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# Compliant Stage for Nano Patterning Machine

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**Key Words :** Nano pattern( ), Nano imprint( ), Lithography( ),  
Compliant stage ( )

## Abstract

The nano imprint process is one of the next generation lithography has been mentioned as one of major nanoreplication techniques because it is simple process, low cost, high replication fidelity and relatively high throughput. This process requires a surface contact between a template with patterns and a wafer on a stage. After contact, the vertical moving the template to the wafer causes some directional motions of the stage. Thus the stage must move according to the motions of the template to avoid the damage of the transferred patterns on the wafer. This study is to develop the wafer stage with a passive compliance to overcome the damage. This stage is designed with the concept like that it has a monolithic, symmetry and planar 6-DOF mechanism.

1.

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IT NT

1995

Chou

가

가

ArF

100

nm

, 2007

45 nm

(1).

, 10 nm

가

6

(Imprint lithography)

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2.

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2.1

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Fig.1

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(2).

(Transfer layer)

\*

(Quartz)

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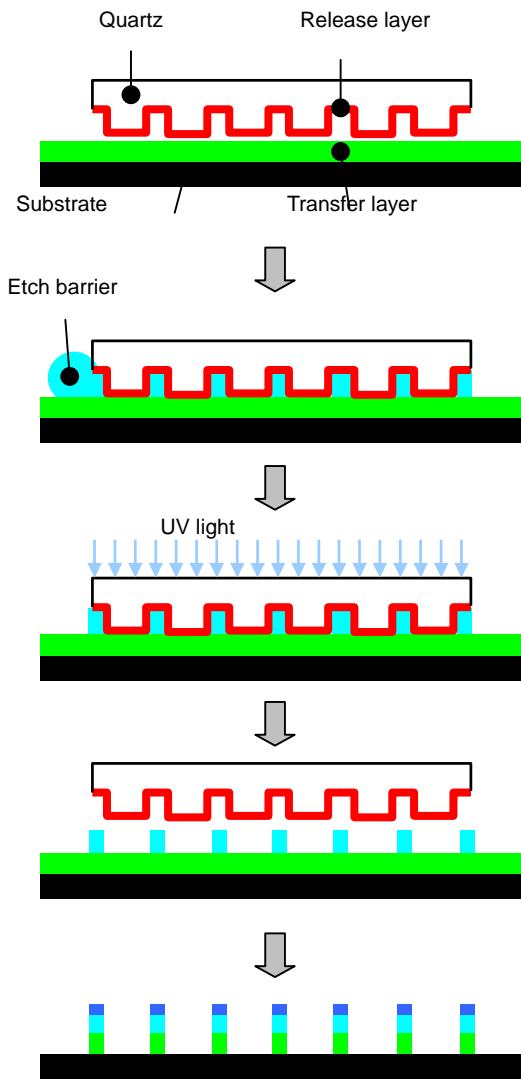


Fig. 1 Conceptual diagram for the process of a nano imprint lithography

2.2

Fig. 2

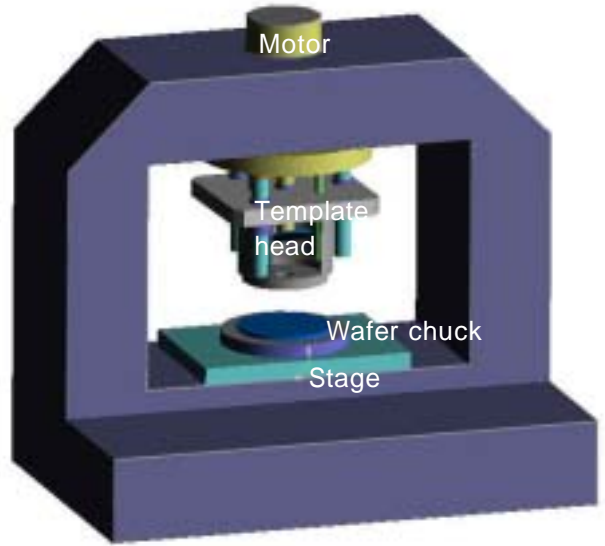


Fig. 2 Structure of a nano imprint machine

3.

