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## Identification of N-terminal 21 Amino Acid Region of Soybean (*Glycine max*) *SLTI25* Encoding Ribosomal Protein Genes S6 for Chloroplast Targeting

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The suppression subtractive hybridization (SSH) was used to isolate low temperature stress inducible genes from soybean. Functional Analysis of stress inducible genes *SLTI25* showed high homology with genes encoding Ribosomal protein S13. The full-length with intron of *SLTI25* is 1,858 bp containing 5 exon and 6 intron. The full-length cDNA of *SLTI25* is 742 bp contained an open reading frame (ORF) consisted 151 amino acid (aa). The derived amino acid sequence showed the highest identity of 95% with ribosomal protein S13 from *P. ginseng* (BAA96366). *SLTI25* gene showed one copy number in the soybean genome using Southern blot analysis. The expression of *SLTI25* gene during low temperature stress, salt, wounding, ABA, and drought showed various induction. Wounding is early induction and LT, salt, ABA are late induction. Cellular localization of SLTI25 (full amino acids) is chloroplast, 21 amino acids at N-terminal is cytosol, and the reminder 130 amino acids is cytosol.

Key words: Soybean, low temperature, ribosomal protein, GFP

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## Inhibitory Effect of Hwang-Dae-San (HDS) Methanol Extract on PMAinduced MMP-9 Expression in MCF-7 Human Breast Cancer Cells

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In this study, methanol extract of Hwang-Dae-San(HDSM) was examined for its potential inhibitory effect on PMA-induced MMP-9 expression in MCF-7 human breast cancer cells. We found that HDSM dramatically inhibits PMA-induced MMP-9 expression in gelatin zymography. Also, the Matrigel invasion assay showed that HDSM effectively inhibits PMA-induced migration of MCF-7 cells as compared with the control, not treat with PMA, in a dose-dependent manner. Moreover, treatment of MCF-7 cells with HDSM decreased the levels of PMA-stimulated MMP-9 mRNA expression in a concentration-dependent manner.

These results suggest that HDSM could be used as potential anti-tumor agent for anti-metastasis and anti-migration suppressing PMA-induced cancer cell invasion through the inhibition of MMP-9 gene expression level.

Key words: MMP-9, MCF-7 Cells, Hwang-Dae-San, invasion