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The Feature Extraction of Welding Flaw for Shape Recognition

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Key Words : Feature Variable(), Nondestructive Test(), Shape Recognition(), Ultrasonic Inspection (), Welding Flaw ()

Abstract

In this study, natural flaws in welding parts are classified using the signal pattern classification method. The storage digital oscilloscope including FFT function and enveloped waveform generator is used and the signal pattern recognition procedure is made up the digital signal processing, feature extraction, feature selection and classifier design. It is composed with and discussed using the distance classifier that is based on euclidean distance the empirical Bayesian classifier. Feature extraction is performed using the class-mean scatter criteria. The signal pattern classification method is applied to the signal pattern recognition of natural flaws.

1. 가

가 , , 가

가 가

(slag inclusion)

(porosity)

가

(lack of fusion), (lack of penetration), 가
(crack)

†

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**

가 가

가

가 ,

Gaussian

가

(rise time), (rise slope),
 (fall time), (fall slope), (pulse duration)

2.

2.1

2.2.2

가

가

가

Fourier

가

가

가

Fourier

(1)

$$G(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(t) e^{-j2\pi\omega t} dt \quad (1)$$

2.2

(1)

(2)

$$X(k) = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(n) \cdot W_N^{kn} \quad (2)$$

$$W_N^{kn} = e^{(-j2\pi kn)/N}$$

가

N

, W_N^{kn}

가

2.2.1

가

2.3

가

(SB41)

가

Sonasppection Co, England

가

가

Table 1

가

가

Euclidean

(interclass distance)

$$D_{inter} = \frac{1}{N_1 N_2} \sum_{i=1}^{N_1} \sum_{j=1}^{N_2} D^2(x_1^i, x_2^j) \quad (3)$$

N

(intra class distance)

$$x^i \quad N-1$$

$$D_{intra} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \left[\frac{1}{(N-1)^2} \sum_{j=1}^N \sum_{k=1}^N D^2(x_i^j, x_i^k) \right] \quad (4)$$

$$R_C = \frac{D_{inter} - D_{intra}}{D_{inter}} \quad V_R = \frac{D_{intra}}{D_{inter}} \quad (5)$$

3.

3.1

Table 1 Configuration of welding flaws

Joint Method	Groove Type	Flaw Name (Specimen No)	Flaw Length [mm]	Distance from Datum [mm]
Butt Joint	V Groove	Porosity (90)	19	10
		Porosity (88)	40	250
		Slag Inclusion (89)	25	66
T Joint	K Groove	Slag Inclusion (85)	23	64
		Lack of Penetration (86)	20	15
Butt Joint	V Groove	Lack of Fusion (91)	11	30
		Side Crack (91)	21	69
		Center Crack (94)	22	25
		Toe Crack (93)	25	45
		Root Crack (92)	26	47

3.2

Fig.1

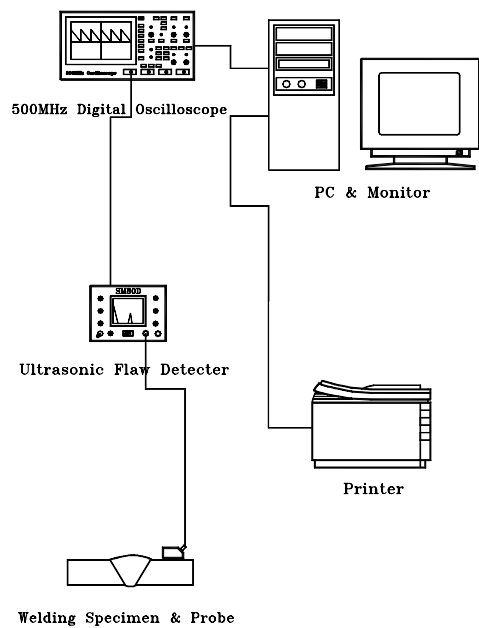


Fig. 1 Signal acquisition and processing system

5MHz
 (5Z 10×10 A70)
 70°
 SM80D
 LeCroy dual 500MHz digital oscilloscope
 100MS/s real
 time 가
 가 ,
 가 , PC
 가 .
 4.

