

DNA Chip

Microarrayer

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Development of Microarrayer for DNA Chips

Suk-Yoel KIM, Nam-Su Jung, Jae-Sung Im and Sang-Bong KIM

Key Words: 3-Axis Robot(3), Bio Chip(), DNA Chip(DNA)
Microarrayer(), Microarray()

Abstract

Microarrayer makes DNA chip and microarray that contain hundreds to thousands of immobilized DNA probes on surface of a microscope slide. This paper shows the development results for a printing type of microarrayer. It realizes a typical, low-cost and efficient microarrayer for generating low density microarray. The microarrayer is developed by using a robot of three-axes perpendicular type. It is composed of a computer-controlled three-axes robot and a pen tip assembly. The key component of the arrayer is the print-head containing the tips to immobilize cDNA, genomic DNA or similar biological material on glass surface. The robot is designed to automatically collect probes from two 96-well plates with up to 32 tips at the same time. To prove the performance of the developed microarrayer, the general water types of inks such as black, blue and red. The inks are distributed at proper positions of 96 well plates and the three color inks are immobilized on the slide glass under the operation procedure. As the result of the test, it can be shown that it has sufficient performance for the production of low integrated DNA chip consisted of 96 spots within 1 cm^2 area.

1.

DNA(Deoxyribonucleic acid)

DNA

southern blotting Northern blotting, PCR

가

(1).

가
가

†

가 가

E-mail : suguri@dreamwiz.com

TEL : (051)620-1606 FAX : (051)621-1411

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microarray

DNA chip

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가 (2)-(6).

DNA Chip Fig. 1

RNA slide glass (labeling) probe DNA
 target DNA
 (hybridization) 가
 DNA chip

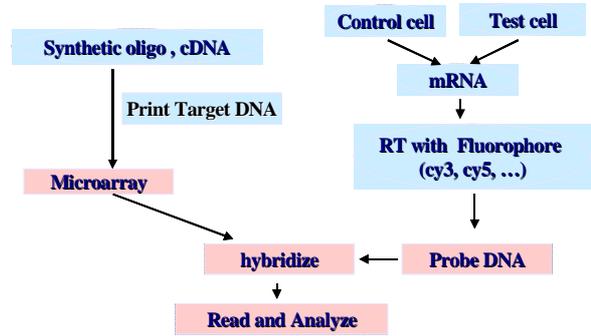


Fig. 1. Microarraying procedure for DNA chips.

2.

2.1

Microarrayer Fig. 2,3

tip DSP(Digital Signal Processor),

DNA tip probe , tip

spot Z

tip

plate 가 Probe 96 well probe , 192 , 6

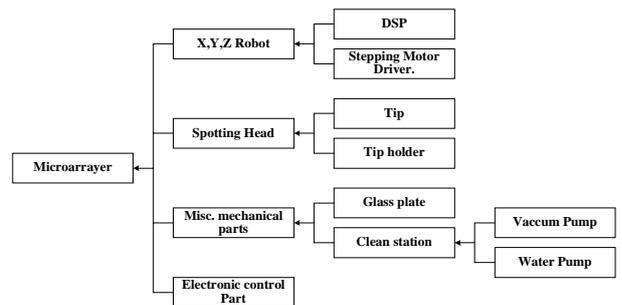


Fig. 2. Hardware configuration of the developed microarrayer.

DNA Chip Telechem, Hyseq, Affymatrix, Genetic

Micro 2010 400

DNA Chip

DNA Chip 450 가

DNA chip , 10

DNA chip 1 가 , 가 microarrayer 가

microarrayer DNA chip system

DNA chip 가

system 가

DNA chip system 3 microarray

가 Microarrayer .



Fig. 3. General view of microarrayer system.

2.2

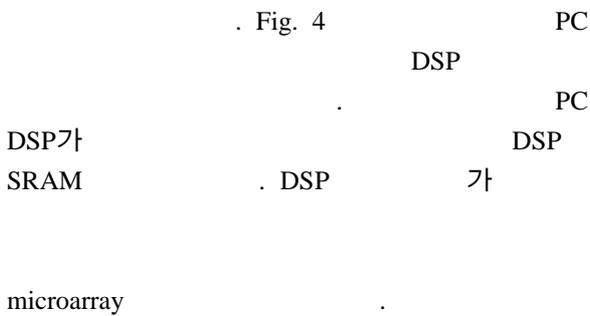


Fig. 4. The flowchart of microarraying procedure.

2.3

TMS320C32

32
 DSP TMS320C32
 DSP
 TMS320C32
 DMA(Direct Memory Access) , 2
 32 , 1 , 3
 (bus control register)
 가 .
 RS-232C , stepping motor ,
 가 가
 가 .
 Microarrayer PC
 DSP
 DSP microarrayer 가 .



Fig. 5. DSP(Digital Signal Processor) board

Fig.5. Table 1.

DSP , DSP

Table 1. The signals of input/output port

Input		Output	
Contents	No.	Contents	No
Limit switch	6	Control signal for stepping motor	9
Photo sensor	3		
Power switch	1		
Reset switch	1	Water pump	1
Pause switch	1	Vacuum pump	1
Distance sensor	1	Buzzer	1

2.4
Microarrayer

가
가
가 Table 3.
microarrayer

Microarrayer

가
spotting

가
가

Fig.6.

