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## A Study on the Application and Development of Automatic Design Program

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**Key Words:** Object-oriented( ), Automatic Design System( ), Rapid prototype( ),

### Abstract

This study is described about development method and application of developed automatic design program. Automatic design program is the object-oriented program which based on mathematical algorithm. Automatic design program can do mathematic operation according to program contents. Also it can do modeling of shape. Shape modeling method is based on mathematical and geometrical algorithm. And created models can generate NC manufacturing program from CAM software. Also STL file format that is changed form created models can do RP manufacturing.

1. AutoCAD VisualLISP

CAD/CAM (Surface model) 3 (Solid model)

ADS VisualLISP

2) AutoLISP

Tavakoli 3)

4) AutoCAD

Choi 6)

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7) , Sevenler  
2  
3

ActiveX ActiveX control, ActiveX script, ActiveX document  
ActiveX control ActiveX  
OLE(object linking and embedding)

CAD/CAM  
3

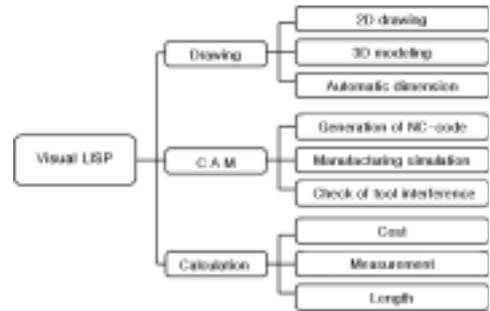


Fig. 2 Flowchart of possible working using VisualLISP

2.

2.1 VisualLISP

AutoCAD Release 2.1 VisualLISP 1980 AutoLISP

Fig. 2 VisualLISP AutoCAD

가  
가  
VisualLISP

가  
, Drawing 가  
2D 3D

LISP , ActiveX , Visual

가  
CAM VisualLISP CAM ADS



Fig. 1 Flowchart of ActiveX objects interface

Fig. 1 AutoCAD  
ActiveX

3D 가  
CAM Drawing NC CAM  
가 NC  
가  
CAM  
AutoCAD

Visual Basic Delphi , VBA(Visual basic application)  
AutoCAD, MS Word Excel

가  
ActiveX  
Excel, C++ Java



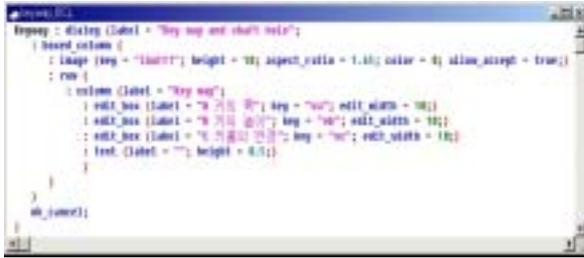


Fig. 5 DCL program for key way and shaft hole

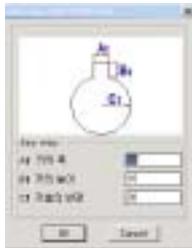


Fig. 6 Dialog box of key way and shaft hole using VisualLISP

Fig. 5

DCL

DCL

Fig. 6

Fig. 7

Fig. 4

Fig. 8

가

AutoCAD



Fig. 7 Automatic design program

for key way and shaft hole

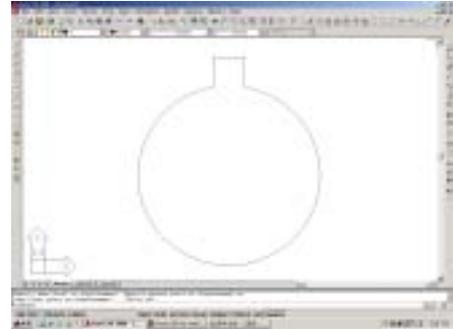


Fig. 8 Key way and shaft hole model using automatic design program

3.

3.1

Fig. 9

가

Fig. 10

3

Fig. 9

가

KS

(pitch)

OK

3

3

1), 2)

3)

$\lambda$

,  $l$

,  $r$

$$x = r \cos \theta$$

$$y = r \sin \theta$$

$$z = r \theta \tan \lambda$$

1)

$$\lambda = \tan^{-1} \frac{l}{\pi D}$$

2)

KS

3D 가  
 3D 가  
 KS , 가  
 3D 가  
 가 가  
 가  
 KS 가  
 AutoCAD



Fig. 9 Dialog box of screw using VisualLISP

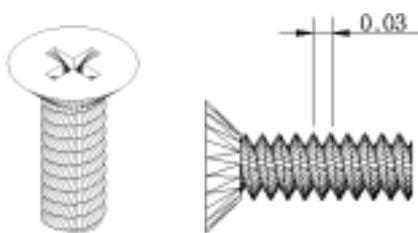


Fig. 10 3D solid model of screw using automatic design program

3.2 LSM, LSC

Fig. 11 method) (a)

