

## ON $F$ -CLOSED SPACES

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Recently the class of  $F$ -closed topological spaces was defined by Chae and Lee [CL<sub>1</sub>]. More than once they claimed that the class of  $F$ -closed spaces is contained properly between the classes of  $S$ -closed spaces and quasi- $H$ -closed spaces. However, despite providing many examples they did not provide an example of a space which is quasi- $H$ -closed but not  $F$ -closed. In this note we show that no such example exists, by proving that a space is  $F$ -closed if and only if it is quasi- $H$ -closed.

By the word 'space' we mean a topological space which satisfies no additional (separation) properties, unless explicitly stated.

If  $A$  is a subset of a topological space  $(X, \tau)$  then  $\tau \text{ int}A$  and  $\tau \text{ cl}A$  denote the interior and closure of  $A$  with respect to  $\tau$  respectively. We may denote these sets by  $\text{int}A$  and  $\text{cl}A$  if there is no possible confusion.

A subset  $A$  of a space  $(X, \tau)$  is called

- (i) semiopen if  $U \subset A \subset \text{cl}U$  for some open set  $U$ ;
- (ii) semiclosed if its complement is semiopen;
- (iii) the semiclosure of  $B$ , denoted  $\text{scl}B$ , if it is the intersection of all semiclosed sets containing  $B$ ;
- (iv) feebly open if  $U \subset A \subset \text{scl}U$  for some open set  $U$ ;
- (v) an  $\alpha$ -set if  $A \subset \text{int}(\text{cl}(\text{int}A))$ ;
- (vi) a regular open set if  $A = \text{int}(\text{cl}A)$ .

The collection  $RO(X, \tau)$  of all the regular open subsets of  $(X, \tau)$  is a base for a topology on  $X$  called the semi-regularization of  $\tau$ , and denoted by  $\tau_s$ . In general,  $\tau_s \subset \tau$ . The reader is referred to the papers of Mršević, Reilly and Vamanamurthy [MRV] and Janković [J<sub>1</sub>] for detailed discussions of semi-regularization topologies.

Njastad [Nj] showed that the collection  $\tau^\alpha$  of all  $\alpha$ -sets in  $(X, \tau)$  is a topology on  $X$ , and that  $\tau \subset \tau^\alpha$ . Janković and Reilly [JR Proposition 1]

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proved the following result. Subsequently, this result has been obtained independently by Noiri [No, Lemma 3.2], and Chae and Lee [CL<sub>2</sub>, Theorem 2.1].

**Lemma 1.** *A set in  $(X, \tau)$  is feebly open if and only if it is an  $\alpha$ -set.*

Since  $RO(X, \tau) = RO(X, \tau^\alpha)$  we have the following result of Janković [J<sub>2</sub>, Corollary 2.3].

**Lemma 2.** *For every space  $(X, \tau)$ ,  $\tau_s = (\tau^\alpha)_s$ .*

In the jargon of Cameron [C], Lemma 2 states that  $\tau^\alpha$  is ro-equivalent to  $\tau$ . So our next result follows immediately from [C, Theorem 3].

**Lemma 3.** *For every  $U \in \tau^\alpha$ ,  $\tau clU = \tau^\alpha clU$ .*

**Definition 1.** ([PT]) A space  $(X, \tau)$  is quasi- $H$ -closed (denoted  $QHC$ ) if every open cover of  $X$  has a finite proximate subcover (every open cover of  $X$  has a finite subfamily whose closures cover  $X$ ). A Hausdorff  $QHC$  space is  $H$ -closed.

**Definition 2.** ([T]) A space is  $S$ -closed if every semiopen cover of  $X$  has a finite proximate subcover.

**Definition 3.** ([CL]) A space is  $F$ -closed if every feebly open cover of  $X$  has a finite proximate subcover.

Cameron [C] has called a topological property  $R$  semiregular provided that a space  $(X, \tau)$  has property  $R$  if and only if  $(X, \tau_s)$  has property  $R$ . We state as an explicit result the remark of Cameron [C] that  $QHC$  is such a property.

**Lemma 4.**  *$(X, \tau)$  is  $QHC$  if and only if  $(X, \tau_s)$  is  $QHC$ .*

**Proposition 1.**  *$(X, \tau)$  is  $F$ -closed if and only if  $(X, \tau^\alpha)$  is  $QHC$ .*

*Proof.* Immediate from Lemmas 1 and 3.

**Proposition 2.**  *$(X, \tau)$  is  $QHC$  if and only if  $(X, \tau^\alpha)$  is  $QHC$ .*

*Proof.* Follows from Lemmas 2 and 4.

These two propositions provide the proof of the promised result.

**Proposition 3.**  *$(X, \tau)$  is  $F$ -closed if and only if  $(X, \tau)$  is  $QHC$ .*

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