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Latest Results on Flux Pinning Enhancement in MgB₂ and YBCO and Multifunctionality in Novel Two Dimensional CoO₂ Layer Structured Compounds

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We will present our latest results on the studies of MgB2, YBCO, NaCoO2*H2O superconductors and related systems. The effect of nano-scale dopants such as SiC, Si, C, Al, nano-carbon tubes, and other novel dopants on the enhancement of Jc(H) and Hc2 in MgB2 bulks and Fe, Cu/Al sheathed wires/tapes will be reported. C substitution for B, nano-Mg2Si inclusion, and grain boundaries are found to be responsible for enhancement in both Hc2 and Jc(H). MgB2 with aligned carbon nanotube (CNT) inclusions processed using high magnetic fields exhibited significant improvements in Jc(H), heat transfer, and mechanical properties. Enhancement of flux pinning has been achieved for YBCO films prepared by PLD or MOD methods through nano-inclusions or appropriate buffer layers on various substrates. Both superconductivity and spintronic functionalities will also be presented for two dimensional CoO layer structured systems. For the NaxCoO2 with or without H2O, the effect of Na contents on the structures and properties indicated that the system containing the two dimensional triangular Co lattices can change from paramagnetic insulator/metal, ferromagnetic metal to superconductor, strictly depending on the Na contents. The new K2NiF4 type Sr2CoO4 compounds containing two dimensional Co lattices with and without doping exhibit no superconducitivity, but are found to be ferromagnetic metals or half metals showing large changes in resistance in response to magnetic field. Results based on single crystal samples and first-principles band structure calculation will be presented.

Keywords: MgB2, YBCO, flux pinning, Jc, nano-doping, Hirr, Hc2, tapes wires, bulks, films, PLD, MOD, CoO layered compounds, half metals.