Table 3. The specification of stepping motor and motor driver

Stepping motor	
Contents	Units
Number of phases	2phase
Step angle	1.8°
Input Voltage	12V
Current	0.4A
Holding torque	3.2kgf · cm
Stepping motor driver	
Maximum input frequency	40kHz
Maximum voltage	46V
Maximum current	6A

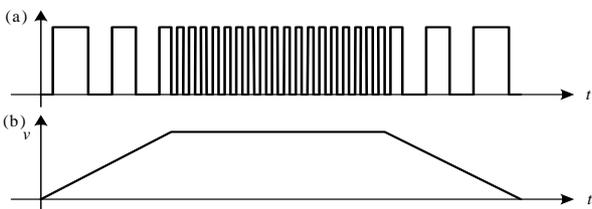


Fig.6. The relation between frequency and velocity

2.5 3
Microarrayer 3

tip, , base plate
Fig. 7.

가

3
가 Base
plate 2 96well-plate가 192
spot ,
7 가
3 X,Y,Z
stepping motor



Fig. 7. The developed microarrayer

2.6 Tip Tip holder

Tip Tip holder microarrayer
probe
spot
probe

Fig. 8 pin type tip , tip

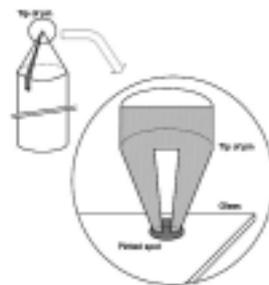


Fig. 8. Schematic representation of spotting tip

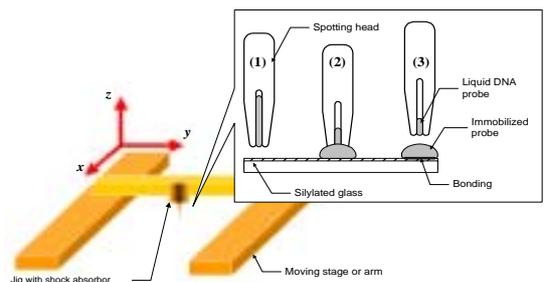


Fig. 9. Spotting mechanism using the tip.

Fig. 9 spotting

(2) Z (2) (3) Z

가
DNA probe
tip

Fig.10.

spot
glass

Tip

Z

Tip

Tip Tip holder

가

가

spotting

가



Fig. 10. The tip for test

2.7

Fig. 11

microarrayer

probe
tip

Silylated glass DNA
96well base plate
DNA probe

가
가

가

Fig. 12. Slide glass 96-well plate

가

Probe

가

가

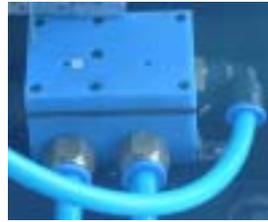


Photo 7. The shape of clean station

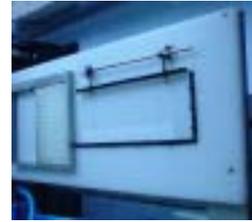


Photo 8. The shape of base plate

3.

3.1

microarrayer

가

()

, 96 well plate

Photo. 9 spotting microarray
spot 96(12×8)



Fig. 11. An example of microarray printed by tip

3.2

2

Fig. 12.

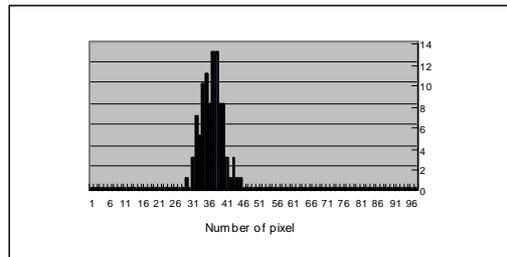


Fig. 12. The histogram.

spot

1cm² 96 spot
DNA chip
가

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\phi\sigma}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} \quad (1)$$

Z 가 a, b

$$P(a \leq Z \leq b) = \int_a^b f(x) dx \quad (2)$$

a, b

Spot

Spot

spot 가

ChipMaker4

$$S_{ave} = 125 \mu m \quad (3), \quad S_{max} = 130 \mu m \quad (4)$$

$$S_{min} = 120 \mu m \quad (5)$$

Q_{ave} 가 37 38

가 가

Q_{min}

37

Q_{max}

38

(6), (7), (8)

$$\frac{\pi \left(\frac{S_{ave}}{2} \right)^2}{Q_{ave}} - \frac{\pi \left(\frac{S_{min}}{2} \right)^2}{Q_{min}} - \frac{\pi \left(\frac{S_{max}}{2} \right)^2}{Q_{max}} \quad (6)$$

$$Q_{min} = \frac{Q_{ave} \pi \left(\frac{S_{min}}{2} \right)^2}{\pi \left(\frac{S_{ave}}{2} \right)^2} = 34.0992 \approx 34 \quad (7)$$

$$Q_{max} = \frac{Q_{ave} \pi \left(\frac{S_{max}}{2} \right)^2}{\pi \left(\frac{S_{ave}}{2} \right)^2} = 41.1008 \approx 41 \quad (8)$$

(2) Q_{min}, Q_{max}

$$P(Q_{min} \leq Z \leq Q_{max}) = 0.704922 \quad (9)$$

(9)

70%

spot

detector

가

70%

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