

MD5 Implementation Using Excel

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1. Introduction

Hash Function is a very important cryptographic primitive for information security. [3] MD5 is the most famous hash function invented by L. Rivest in 1992. [1] There were many researches for security of hash functions. After Wang et al. found collisions for MD4, MD5, RIPEMD etc., the interest in hash function is increasing rapidly. [2] However hash function is hard to understand for its unfamiliar operations. In this paper, we present our implementation using familiar OA software Excel. With this, we can watch intermediate values of MD5 step by step. Moreover we can verify the Wang's collision just by a copy and paste.

2. Our Implementation

MD5 consists of 4 round functions and each round function has 16 steps. The following figure shows the structure of MD5. Nonlinear function in each step is composition of bitwise-or, and, xor operations.

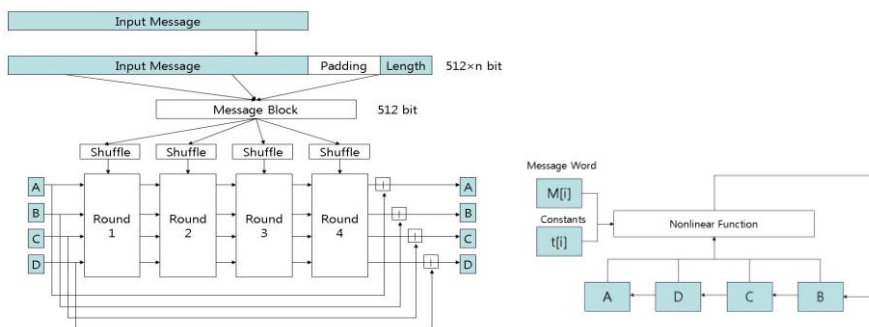


Figure 1. MD5 Structure

Although Excel provides many useful functions, there are some limitations in Excel. To implement MD5, we consider the followings.

- There is no bitwise rotation operation.
- There is no unsigned integer operation.
- There is no hexadecimal operation.

For first and second, we implement these functions using VBA in Excel. Figure 2 shows our implementation of these functions. For hexadecimal presentation, we make two sheets. One is a hexadecimal representation sheet for user's view and message input. The other is a decimal representation sheet for real operations. Two sheets are connected by Excel functions @DEC2HEX() and @HEX2DEC().

The MD5 operations are implanted as followings.

- Input the hexadecimal message into sheet one.
- Using @HEX2DEC, translate the message to decimal number in sheet two.
- In sheet two, calculate each step.
- Using @DEC2HEX, translate the values to hexadecimal number into sheet one.

Figure 3 shows our implementation of MD5 in Excel. At this time, we consider one message block. But it can expand just by a copy-and-paste.

```
' Unsigned Addition
Function WordAdd(x As LongLong, y As LongLong)
Dim temp As LongLong
temp = x + y
If (temp > 4294967296#) Then
temp = temp - 4294967296#
End If
WordAdd = temp
End Function

' Left Rotation for 32 bit word
Function WordRot(x As LongLong, y As Integer)
Dim tempX As LongLong
Dim temp As LongLong
Dim ii As Integer
temp = x
For ii = 1 To y
tempX = temp
temp = (temp And &H7FFFFFFF)
temp = temp * 2
If tempX And &H80000000 Then
temp = temp + 1
End If
Next
WordRot = temp And &HFFFFFFF
End Function
```

Figure 2. Bit operation function using VBA

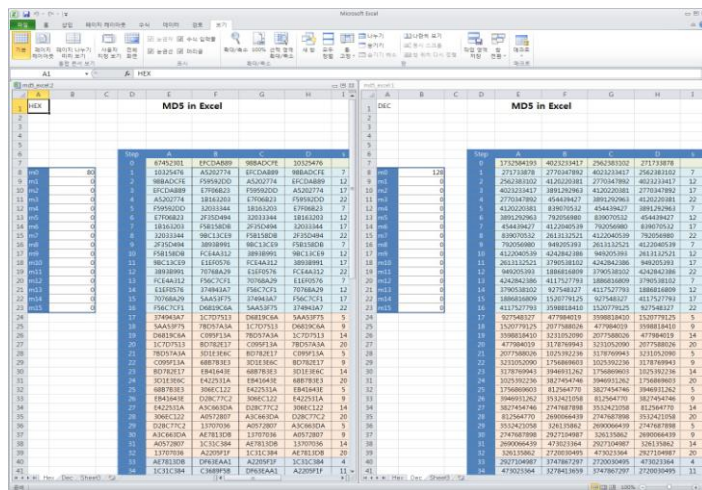


Figure 3. MD5 in Excel

3. Conclusions

In this paper, we present our MD5 implementation in the spreadsheet Excel. With this, we can investigate internal state of MD5. This may be helpful for understanding MD5. We expect that this can be applied in cryptography class.

4. References

- [1] R. Rivest, "The MD5 message-digest algorithm", Request for Comments (RFC) 1321, Internet Activities Board, Internet Privacy Task Force, 1992.
- [2] X. Wang and H. Yu, "How to Break MD5 and Other Hash Functions", In Advances in Cryptology EUROCRYPT 2005, Springer-Verlag, 2005.
- [3] A. Menezes, P. van Oorschot and S. Vanstone, Handbook of Applied Cryptography, CRC Press, 1996.