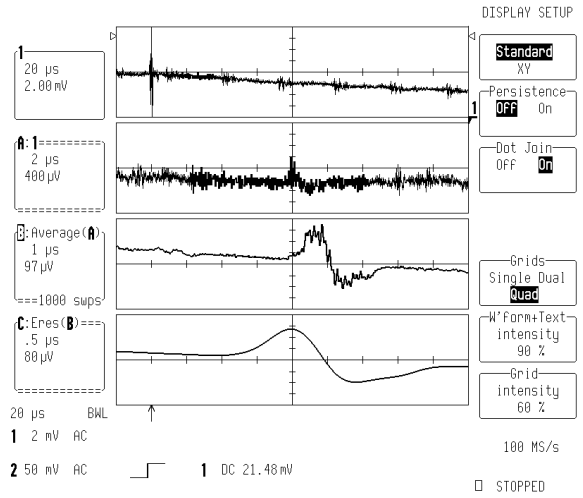


Fig. 3 Signal processing (Planar flow)

4.1

4.2

가

가

, Fig.2 Fig.3

Fig.2 Fig.3 3
 zooming

가

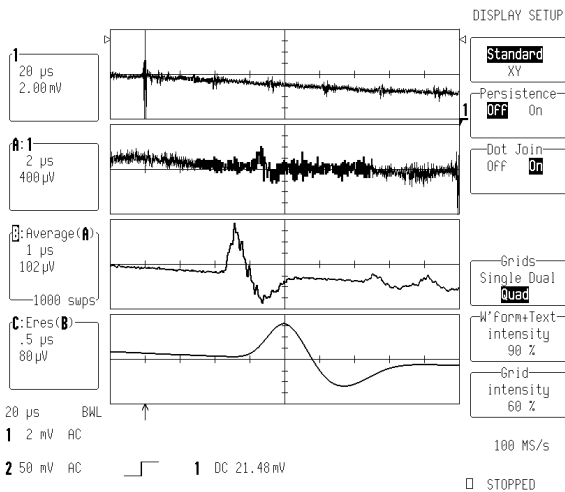


Fig. 2 Signal processing (Volumetric flow)

Fig.2 Fig.3

4

Table 2

Fig.4

Fig.7

Table 3

Table 2 Feature Variables

Welding Flaw	Rise Time [μsec]	Rise Slope [mV/μsec]	Fall Time [μsec]	Fall Slope [mV/μsec]	Pulse Duration [μsec]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Center Frequency [kHz]
Porosity Inclusion (93)	0.375	0.564	0.495	-0.725	0.773	0.680	0.808
Porosity Inclusion (85)	0.370	0.522	0.490	-0.827	0.710	0.680	0.808
Slag Inclusion (99)	0.375	0.480	0.460	-0.687	0.748	0.720	0.808
Slag Inclusion (82)	0.380	0.437	0.458	-0.823	0.740	0.740	0.808
Lack of Penetration (86)	0.569	0.196	0.475	-0.612	0.928	0.620	0.438
Lack of Fusion (91)	0.490	0.302	0.598	-0.414	0.895	0.420	0.438
Side Crack (91)	0.910	0.382	0.995	-0.623	1.075	0.380	0.438
Center Crack (94)	0.580	0.273	0.905	-0.586	0.970	0.380	0.438
Toe Crack (93)	0.910	0.295	0.950	-0.434	1.030	0.380	0.438
Root Crack (92)	0.525	0.289	0.950	-0.534	0.965	0.420	0.438

Table 3 Result of classification

Feature Variables	Intra Class Distance	Inter Class Distance	Rank Value	Classification Rate	Rank
Rise Time / Rise Slope	0.876792	0.809204	0.02979	0.927028	2
Rise Time / Pulse Duration	0.852627	0.808943	0.130972	0.999028	4
Rise Time / Bandwidth	0.135193	0.808742	0.064863	0.935334	1
Fall Time / Fall Slope	0.867496	0.819015	0.227488	0.762918	6
Fall Time / Pulse Duration	0.872486	0.811228	0.164866	0.846029	5
Fall Time / Bandwidth	0.129021	0.811628	0.083808	0.908980	3

