

사람의 신경교종 세포주에서 아데노바이러스 벡터를 이용한 p16/INK4a 유전자 전달에 의한 종양성장 억제*

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= Abstract =

Growth Suppression by Adenovirus-mediated Gene Transfer of p16/INK4a in Glioma Cell Lines

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Objective : p16/INK4a, a kind of tumor suppressor genes, encodes a specific inhibitor of the cyclin D - dependent kinases CDK4 and CDK6. This prevents the association of CDK4 with cyclin D1, and subsequently inhibits phosphorylation of retinoblastoma tumor suppressor protein(pRb), thus preventing exit from the G1 phase. According to previous reports, over 50% of glioma tissue and 80% of glioma cell lines have been demonstrated inactivation of p16/INK4a gene. The purpose of this study was to determine whether recombinant adenovirus - p16 virus is a suitable candidate for gene replacement therapy in cases of glioma.

Methods : Three human glioma cell lines(U251MG, U87MG and U373MG) that express mutant p16 protein were used. Replication - deficient adenovirus was utilized as an expression vector to transfer exogenous p16 cDNA into the cells ; control cells were infected with the Ad - gal expressing - galactosidase. To monitor gene transfer and the expression of exogenous genes, we used Western Blotting analysis. Flow cytometry studies of cellular DNA content were performed to determine the cell cycle phenotype of the glioma cells before and after treatment.

Results : We showed here that restoration of p16/INK4a expression in p16 negative U87MG, U251MG and partially deleted U373MG by Ad - CMV - p16 induced growth suppression in vitro. Flow cytometric study revealed that Ad - CMV - p16 infected U87MG cells were arrested during the G0 - G1 phase of the cell cycle. Expression of p16 transferred by Ad - CMV - p16 in glioma cells was highly efficient and maintained for more than seven days.

Conclusions : Our results suggest that Ad - CMV - p16 gene therapy strategy is potentially useful and warrants further clinical investigation for the treatment of gliomas.

KEY WORDS : p16/INK4a · Tumor suppressor · Adenovirus · Gene therapy · Glioma.

서 론

p16/INK4a

9

CDK4, CDK6

inhibitor p16

, CDK4가 cyclinD1
otein

, RB pr -
G1

, p53

¹³⁾. cyclin D - dependent kinase

12)18). p16/INK4a promoter methylation
 5)7)16). 50% p16/INK4a
 , 80% 가 9)11)15)17). replacement 가
 plasmid p16/INK4a 가 2), tu -
 mor invasion 가 4).
 가 . 가 가
 가 .
 1)3)10)19).
 p16 flow - cyto -
 metry , p16/INK4a
 가 .

실험 재료 및 방법

1. 세포주 및 배양방법
 Human glioblastoma cell U251MG, U87MG U373MG
 10% fetal bovine serum(Hyclone Laboratories, Inc., Logan, UT), 10units/ml penicillin G, 100mg/ml streptomycin 가 DMEM 37 , 5% CO₂
 2. 재조합 아데노바이러스 준비와 감염 조건(Infection conditions)
 p16/INK4a (construction) E1
 5 wild - type p16/INK4a
 cDNA LacZ ,
 plaque assay 293 Graham Pr -
 evec .
 viral stock FBS 가
 DMEM 30 40 moi(Multiplicity of Infection) , viral

0.5ml/60mm 37 5
 가 1 . FBS
 DMEM
 3. 세포 성장 비율 측정
 24 6 well plate 1 x 10⁵
 , triplicate
 Ad - CMV - p16 control Ad - CMV - - gal
 , 24 trypan blue
 exclusion test
 4. Western blot analysis
 PBS lysate . lysate
 radioimmunoprecipitation assay - buffer 4
 1
 assay buffer 150mM NaCl,
 1% Triton X - 100, 1% Sodium deoxycholate, 0.1% SDS,
 20mM EDTA, 50mM Tris(pH 7.4)
 BCA assay 50 μg
 SDS - PAGE nitrocellulose
 membrane
 5. X-gal staining
 X - gal staining
 Ad - CMV - - gal 48
 PBS , 5% glutaral - de -
 hyde 30 . PBS 2
 X - gal 3 4
 X - gal 0.01% sodium deo -
 ycholate, 0.02% NP - 40, 2mM MgCl 2, 5mM ferric -
 yanide, 5mM ferrocyanide X - gal 1mg/ml
 . 0.45 μM
 6. Flow cytometry
 Cycle Test TM Plus DNA reagent kit(Becton Dickinson, San Jose, Cal.) DNA histogram
 . U87MG U373MG 50 moi Ad - CMV -
 p16 48 . PBS
 2 ,
 50 μm nylon mesh
 Becton Dickinson immunohistochemistry system
 (FACSsort, Becton Dickinson,
 San Jose, Cal.).

