Diozonides from Coozonolyses of Cyclodienes and Carbonyl Compounds

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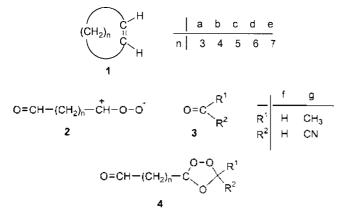
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Treatment of conjugated cyclodienes (5a-5c) with excess ozone in dichoromethane in the presence of added carbonyl compounds (3) resulted to give the corresponding diozonides 10 and cross-ozonides 14. Similarly, ozonolysis of the nonconjugated 1.4-cyclohexadiene (6a) and 1.5-cyclooctadiene (6b) under same conditions afforded both diozonides 20 and cross-ozonides 14. On the other hand, Ozonolysis of bicyclo[2.2.0]hepta-2.5-diene (6c) in the presence of 3A provided the corresponding diozonide 19.

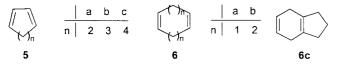
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Introduction

Ozonolysis reactions of cyclodienes in nonparticipating solvents have not been studied extensively.¹⁻⁴ Ozonation of cycloalkenes in anhydrous nonparticipating solvents result in the formation of polymeric ozonides because intramolecular cycloaddition of carbonyl oxides with aldehydes are much slower than intermolecular reactions. In order to avoid the polymeric ozonides formation, a good 1.3-dipolarophile is needed to trap the carbonyl oxide intermediates. In previous work, we had shown that the carbonyl oxide intermediates **2**, generated from the ozonolysis of cycloalkenes **1** can be trapped by carbonyl compounds **3** to form the corresponding ozonides $4.^{5.7}$



We have now extended this mode of reaction to the ozonolysis of conjugated cyclodienes 5a-5c and non-conjugated cyclodienes 6a-6c in presence of carbonyl compounds 3f and 3g to obtain the corresponding diozonides, respectively.



Results and Discussion

In pursuit of our goal, we have ozonized the cojugated

cyclodienes 5a-c in dichloromethane with excess of ozone in the presence of carbonyl compounds 3f and 3g, respectively.

Ozonolyses of 1.3-cyclohexadiene (5a) and 1.3-cycloheptadiene (5b) and 1.3-cyclooctadiene (5c) in the presence of carbonyl compounds 3f and 3g afforded the corresponding diozonides 10c. 10d. 10e. 10f. 10g and 10h. which have been isolated in yields of 15.3%, 12.80%, 26.7%, 24.3%, 28.2% and 31.2%, respectively. By-products of these reactions were cross-ozonides 14c-h in yields of 14.2-24.1%, each. Ozonolyses of 5a-c with one equivalent of ozone under similar reaction conditions afforded the unsaturated ozonides 7 and 8 as major products.8 It can be concluded that ozone cleavage of the double bonds in unsaturated ozonides 7 and 8 occurs predominatly in one direction only, with the formation of higher subsituted carbonyl oxides 9 and 12. The fact that no ozonides 13 have been found in ozonolyses of 5a-c could be due to the instability of α -oxo ozonides of type 13.9,10

Ozonolysis of the nonconjugated 1,4-cyclohexadiene (6a) in the presence of carbonyl compounds 3f provided the corresponding cross-ozonide 14a and diozonides 10a in yield of 8.0% and 79.3%. Ozonolysis of nonconjugated 1.5-cyclooctadiene (6b) in the presence of 3f and 3g provided the corresponding cross-ozonides 14c and 14d and diozonides 10c and 10d in yields of 25.3%. 27.3%, 30% and 28%, respectively.