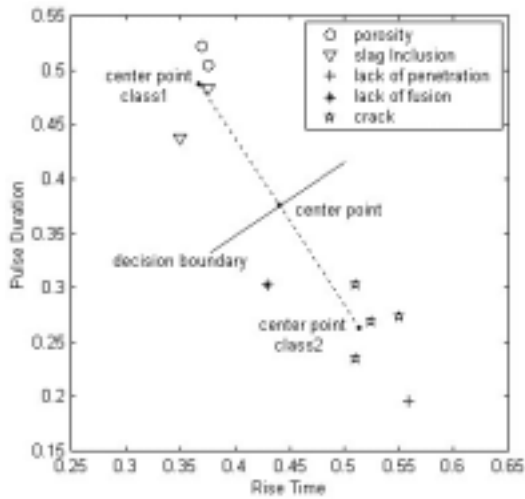


Fig. 4 Cluster plot (RT / RS)

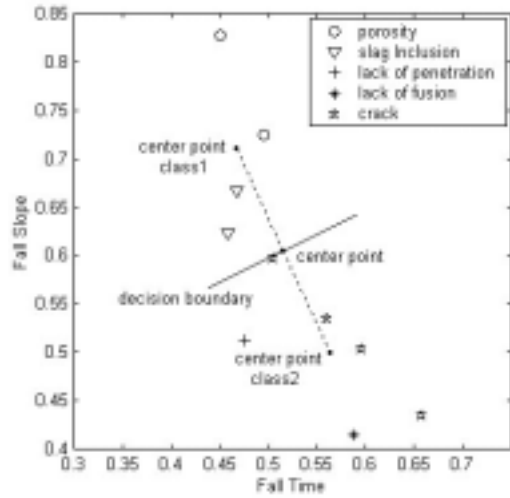


Fig. 5 Cluster plot (FT / FS)

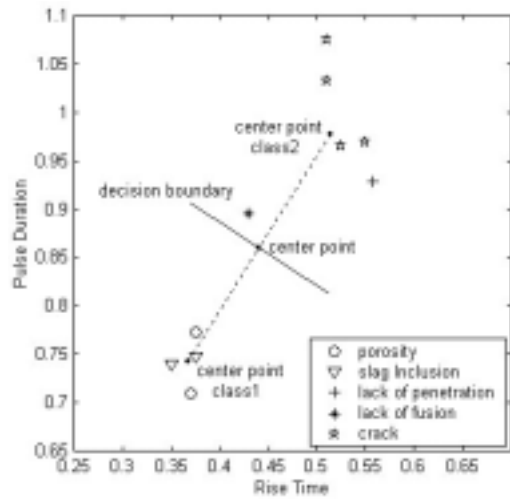


Fig. 6 Cluster plot (RT / PD)

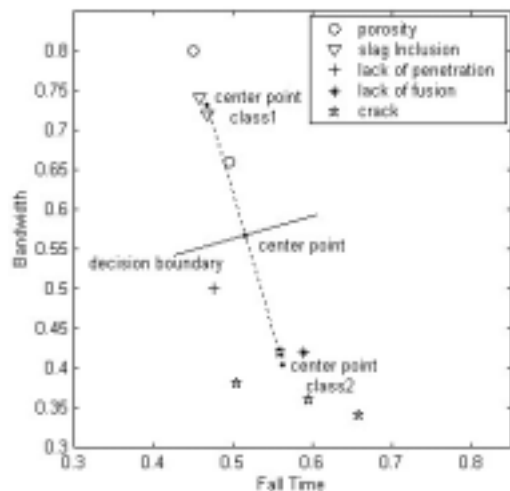


Fig. 7 Cluster plot (FT / BW)

가
가
(
60%)
,
가 , 가
.
가
5.
(1)
5
2
(2)
(3)
87.93% 가 가
가 fall time / fall slope
, 90.27%

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