결 과

1. 신경교종 세포주들에서 아데노바이러스의 감염

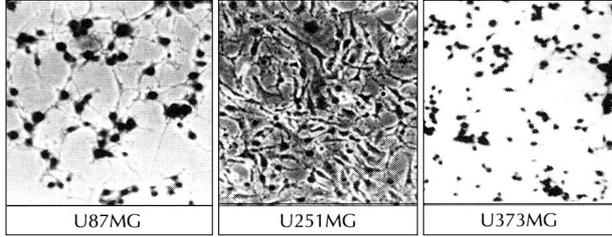


Fig. 1. X-gal staining of glioma cell lines transduced with 50 moi of Ad-CMV-β-gal. At 50 moi, greater than 95% of these cells in monolayer culture were positive for β-galactosidase activity as seen by a nuclear blue staining.

(U - 87MG, U - 373MG, U251MG)

Escherichia coli β-galactosidase

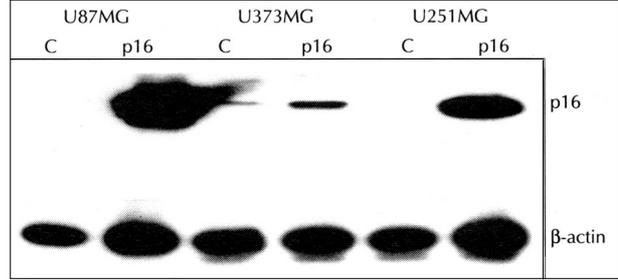


Fig. 2. Western blot analysis of the exogenous p16 expression in glioma cell lines. The exogenous p16 expression in U251MG definitely appeared two days after the Ad-CMV-p16 infection peaked by day 3 and maintained until 7 days after infection.