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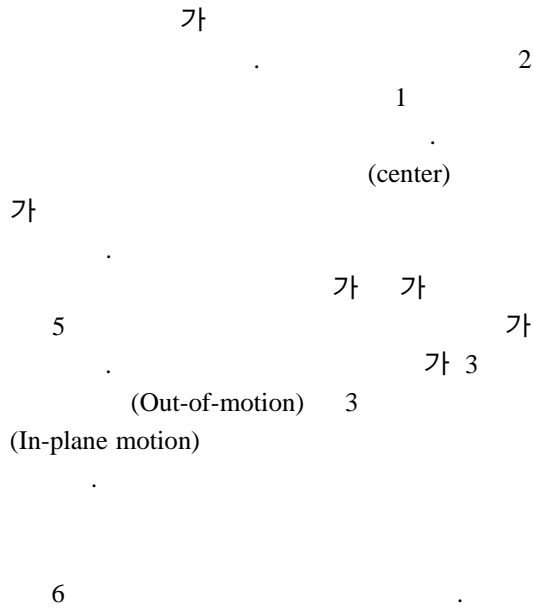


Fig. 3

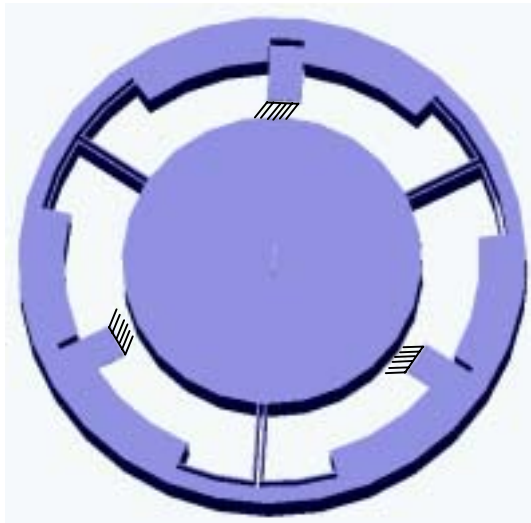
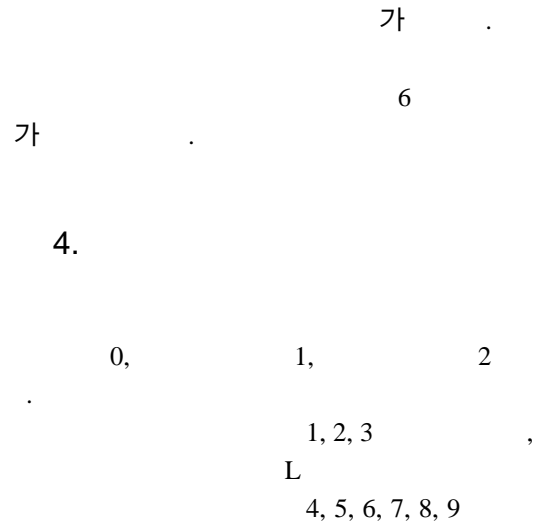
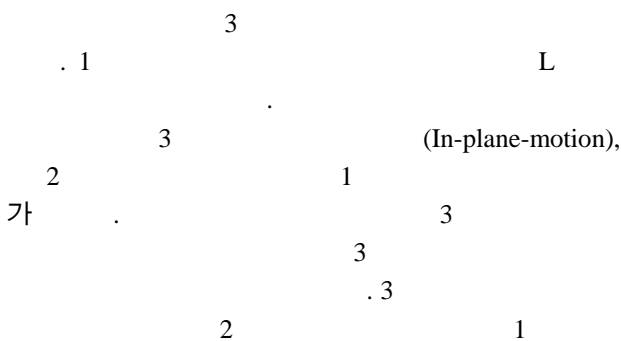