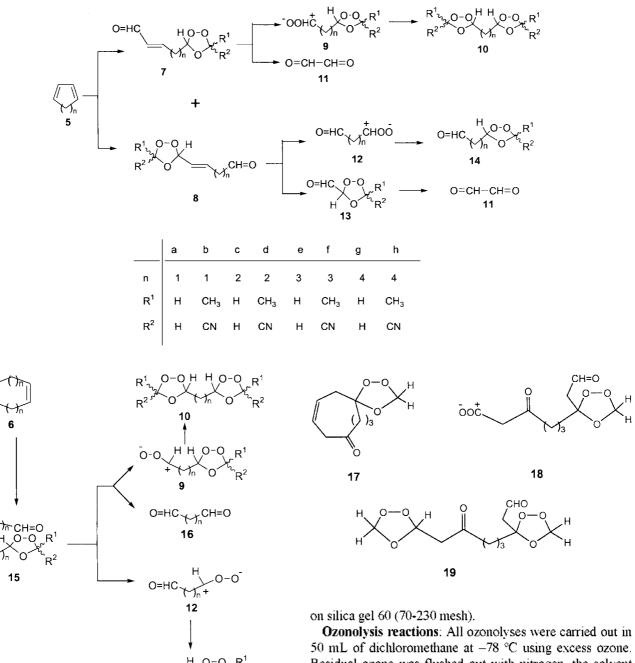
Ozonolysis of bicyclo[2.2.0]hepta-2,5-diene (6c) in the presence of **3f** provided the corresponding diozonide **19** in yield of 58.3%. Ozonolysis of **6c** with one equivalent of ozone under same condition afforded unsaturated ozonide **17** as a major product.¹¹

All of the ozonides have been isolated by column chromatography on silica gel. Diozonides **10d**. **10f** and **10h** were mixture of diastereoisomers at the ozonide rings.^{12,13}

The structures of all isolated ozonides were established by ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectroscopy, and their reduction with triphenylphosphine to give the expected dials and carbonyl compounds **3** in a ratio of *ca*. 1 : 1.

In the ¹H NMR spectra, the ozonide moieties of the crossozonides could be recognized by signals of the CH groups in the ozonide rings. They appeared in the range of $\delta = 5.03$ -

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5.30. In the ¹³C NMR spectra of all ozonides, the two chemically nonequvalent carbon atoms in the ozonide ring exhibited signals in the range of $\delta = 93.82 \cdot 114.04$.⁷

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The successful coozonolysis of the cyclodienes in the presence of carbonyl compounds opens a convenient shortpath synthesis for the types of diozonides 10 and 17.

Experimental Section

NMR spectra: Brucker AC-300. ¹H-NMR and ¹³C-NMR spectra were recorded in CDCl3 with TMS as internal references. Chromatographic separations: Flash chromatography

Residual ozone was flushed out with nitrogen, the solvent was distilled off at room temperature under reduced pressure and the residue was separated by flash chromatography. All chromatography described below was carried out with dichloromethane/diethyl ether in a ratio of 15:1. The formaldehvde (3f) used in the coozonolysis was freshly prepared by pyrolysis of paraformaldehyde in each case.

Reductions of ozonides: A solution of 20-40 mg of an ozonide and an excess of triphenylphosphine in 0.6 mL of CDCl₃ was kept at room temperature for 24 hours. The products were analyzed by ¹H NMR spectroscopy.

Caution: All ozonolysis reactions, chromatographic separations, and reductions of ozonides were carried out behind protective safety glass shields in a hood. Ozonides were invariably transported. e.g. to the analytical laboratory, in thick-walled steel containers. Safety glasses and gloves must be worn.

Ozonolysis of 5a in the presence of 3f: Ozonolysis of 0.24 g (3.0 mmol) of 5a and 1 mL of 3f gave a liquid residue. from which 80 mg (0.46 mmol, 15.3%) of 10c and 60 mg (0.43 mmol, 14.2%) of 14c were isolated.

