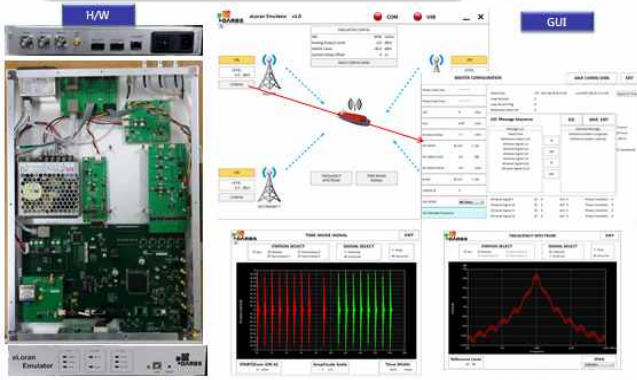
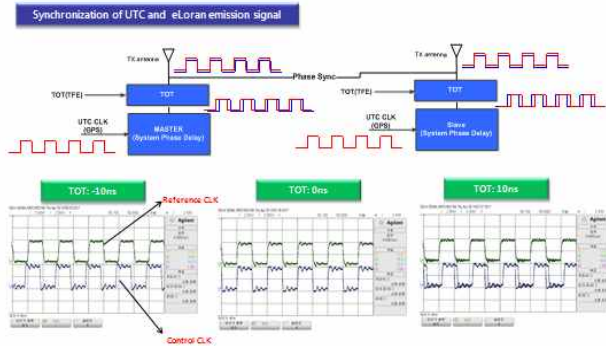


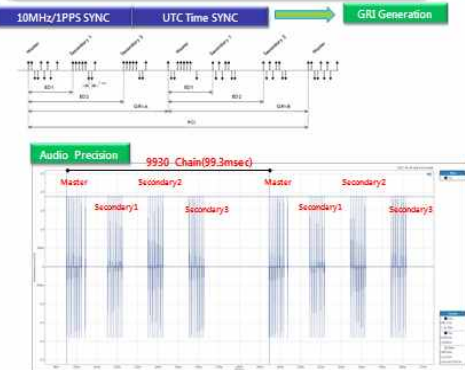
3. eLoran Emulator 기능#2



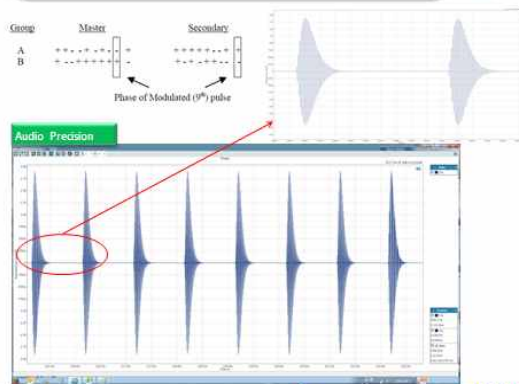
4-3. Sample Performance-TOT 제어



4-1. Sample Performance-GRI 제어



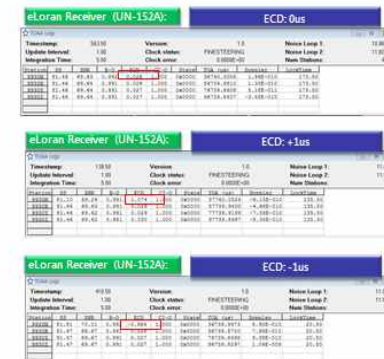
4-4. Sample Performance-PCI 제어



4-2. Sample Performance-ED 제어



4-5. Sample Performance-ECD 제어

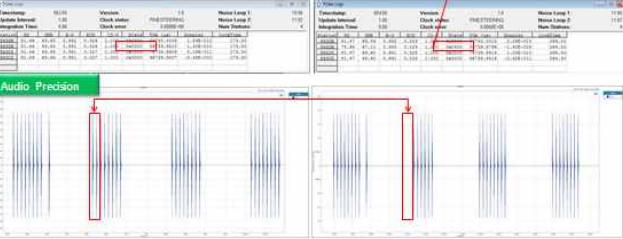


4-6. Sample Performance-Blink 제어

Blink - Pulse method

- Occasionally a LORAN transmitter will malfunction so that its transmitted signal is no longer accurate
- Blink coding provides integrity to the received Loran signal
- When this occurs the master station and the affected secondary station begin blink transmissions.
- the secondary station will blink its first two pulses in 0.25 seconds on, 3.75 seconds off pattern.

