

# Jiles

## 1, 2,\* 3 BK21, LG, 3 Development of Nonlinear Magnetic Bearing Model Using Jiles-Artherton Theory

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Key words : (Hysteresis), (Eddy Current), FPGA (Field Programmable Gate Array)

1.

Total Magnetization H

$$M = M_{rev} + M_{irr} \tag{6}$$

Jiles-Artherton Model

Fig. 1

Flux Meter

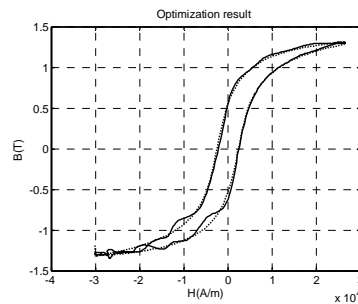
Simplex

Table. 1

Jiles-Artherton Model

Fig. 1

Jiles-Artherton



$M_s$	$1.2262 \times 10^6 \text{ A} \cdot \text{m}^{-1}$
$a$	$5796.7 \text{ A} \cdot \text{m}^{-1}$
$k$	$16878 \text{ A} \cdot \text{m}^{-1}$
$\alpha$	$1.1617 \times 10^{-2}$
$c$	0.82243

Fig. 1 JA

Table. 1

2.

Jiles-Artherton

[2], [3]

Jiles-Artherton

(domain wall motion : ) [6]

$$B = \mu_0 (H + M(H)) \tag{1}$$

$\mu_0$ ,  $H$ ,  $M$

Jiles-Artherton Model Anhyseresis Magnetization, Irreversible Magnetization, Reversible Magnetization Anhyseresis Magnetization

$$M_{an} = M_s \left[ \coth\left(\frac{H_e}{a}\right) - \frac{H_e}{a} \right] \tag{2}$$

$$H_e = H + \alpha M \tag{3}$$

$M_s$  Saturation Magnetization,  $H_e$  (Effective Field),  $a$   $\alpha$  Jiles-Artherton

Irreversible Magnetization ( $M_{irr}$ ) pinning

$$\frac{dM_{irr}}{dH} = \frac{M_{an} - M_{irr}}{k\delta - \alpha(M_{an} - M_{irr})} \tag{4}$$

Irreversible Magnetization Reversible Magnetization

$$M_{rev} = c(M_{an} - M_{irr}) \tag{5}$$

$\delta$ ,  $k$ ,  $c$  Jiles-Artherton (H) 가 +1 가 65

3.

3.1

8-Pole

가

Fig. 2 8- pole

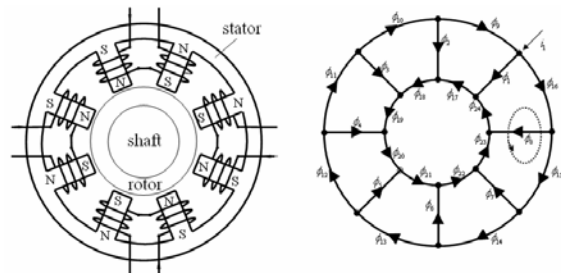


Fig. 2 8-pole

가

[4] [7], 가

Faraday

$$\alpha \frac{d\phi_i}{dt} = r_{ec_i} i_{ec_i}, \quad i=1,2,\dots,24 \tag{7}$$

[5]

$$\Phi = f(H, v)$$

$$i = g(H, v)$$

(8)

Non-linear Matrix Equation

3.2

PWM Switching  
Fig.3

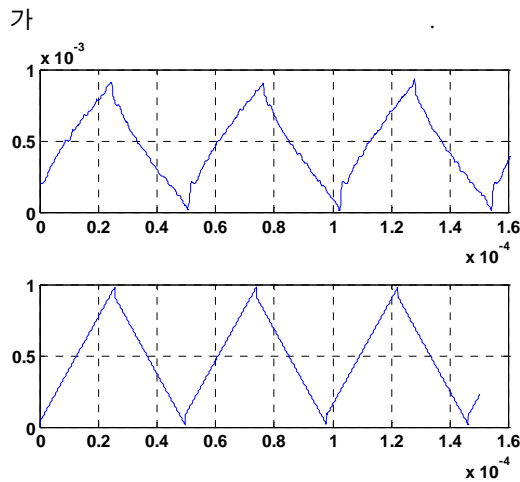


Fig. 3

4. FPGA

FPGA HDL

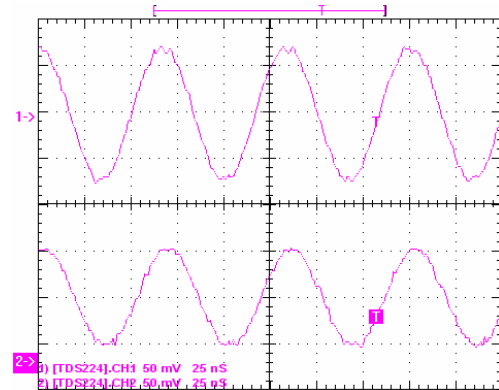


Fig. 4 FPGA

5.

Jiles-Atherton

가

가

가 FPGA

DSP

[1]

DSP

DSP

가

FPGA (Field Programmable Gate Array)

FPGA

가

DSP Processor

DSP Processor

FPGA

FPGA

Xilinx

Virtex-4

Extreme DSP Kit

105 MSPS

A/D

, 160 MSPS

D/A

가

Fig. 4

가

FPGA

A/D

D/A

(GPIB )

Fig.4

1

가

100 mV, 15

MHz

, 2

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