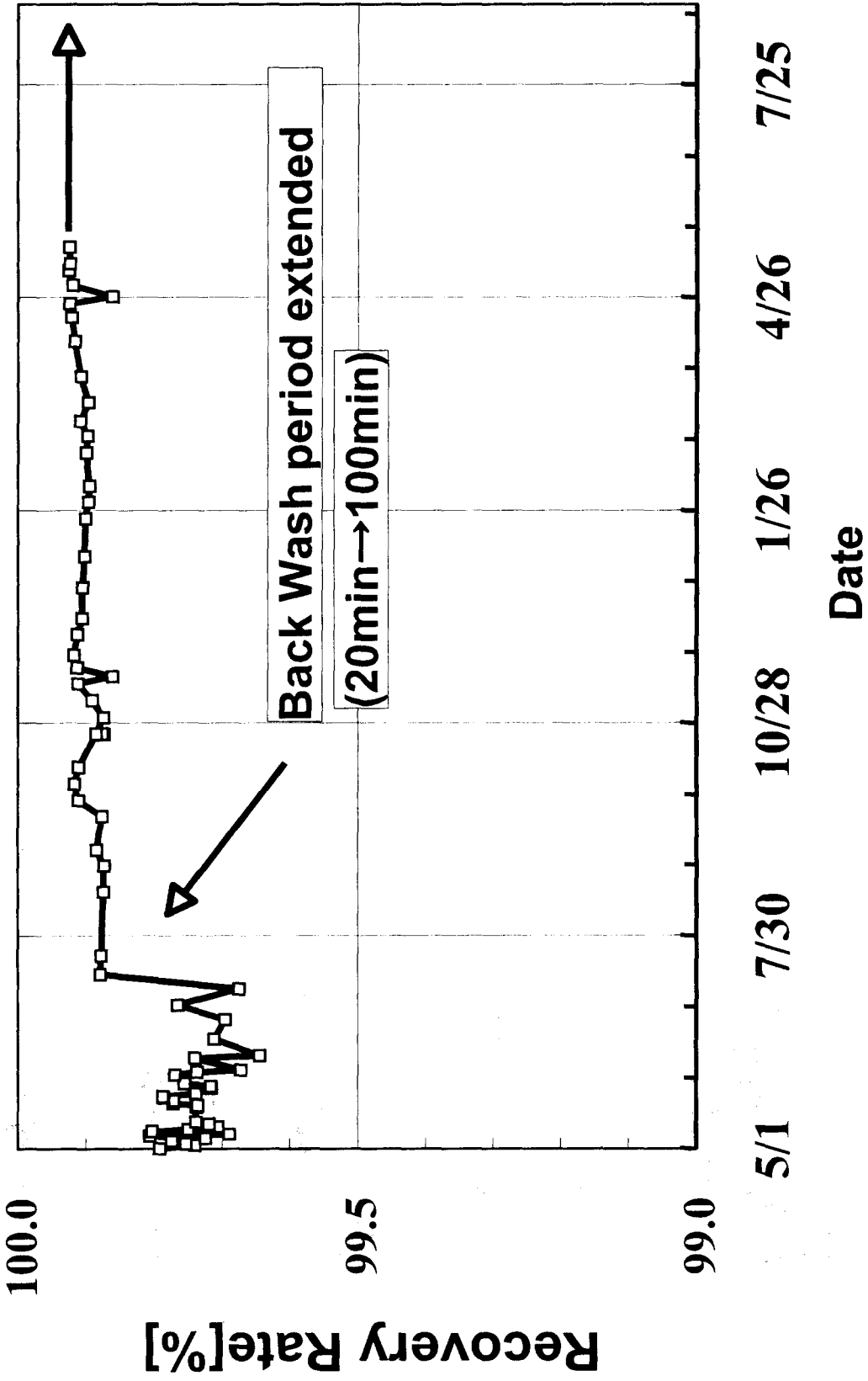


# Tendency of UF Membrane Pressure

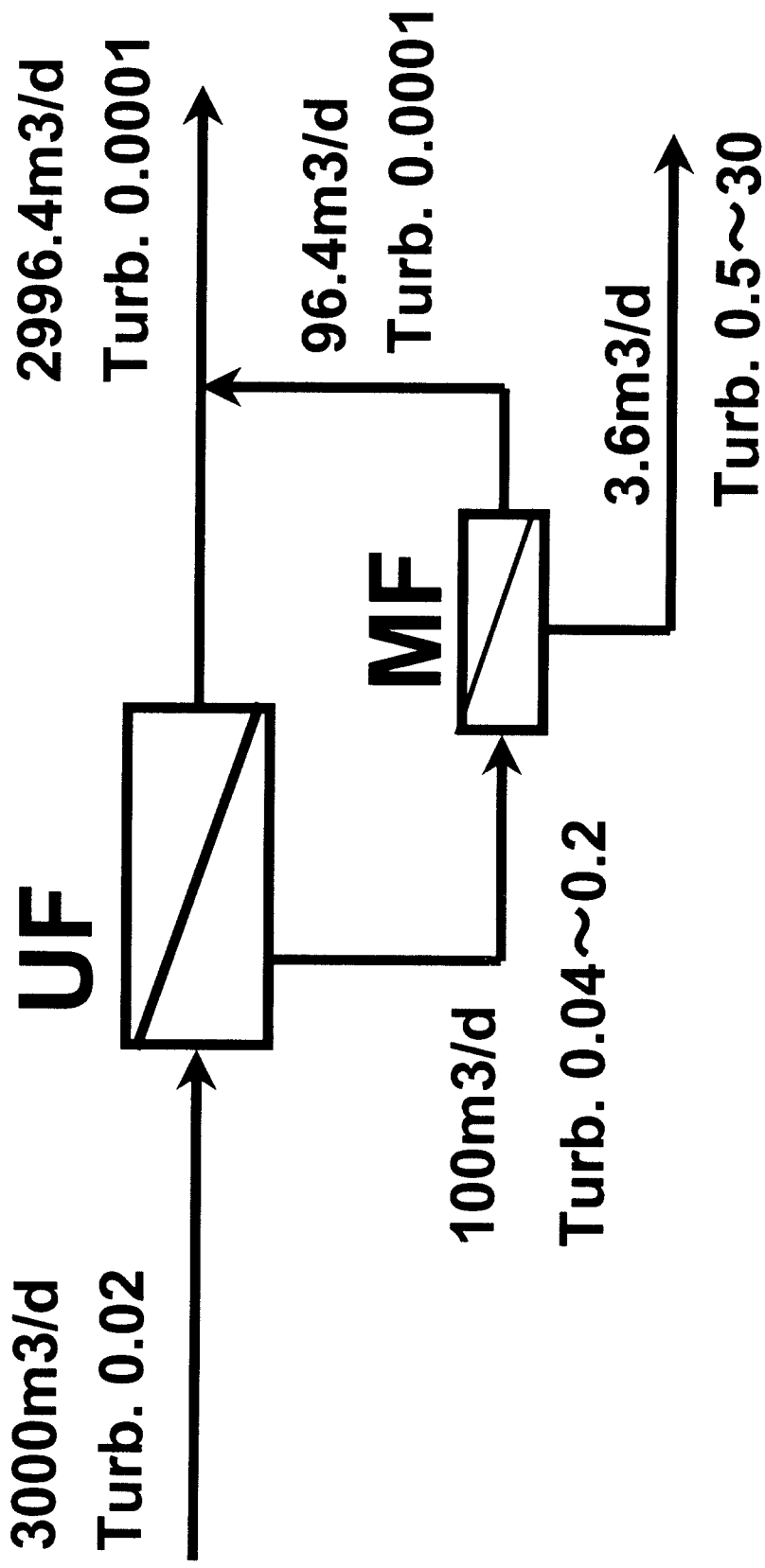




# Tendency of MF Membrane pressure



# Recovery Rate Performance



## Mass balance of Membrane Filtration

## Concentration Ratio of Back Wash Waste

Step	Recovery (%)	Conc. Ratio
UF Back Wash ① Air Scrubbing ② Back Wash with treated water	95.9	24.4
MF Back Wash 1 Back Wash with treated water	96.4	680
MF Back Wash 2 (weekly) ① Air Scrubbing ② Back Wash with treated water	96.4	680

## Actual Concentration ratio of Back Wash Waste

	UF Back Wash	MF Back Wash 1	MF Back Wash 2
Turbidity	10.0	83.8	5395.0
KMnO <sub>4</sub> consumption	1.0	1.5	2.9
TOC	1.2	2.8	3.5
UV260nm absorbance	1.3	2.6	10.8
Total iron	1.1	2.1	58.5
Total manganese	1.0	1.0	16.0
Aluminum	1.1	1.5	60.8

**680**

**680**

**24.4**

Calculated conc. ratio

This value shows that Air Scrubbing is very effective.