eLoran Receiver (UN-152A):

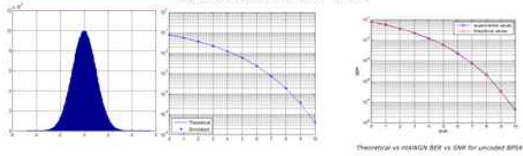


4-8. Sample Performance-AWGN#1

AWGN Generator 구조 및 성능

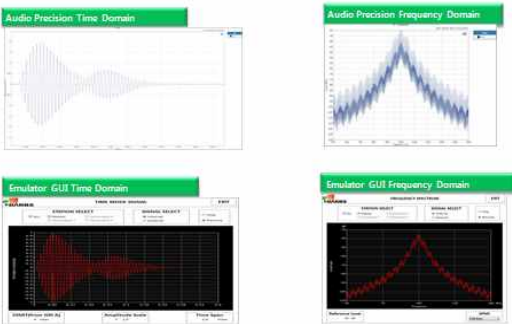
- High accuracy by combining Box-Muller algorithm and central limit methods.
- Random distribution in the range of $[-4\sigma, 4\sigma]$, where σ is the standard deviation.
- Generally, when evaluating channel codes, one needs 100 to 1,000 bits in error to draw conclusions on a simulation with enough confidence.
- Hence, with 10^{13} samples, one can examine channel code behavior for bit error rates as low as 10^{-13} to 10^{-15} .
- We need to be able to represent up to 8.1 σ for a population of 10^{13} Sample

Box-Muller 구별 결과

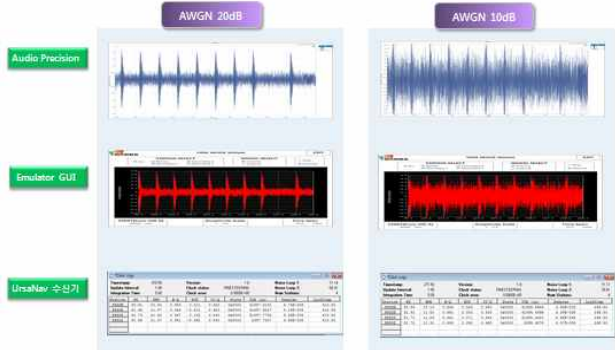


4-7. Sample Performance-SKY Wave#2

SKY WAVE (Multi Path) 결과: -10dBc@200us

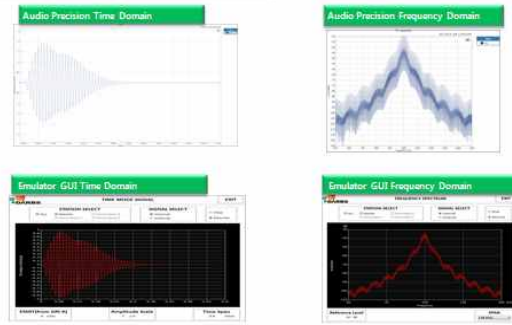


4-8. Sample Performance-AWGN#2



4-7. Sample Performance-SKY Wave#1

SKY WAVE (Multi Path) 결과: -10dBc@100us



5. 결론

eLoran Emulator 활용

- 개발된 eLoran Emulator는 실제 공간상에서 예측되는 신호를 발생하여 수신기의 성능을 평가 할 수 있음
- GPS 또는 eLoran가 통합하는 수신기 알고리즘 (신호 중 하나의 손실 처리하는 방법)을 개발하는데 활용됨.
- 평가된 수신기 성능 바탕으로 예상되는 eLoran 서비스 지역을 예측하는데 활용됨.

향후 계획

- 정밀한 채널 환경을 모델링 할 수 있는 다양한 Parameter를 구현할 예정임 (Pulse Trailing Edge, Half-Cycle Peak Amplitude, Pulse-to-Pulse Timing Tolerance, etc)