LSM(Least square method), Fig. 11

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}{n}, \quad \bar{y} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n y_i}{n}$$

LSM (b)

Fig. 11

LSM

$$\begin{aligned} U_1^2 &= \{y_1 - (ax_1 + b)\}^2 \\ U_2^2 &= \{y_2 - (ax_2 + b)\}^2 \\ U_3^2 &= \{y_3 - (ax_3 + b)\}^2 \\ &\vdots \\ U_n^2 &= \{y_n - (ax_n + b)\}^2 \end{aligned} \quad 3)$$

$$S = \sum_{i=1}^n \{y_i - (ax_i + b)\}^2 \quad 4)$$

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial a} = 0, \quad \frac{\partial S}{\partial b} = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n y_i = a \sum_{i=1}^n x_i + nb \quad 5)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i = a \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 + b \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \quad 6)$$

$$a = -\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \{(x_i - \bar{x})^2 (y_i - \bar{y})\}}{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}$$

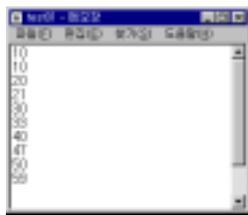
$$= \frac{\sum xy - \sum x(\sum y)}{\sum x^2 - \frac{(\sum x)^2}{n}}$$

$$b = \bar{y} - a\bar{x}$$

$$b = \bar{y} - a\bar{x}$$

$$y = ax + b$$

a 가  
가



(a) Measurement data



(b) LSM calculation program

Fig. 11 LSM calculation program using VisualLISP

$X = r \sin \theta$   
 $Y = r \cos \theta$   
 $X, Y$   
(backlash)

가 LSC

가

(Tilt motion)

(Gap

sensor)

LSC

가 가

LSC



(a) Measurement data (b) LSC calculation program  
Fig. 12 LSC calculation program using VisualLISP

Fig. 12  
square center)  
12 (a)

LSC(Least  
square center)  
Fig.

### 3.3 RP가

CAD 3D  
STL RP

LSC  
Fig. 12 (b)

SLA, FDM(Fused deposition modeling), SLS  
LOM(Laminated object manufacturing)  
SLA

LSC

, FDM

가 (Thermoplastic)

( 0.44 inch)

SLS

3D

LOM

가

RP

SLA

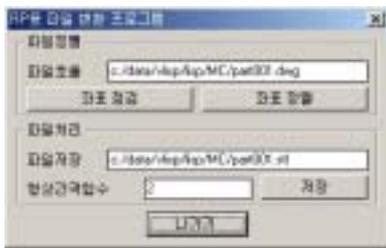


Fig. 13 Dialog box of conversion program for RP file using VisualLISP

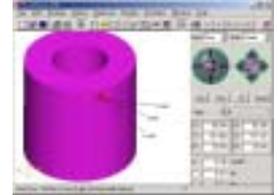


(a) Facetres = 0.1

(b) Facetres = 0.5



(c) Facetres = 2



(d) Facetres = 6

Fig. 14 Shape of STL file for facetres value

Table 1 Segment length and polygon for facetres value

Facetres value	0.1	0.5	2	6
Segment length	1.960	0.981	0.491	0.245
Polygon	32	64	128	256

Fig. 14

가 0.1

20mm

STL

0.1mm

RP

STL

2

RP

2

RP

가

Fig. 15

6.8mm

Fig. 16

STL

RP

RP 가

CAD

STL

Fig. 13

AutoCAD

3D

가

STL

3D

STL

Fig. 14

20mm,

10mm,

가 20mm

Table 1

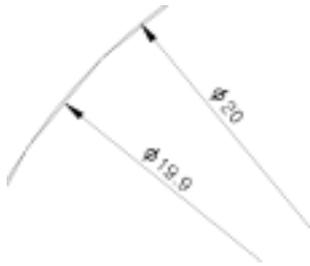


Fig. 15 Real circle and shape of STL at facet size value 0.1



Fig. 16 Shape of gear pump housing

Fig. 17  
RP

CAD

RP

RP가

Fig. 16 (a) (c)



(a) 0.1

(b) 2

(c) 5

Fig. 17 Shapes of RP products by the facet size value

4.

- 1) KS
- 2) LSM LSC
- 3) RP  
CAD RP

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