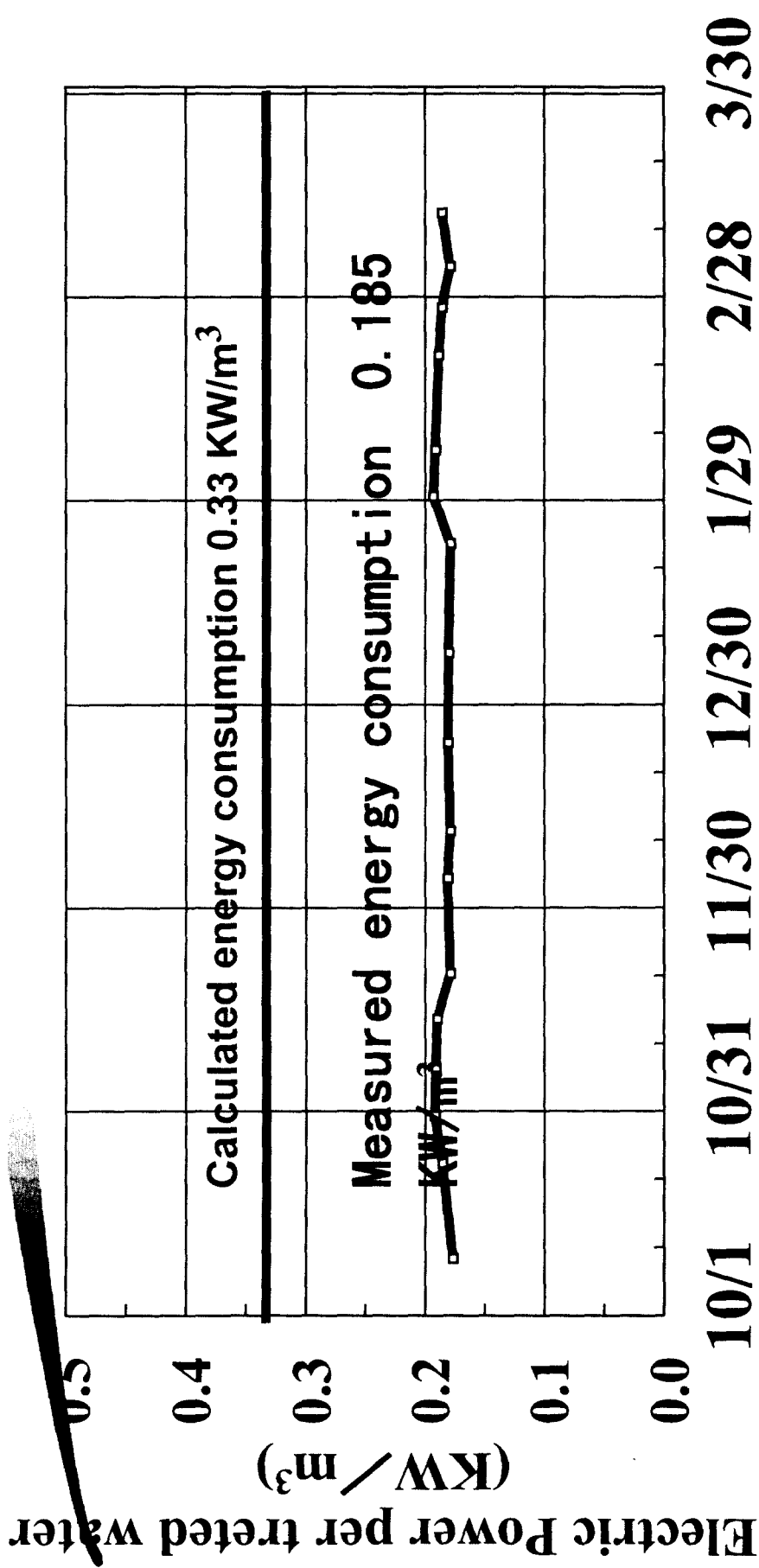
## Operation Results

- 1) Turbidity of treated water ave. 0.0001
- 2) UF flux max. 1.8 m<sup>3</sup>/m<sup>2</sup>/day
- 3) MF flux 0.8 m<sup>3</sup>/m<sup>2</sup>/day
- 4) Back Wash 100 min/cycle
- 5) Recovery rate 99.9% (membrane unit)
- 6) TMP increasing 10 kP a/year

# Maintenance

**Effective Physical Cleaning (TPBW,AS)  
and Accurate System Control realize the  
following advantages:**

- ① Low Energy Consumption.**
- ② Long-lasting Membrane life due to  
low fouling and stress.**
- ③ Long-lasting valve and machine life  
due to low rate operation.**
- ④ Reduce the load of operator.**



Date

# Energy consumption

## **Conclusion**

- 1. Constant supply of high-quality water.  
(Treated water turbidity average 0.0001)**
- 2. Effective Physical Cleaning (TPBW, AS)  
enables stable performance of membrane  
with recovery rate up to 99.9%.**
- 3. Low energy consumption and virtually  
unmanned operation.**