3-[2-(1,2,4-Trioxolane-3-yl)ethyl]-1,2,4-trioxolane (10c): Colorless liquid. ¹H NMR : δ 1.89 (s. 4H), 5.07 (s. 2H), 5.14 (s. 2H), 5.27 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR : δ 25.96, 94.54, 103.10. Anal. Calcd for C₆H₁₀O₆ (178.1): C. 40.45; H. 5.66. Found: C, 40.32; H. 5.68. Reduction of **10c** with TPP gave butanedial.

(1,2,4-Trioxolane-3-yl)propanal (14c): Colorless liquid. ¹H NMR : δ 1.93-2.05 (m. 2H), 2.49 (t. *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 4.96 (s. 1H), 5.07 (s. 1H), 5.17 (t. *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 9.67 (s. 1H). ¹³C NMR : δ 24.31, 37.80, 94.49, 103.44, 200.96. Anal. Calcd for C₅H₈O₄ (132.1): C, 45.46; H, 6.10. Found: C. 45.57; H, 5.23. Reduction of 14c with TPP gave butanedial.

3-[3-(1,2,4-Trioxolane-3-yl)propyl]-1,2,4-trioxolane (10e): Yield. 26.7%. Colorless liquid. ¹H NMR : δ 1.56-1.64 (m. 2H), 1.75-1.81 (m. 4H). 5.03 (s, 2H), 5.14 (t, J = 4.9 Hz. 2H), 5,17 (s. 2H). ¹³C NMR : δ 18.43, 30.69, 94.43, 103.64. The data are identical to those reported.⁵

(1,2,4-Trioxolane-3-yl)butanal (14e): Yield. 24.3%. Colorless liquid. ¹H NMR : δ 1.65-1.75 (m. 4H), 2.46 (t. J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 4.99 (s. 1H), 5.08 (t, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (s. 1H), 9.65 (s. 1H). ¹³C NMR : δ 16.58, 30.77, 43.60, 94.41, 103.61, 202.10. The data are identical to those reported.⁵

3-[4-(1,2,4-Trioxolane-3-yl)butyl]-1,2,4-trioxolane (10g): Yield. 28.2%. Colorless liquid. ¹H NMR : δ 1.50 (m. 4H). 1.75 (m, 4H). 5.03 (s. 2H), 5.13 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H). 5.18 (s. 2H). ¹³C NMR : δ 23.95, 31.34, 94.42, 103.86. The data are identical to those reported.⁵

(1,2,4-Trioxolane-3-yl)pentanal (14g): Yield, 26.6%. Colorless liquid. ¹H NMR : δ 1.48 (m, 2H), 1.67-1.74 (m, 4H), 2.47 (t. *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 5.02 (s. 1H), 5.13 (t. *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s. 1H), 9.76 (s. 1H). ¹³C NMR : δ 21.66, 23.19, 30.84, 43.47, 93.92, 103.29, 201.94. The data are identical to those reported.⁵

Ozonolysis of 5a in the presence of 3g: Ozonolysis of 0.24 g (3.0 mmol) of 5a and 0.41 g (6.0 mmol) of 3g gave a liquid residue, from which 100 mg (0.38 mmol, 12.8%) of 10d and 70 mg (0.40 mmol, 12.8%) of 14d were isolated.

5-Cyano-5-methyl-3-[2-(5-cyano-5-methyl-1,2,4-trioxolane-3-yl)ethyl]-1,2,4-trioxolane (10d): Colorless liquid (a mixture of *cis* and *trans* isomers). ¹H NMR : δ 1.86 (s, 6H), 1.64-2.08 (m, 4H). [5.31 (m), 5.72 (m)] (2H). ¹³C NMR : δ 21.11, 23.22, 23.96, 27.84, 28.39, 98.47, 99.00, 105.43, 116.21, 116.84, Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₁₂O₆N₂(256.2); C, 46.88; H. 4.72, Found: C, 46.64; H. 4.69, Reduction of **10d** with TPP gave butanedial and acetyl cyanide.

