

PD04

### Electrical Properties and Magnetic Behavior with Mixed Phases in Si:Mn Semiconductor Thin Films

**Tran Thi Lan Anh, Sang Soo Yu, Young Eon Ihm\*, Dojin Kim, Hyojin Kim and Soon Ku Hong**  
 Department of Materials Engineering, Chungnam National University, 220 Gung-Dong, Yu-Seong Gu, Daejeon, 305-764, Korea

\*Corresponding author: yetihm@cnu.ac.kr, Phone: +82 42 821 6635, Fax: +82 42 822 3206

Si<sub>1-x</sub>Mn<sub>x</sub> magnetic semiconductors were grown on Si(100) substrates by using MBE. Growth temperature was 200°C. Average growth rate was ~15 Å/min and final film thickness was around 100 nm. Microstructure of Si<sub>1-x</sub>Mn<sub>x</sub> magnetic semiconductors was examined by observing through X-ray diffraction and transmission electron microscope. The electrical resistivities of Si<sub>1-x</sub>Mn<sub>x</sub> thin films are 10<sup>3</sup> ~ 1.2 × 10<sup>3</sup> Ω·cm at room temperature and decrease with increasing Mn concentration. Si<sub>1-x</sub>Mn<sub>x</sub> thin films have p-type majority charge carriers with hole density is 5.1 × 10<sup>17</sup> ~ 5.9 × 10<sup>18</sup> cm<sup>-3</sup>. Hole density increases whereas mobility decreases with Mn concentration. However the predominant increase of hole density is over mobility that results in the overall decrease of electrical resistivity. Temperature dependence of electrical resistivity and Hall analysis show that the Si<sub>1-x</sub>Mn<sub>x</sub> thin films have semiconductor characteristics. Temperature dependence with FC and ZFC and field dependence of magnetization were measured by using SQUID. We discuss the magnetic behavior of Si<sub>1-x</sub>Mn<sub>x</sub> magnetic semiconductors in which Mn concentration is over 7.5at%. The present of precipitates dominates in the magnetic behavior of thin films.

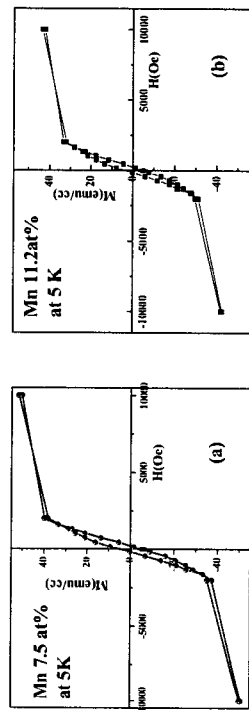


Fig. 1. Magnetization versus applied field for Mn concentrations noted.

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PD05

### Formation of Ferromagnetic Ge<sub>3</sub>Mn<sub>5</sub> Phase in MBE-grown Polycrystalline Ge<sub>1-x</sub>Mn<sub>x</sub> Thin Films

**Sang Soo Yu, Byeong Cheol Lee, Young Eon Ihm\*, Dojin Kim, Hyojin Kim, Soon Ku Hong**

Department of Materials engineering, Chungnam National University, 220 Gung-Dong, Yu-Seong Gu, Daejeon, 305-764, Korea  
 \*Corresponding author: yetihm@cnu.ac.kr, Phone: +82 42 821 6635, Fax: +82 42 822 622 3206

Magnetic phases of polycrystalline Ge<sub>1-x</sub>Mn<sub>x</sub> thin films were studied. The Ge<sub>1-x</sub>Mn<sub>x</sub> thin films were grown at various substrate temperatures by using a molecular beam epitaxy. The Ge<sub>1-x</sub>Mn<sub>x</sub> thin films are p-type and electrical resistivities are 4 × 10<sup>2</sup> ~ 5 × 10<sup>4</sup> ohm-cm. Some of Ge<sub>1-x</sub>Mn<sub>x</sub> thin films display anomalous Hall phenomena. Carrier concentration is estimated to be 10<sup>18</sup> - 10<sup>21</sup>/cm<sup>3</sup> and increases with Mn at% at room temperature. Magnetic hysteresis loops of Ge<sub>1-x</sub>Mn<sub>x</sub> thin films were measured at room temperature using a VSM and saturation magnetizations are plotted in Fig. 1. Saturation magnetizations of Ge<sub>1-x</sub>Mn<sub>x</sub> thin films vary with growth temperature and Mn concentration. Magnetization characteristics and X-ray analysis reveal that ferromagnetic Ge<sub>3</sub>Mn<sub>5</sub> phase is formed in the MBE-grown polycrystalline Ge<sub>1-x</sub>Mn<sub>x</sub> thin films. We carefully measured the change of resistance that depends on temperature and magnetoresistance for the Ge<sub>1-x</sub>Mn<sub>x</sub> thin film that have Ge<sub>3</sub>Mn<sub>5</sub> phase.

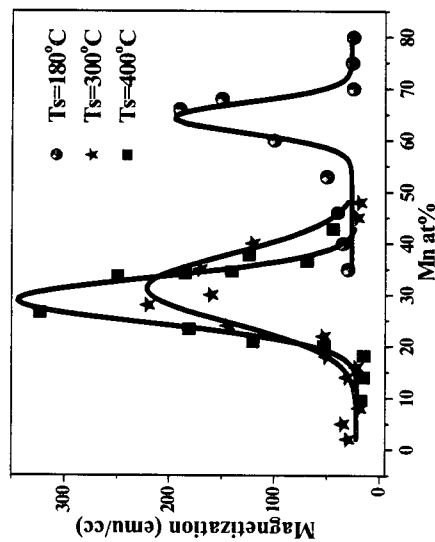


Fig. 1. Saturation magnetizations of Ge<sub>1-x</sub>Mn<sub>x</sub> semiconductors measured at room temperature using VSM. Applied field was 1T. Temperatures are growth temperatures.

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