

[S-01]

## Study on $\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Ca}_x\text{MnO}_3$ films by x-ray absorption spectroscopy

박형권<sup>1</sup>, 박상윤<sup>1</sup>, 이영백<sup>1</sup>, 이연승<sup>2</sup>, 김기원<sup>3</sup>, 신현준<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Quantum Photonic Science Research Center and Department of Physics, Hanyang University, Seoul, 133-791 Korea

<sup>2</sup>Div. of Inf. Comm. & Comp. Eng., Hanbat Nat'l Univ., Daejeon, 305-719 Korea

<sup>3</sup>New Material Science, Sunmoon University, Asan, 336-708 Korea

<sup>4</sup>Pohang Accelerator Laboratory, Pohang, Kyungbuk, 790-784 Korea

Perovskite-like manganese oxides have been intensively studied because of their interesting science, connected with the discovery of colossal magnetoresistance, and their potential device applications. Especially,  $\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Ca}_x\text{MnO}_3$  thin films are known to be the most suitable candidate for the practical applications, partly because it displays high metal-insulator transition temperature and Curie point. The  $\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Ca}_x\text{MnO}_3$  thin film has  $\text{Mn}^{3+}$  and  $\text{Mn}^{4+}$  mixed valence state and shows various physical properties by the mixed state variation. In this study, a  $\text{LaAlO}_3$  (001) single crystal was used for the substrate and the rf magnetron sputtering method was employed for the deposition. The crystal structures of the films were determined by using x-ray diffraction. We observed that the properties of  $\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Ca}_x\text{MnO}_3$  films turn out to be strongly relevant to the mixed valence state, by means of the La  $M_{4,5}$ , the Ca  $L_{2,3}$ , the Mn  $L_{2,3}$  and the O K-edge of the near-edge x-ray absorption fine structure (NEXAFS). The NEXAFS spectra were obtained at the U7 undulator beamline of the Pohang Light Source.