Fig. 3 Structure of a stage with flexure

Fig. 3



$$\mathbf{M}\ddot{\mathbf{q}} + \mathbf{K}\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{0} \quad (1)$$

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{M}_1 & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{M}_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (2)$$

$$\mathbf{M}_i = \text{dia} [m_i \quad m_i \quad m_i \quad I_{xi} \quad I_{yi} \quad I_{zi}] \quad (3)$$

$$\mathbf{K} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K}_{11} & -\mathbf{K}_{12} \\ -\mathbf{K}_{21} & \mathbf{K}_{22} \end{bmatrix} \quad (4)$$

$$\mathbf{K}_{11} = \sum_{j=1}^9 \tilde{\mathbf{D}}_{1j} \tilde{\mathbf{K}}_j \tilde{\mathbf{D}}_{1j}^T \quad (5)$$

$$\mathbf{K}_{22} = \sum_{j=1}^9 \tilde{\mathbf{D}}_{2j} \tilde{\mathbf{K}}_j \tilde{\mathbf{D}}_{2j}^T \quad (6)$$

$$\mathbf{K}_{12} = \mathbf{K}_{21} = \sum_{j=4}^9 \tilde{\mathbf{D}}_{1j} \tilde{\mathbf{K}}_j \tilde{\mathbf{D}}_{2j}^T \quad (7)$$

$$\mathbf{D}_{ij} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -d_z & d_y \\ d_z & 0 & -d_x \\ -d_y & d_x & 0 \end{bmatrix}_i \quad (8)$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{K}}_i = \begin{bmatrix} {}^o\mathbf{R}_{O_{si}} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & {}^o\mathbf{R}_{O_{si}} \end{bmatrix} \tilde{\mathbf{K}}_{si} \begin{bmatrix} {}^o\mathbf{R}_{O_{si}} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & {}^o\mathbf{R}_{O_{si}} \end{bmatrix}^T \quad (9)$$

**D**

$\tilde{\mathbf{K}}_{si}$   $i$  (stiffness)

${}^o\mathbf{R}_{O_{si}}$   $i$

(1)~(9)

$$f = [66.7 \quad 66.7 \quad 64.5 \quad 1298 \quad 1298 \quad 114.5] \quad (10)$$

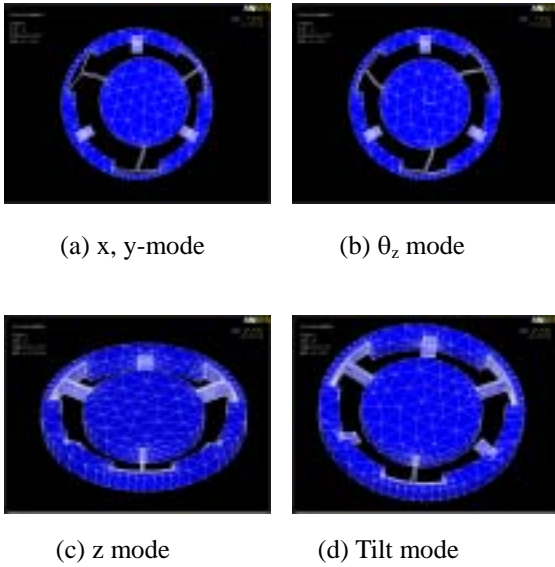
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Fig. 4



- (1) J. Taniguchi, I. Miyamoto, M. Komuro, and S. Matsui, 2002, "Recent Trend of Nanoimprint Technique", 가 , Vol.46, No.6, pp.282-285
- (2) B. J. Choi, S. Johnson, M. Colburn, S. V. Sreenivasan and C. G. Willson, 1999, "Design of Template Alignment Stages for Step & Flash Imprint Lithography," Prof of ASPE 1999 Annual Meeting.

Fig. 4 Simulation results of modal analysis

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FEM

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