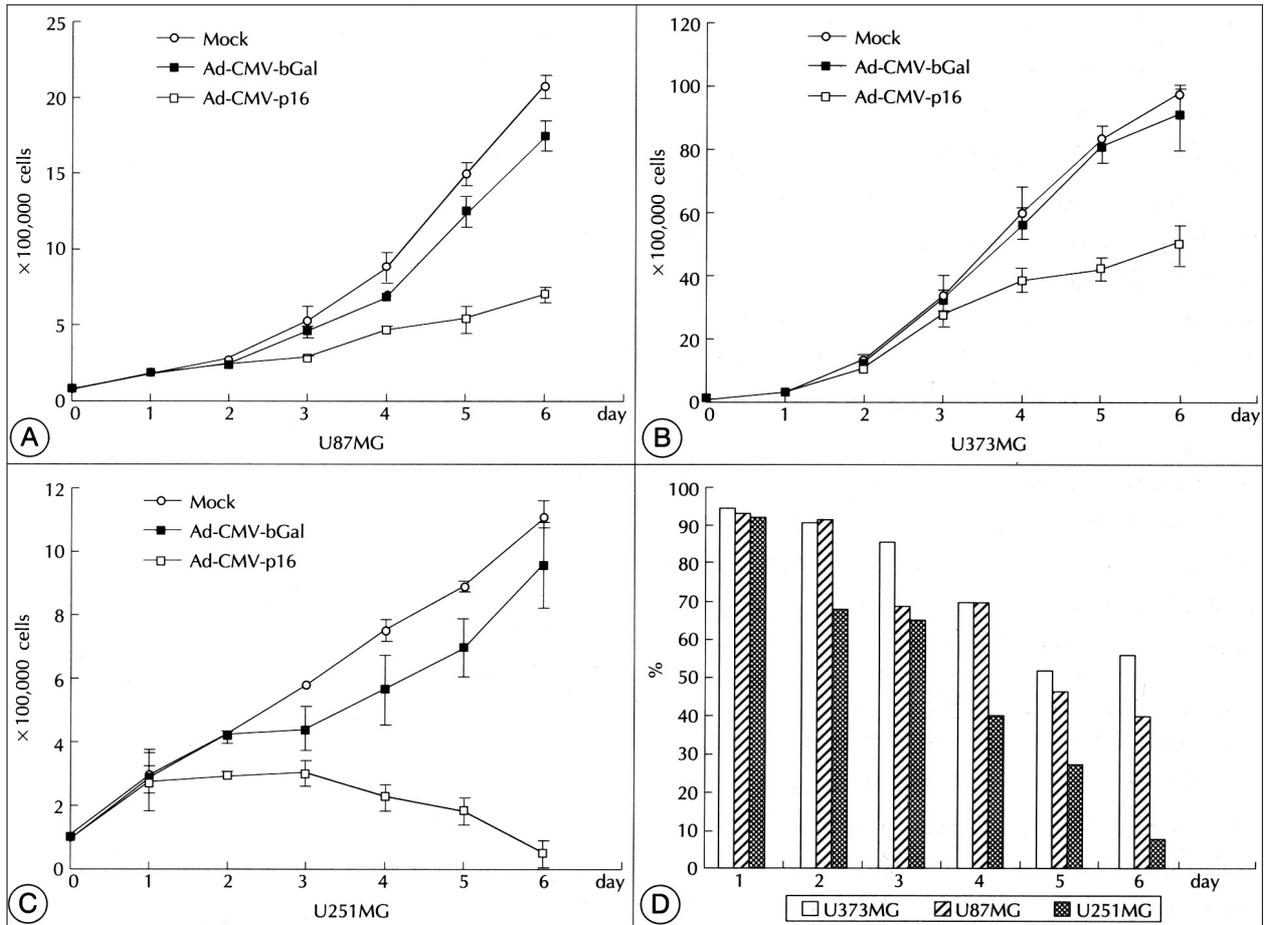


Fig. 3. Growth suppressive effect of Ad-CMV-p16 infection in human glioma cell lines. The cells were plated into 6-well culture plates in triplicate at 1×10^5 cells per well for 24 hr before viral infection and infected with Ad-CMV-p16 or Ad-CMV-β-gal at 50 moi. Culture medium alone was used for mock infection. Triplicate wells of each treatment were counted every 24hr with hemocytometer, and cell viability was assessed by trypan blue exclusion test. A : U87MG, B : U373MG, C : U251MG, D : Results were normalized in terms of percentage of Ad-CMV-p16 infection with the vector control set to 100% in each case.

24 X-gal , 3
50 moi 95%
p16
가 (Fig. 1).

2. 신경교종 세포주에서 아데노바이러스 매개 p16/INK4a 의 발현

p16/INK4a
western blotting , U251 MG
U87MG Ad - CMV - gal p16
Ad - CMV - p16 p16
, U373MG endoge -
nous p16 Ad - CMV - p16
가 (Fig. 2).

3. 외부 도입 p16 유전자가 세포주 성장에 미치는 효과
Ad - CMV - p16

mock, Ad - CMV - gal
U87MG U251MG
homozygous deletion, U373MG exon 3 partial
deletion 가 . 50 moi
, 24
mock Ad -
CMV - gal , Ad - CMV - p16
가
6
U251MG 95%, U87MG 60%, U373
MG 45% (Fig. 3).

4. Flow cytometry에 의한 세포주기 분석

50 moi Ad - CMV - p16 U87MG U373MG
. 48 DNA histogram
U87MG G0 - G1 phase가 59% 87% , U373MG
37% 50% 가 , S phase 20%
6% 50% 39% (Fig. 4).
Ad - CMV - p16 G0/G1

고 찰

Ad - CMV - p16
p16/INK4a

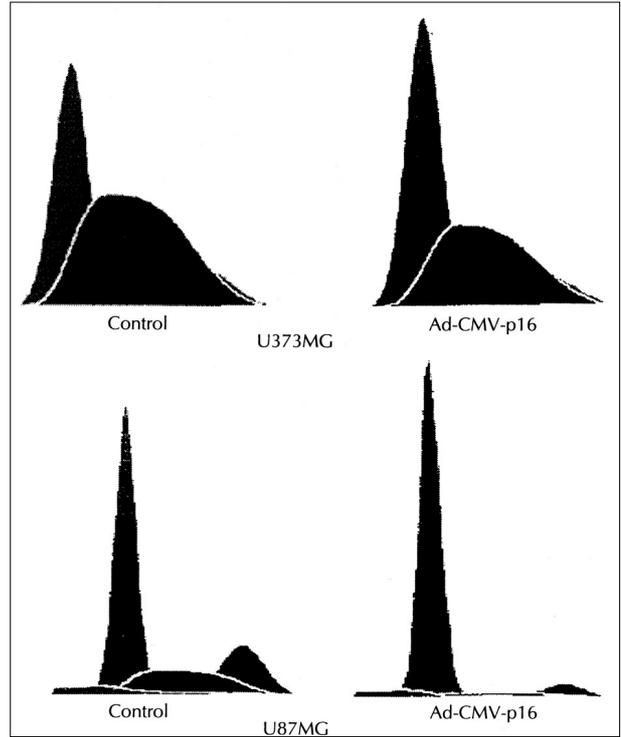


Fig. 4. Cell cycle analysis by quantitative flow cytometric analysis of U373MG and U87MG after the infection of Ad-CMV-p16. Flow cytometric analysis showed marked increase in the proportion of cells in the G0/G1 with concomitant decrease in the S phase in the both cell lines after Ad-CMV-p16 infection compared with control.

p16/INK4a
, Ad - CMV - p16
가 in vitro
Ad - CMV - p16
p16/INK4a CDK4, cyclin D1, pRb
5)7)12)15)16)18)
, p16 homozygous , CDK4
, Rb
pRb 가
9)11)17)
plasmid
p16 G1 phase
가 2),
p16/INK4a
8)

MMP - 2
 one
 4). p16/INK4a
 transfectant cl -
 20).
 p16/INK4a
 가
 U87MG, U251MG, U373MG Ad -
 CMV - p16 Ad - CMV - - gal
 가
 flow cyto -
 metry G1
 p16/INK4a p16/INK4a
 p16 가 가
 6). Izumoto
 U87MG U251MG p16/CDKN2가 homozy -
 gous U373MG exon3
 14). U373MG
 p16 가 p16/INK4a
 p16/INK4a
 U373MG
 U251MG 95%, U87MG 60% U373 MG
 45%
 p16
 Ad - CMV - p16
 가
 3)21).
 p16
 p16/INK4a
 Ad - CMV - p16
 가
 • : 1999 8 9
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 : 02) 970 - 1235, : 02) 978 - 2005
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