

**Effects of methysergide and ketanserin on the  
antidiuretic action induced by serotonin (5-HT)  
administered into vein in dog**

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This study was examined on the effects of methysergide, a 5-HT<sub>1</sub> receptor antagonist, and ketanserin, a 5-HT<sub>2</sub> receptor antagonist, for investigation on mechanism of antidiuretic action induced by serotonin (5-HT) given intravenously in dog. Antidiuretic action of 5-HT given intravenously was inhibited by methysergide administered into vein or carotid artery, but not affected by methysergide given into a renal artery and ketanserin administered into vein, a renal artery or carotid artery. These results suggest that the antidiuretic action exhibited by serotonin (5-HT) given intravenously is mediated through activation of central 5-HT<sub>2</sub> receptor in dog.