Antioxidant responses of *Pseudomonas putida* BCNU 106 to toluene stress

Ju Soon Yoo, ³Ja Young Moon, ⁴Dong-Wan Kim, ⁵Young Kee Jeong, and ^{2,*}Woo Hong Joo

Institute of Genetic Engineering, ²Department of Biology, ³Department of Biochemistry and Health Sciences, ⁴Department of Microbiology, Changwon National University, Changwon 641-773, Korea ⁵Department of Life science and Biotechnology, Dong-Eui University, Pusan 614-714, Korea

Pseudomonas putida BCNU 106 was used to examine the links between the toluene exposure, reactive oxygen species generation and oxidative stress response. Treatment of Pseudomonas putida BCNU 106 with 10% toluene revealed decreased generation of reactive oxygen species assessed by 2'7'-dichlorofluorescine oxidation. Antioxidative defence systems were investigated by measuring the activity of superoxide dismutase, glutathione peroxidase, glutathione reductase, glutathione S-transferase and catalase. Increased activity of superoxide dismutase, glutathione peroxidase, glutathione reductase, glutathione S-transferase and catalase were perceived after the treatment with 10% toluene. The results indicate that the tolerance of Pseudomonas putida BCNU 106 to different organic solvents was correlated with the reactive oxygen species generation in the cells and with the efficiency of antioxidant defence systems.

Reference

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