# Studies on Korean Chironomidae (Diptera).

# 2. Description of a New Genus and a New Species of Chironominae.

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韓國產 Chironomidae (Diptera)에 關한 研究 2. Chironominae 亞科의 一新屬 一新種

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## 摘 要

韓國產 Chironomidae 成蟲을 採集 調査中 數個 地域에서 腹部 末端 三個節이 黑色인 個體을 發見 同定한 結果,新種으로 確認되었으며 類似屬인 Xenochironomus와는 特異한 形態的 特徵을 나타내므로 新屬 Kimius와 新種 Kimius hoonscoi를 設定하여 記載한다.

In the course of non-biting midge investigations in Korea, a medium-sized midge with tip of the abdomen dark was collected at several localities. Examination and study of the adults revealed that they represent a new species of a new genus in the subfamily Chironominae.

#### Kimius n. gen.

Type species: Kimius hoonsooi n. sp.

**Description.** Male antennae 12 segmented, female 6 segmented. Frontal tubercles present. Eyes bare, dorsally produced. Palpus 4 segmented. Pronotum narrowed medially, reaching to anterior end of scutum, but medially divided by narrow notch. Wing membrane without macrotrachia. Squamal fringe present. Costa not produced. Ends of  $R_1$  and  $R_{2+3}$  slightly but distinctly separated. fCu beyond r-m. Anal lobe moderately developed. Fore tibia without combs or spur; combs of posterior tibiae broadly triangular, similar in size and shape, adjacent but separated by a distinct notch, each with a spur. Pulvilli conspicuous. Anal point present, strongly bent downwards. Appendage 1 rather long and broad, rounded and swollen at tip, with a few setae internally.

Remarks. This genus is very similar to Xenochironomus Kieffer, 1921 (Goetghebuer, 1928; Townes, 1945; Johannsen & Townes, 1952; Freeman, 1957; 1961; Beck & Beck, 1958; Pinder, 1978), but distinguished by frontal tubercles present and shape of appendage 1 of hypopygium which is rather long and broad, slightly swollen at tip (short and lobe-shaped to linear in Xenochironomus). It is named in honor of Professor Hoon Soo Kim, Seoul National University and its gender is masculine.

## Kimius hoonsooi n. sp.

(Fig. 1)

**Diagnosis**. Medium to small size. Wing length  $1.99\pm0.22$  mm long. Legs black with basal half of femur and tarsus I pale. Abdomen greenish yellow, with tergites VI-VIII and hypopygium dark. Appendage 1 of hypopygium slightly globular with  $3\sim4$  setae in inner apical disc. Antennal ratio  $2.28\pm0.13$ . Leg ratio  $1.74\pm0.08$ .

**Description.** Male. Head: Eye black, bare, with dorsal projection well developed; antenna dark brown, 12 segmented; clypeus yellowish brown, with 20 bristles; palpus 4 segmented: 52.5, 150, 169.4, 241.1 (1:2.9:3.2:4.6); frontal tubercle conspicuous (19.6 ±1.1 long and 7.5±0.2 wide). Thorax: Pronotum brown, developed slightly narrowed medially, reaching anterior end of scutum but medially divided by narrow notch; scutum brown, with inconspicuous dark brown vittae; acrostical hairs about 9, and dorsocentral hairs about 10 pairs, both arised from conspicuous pale punctures; scutellum dark brown, with 10 bristles, along apical margin; postnotum dark brown; halter yellowish brown, with dark tip. Wing: Membrane greyish, bare, with microtrichia (detectable under 300X); costa not produced, ending above M. R<sub>2+3</sub> close to R<sub>1</sub>, but distinctly separated at tip; fCu beyond r-m. Cu2 bent forwards at tip; an slightly beyond fCu; dark hairs along stem vein of R, R1 and R4+5; lobe moderately developed; squama with numerous setae. Legs: All femur black, with basal 1/3 yellow; tibia black; Fore tarsi all dark, except basal half of tarsus I; middle and hind tarsi dark (lighter than fore tarsi), except basal 4/5 of I and basal 1/3 of II; fore tibia without combs; posterior tibial combs well developed, with short two spurs; pulvilli conspicuous; middle and hind femur with well developed, darkened hook at ventral tip. Abdomen: Tergites I-V greenish yellow, VI-VIII and hypopygium dark brown; each tergite with numerous numbers of hairs. Hypopygium: Anal point sharply bent downwards (when slide preparation made dorsally, it appears abruptly cut at base); gonostylus not narrowed at middle but at tip, with an apical and 5~6 inner, subapical setae; appendage 1 pale, straight, rounded, swollen at tip, with 3 minute setae in disc, internally and apically.

**Female.** General characters same as in male, except usual sexual differences; abdomen uniformly brown; frontal tubercles minute; antenna 6 segmented: 45, 105, 67, 67, 90, 157 (1:2.3:1.5:1.5:2:3.5); cerci pale brown.

Specimens Examined. Holotype: 1念 (R-S-520, slide-mounted), Sinlim-dong, Seoul, 10 X 1977, H. I. Ree. Paratypes: 4念念, 1年, Ichon-dong, Seoul, 20 IX 1977, H. I. Ree. 2念念, Mt. Soyo, Yangjugun, Gyonggi-do, 12 X 1977, H. I. Ree. 5念念, 1年, Eden Park, Busan, 11 IX 1978, H. I. Ree. 1念, Daejeo-dong, Busan, 21 VI 1979, H. I. Ree. 5念念, 1年, S.N.U., Sinlim-dong, Seoul, 3 VII 1979, H. I. Ree. 1念, Weoncheon Resort, Suweon City, Gyonggido, 19 X 1979, H. I. Ree. 78念念, 8年年, Kyongju City, Gyongsang-bugdo, 16 VII 1980, H. I. Ree.

**Remarks.** It is easily distinguished by the coloration of the legs and abdomen and by the features of anal point and appendage 1 of hypopygium which are described elsewhere. This species is so characteristic that the author has not met allied species. The adults were collected near ponds, lakes and the likes.

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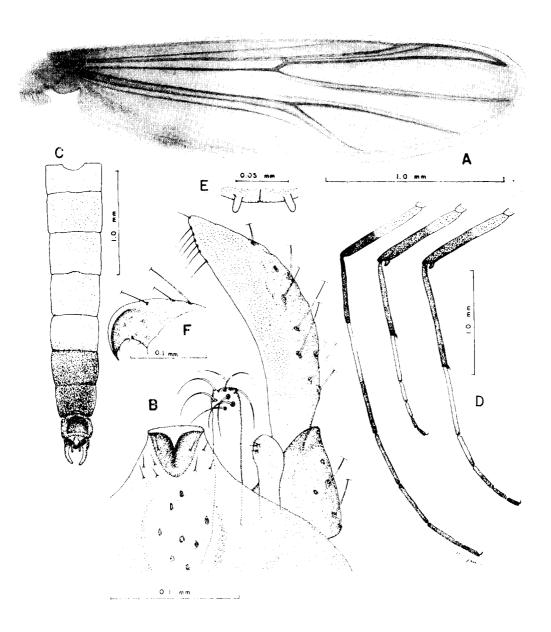


Fig. 1. Kimius hoonsooi sp. nov. (含)

A: wing, B: hypopygim, C: abdomen, D: legs (front, middle, hind from left), E: front tubercles, F: anal point (lateral view).