(5-Cyano-5-methyl-5-1,2,4-trioxolane-3-yl)propanal (14d): Colorless liquid (a mixture of *cis* and *trans* isomers). ¹H NMR : δ 1.86 (s, 3H). [2.01 (m). 2.61 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz)] (2H). [2.20 (m). 2.71 (t. *J* = 6.2 Hz)] (2H), [5.32 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz). 5.74 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz)] (1H) 9.79 (s, 1H), ¹³C NMR : δ 21.07. 22.55, 26.70. 37.05, 37.76. 98.40, 98.98. 105.86. 116.29. 116.94, 200.27. Anal. Calcd for C₇H₉O₄N (171.1): C, 49.14: H, 5.30. Found: C. 48.97; H, 5.37. Reduction of 14d with TPP gave butanedial and acetyl cyanide.

5-Cyano-5-methyl-3-[3-(5-cyano-5-methyl-1,2,4-trioxolane-3-yl) propyl]-1,2,4-trioxolane (10f): Yield. 24.3%. Colorless liquid (a mixture of *cis* and *trans* isomers). ¹H NMR : δ 1.65-197 (m, 6H), 1.86 (s, 6H). [5.28 (t, *J* = 5.1 Hz). 5.64 (t, *J* = 5.1 Hz)] (2H). ¹³C NMR : δ 17.73, 21.30, 29.45, 29.64. 33.43. 33.71, 98.65. 98.78, 106.32, 116.73, 116.96. Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₄O₆N₂ (270.2): C, 48.89; H, 5.22. Found: C. 48.58; H, 5.37. Reduction of **10f** with TPP gave pentanedial and acetyl cyanide.

(5-Cyano-5-methyl-1,2,4-trioxolane-3-yl)butanal (14f): Yield. 24.1%. Colorless liquid (a mixture of *cis* and *trans* isomers). ¹H NMR : δ 1.60-1.80 (m, 4H). 1.74 (s, 3H). 2.24 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2H) [5.14 (t, *J* = 5.1 Hz), 5.52 (t, *J* = 5.1 Hz)] (1H). 9.63 (s. 1H). ¹³C NMR : δ 15.57, 15.78, 20.58, 20.61, 28.58, 32.67, 42.57, 42.73, 97.72, 98.16, 105.75, 115.79, 116.41, 201.05. The data are identical to those reported.⁵

5-Cyano-5-methyl-3-[4-(5-cyano-5-methyl-1,2,4-trioxolane-3-yl)butyl]-1,2,4-trioxolane (10h): Yield, 31.2%. Colorless liquid (a mixture of *cis* and *trans* isomers). ¹H NMR : δ 1.51-1.60 (m. 4H). 1.71-1.89 (m. 4H), 1.86 (s. 6H), [5.26 (t. J = 5.2 Hz), 5.62 (t. J = 5.2 Hz)] (2H). ¹³C NMR : δ 21.31. 23.38. 23.68, 29.77, 33.32, 98.72, 106.72. 117.03. Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₆O₆N₂ (284.2): C, 50.70, H 5.67. Found: C. 50.58; H, 5.58. Reduction of **10h** with TPP gave hexanedial and acetyl cyanide.

5-Cyano-5-methyl-1,2,4-trioxolane-3-yl)pentanal (14h): Yield. 36.8%. Colorless liquid (a mixture of *cis* and *trans* isomers). ¹H NMR : δ 1.37-1.81 (m, 6H). 1.79 (s, 3H). 2.42 (t. *J* = 6.2 Hz. 2H), [5.19 (t. *J* = 5.1 Hz), 5.55 (t. *J* = 5.1 Hz)] (1H). 9.70 (t, *J* = 1.59 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR : δ 20.72. 20.81, 21.30. 21.52, 22.84. 23.03, 29.27. 33.32, 43.27. 97.85, 98.27, 106.19, 116.00, 116.63. 202.14. The data are identical to those reported.⁵

Ozonolysis of 6a in the presence of 3f: Ozonolysis of 0.24 g (3.0 mmol) of 6a and 1 mL of **3f** gave a liquid residue, from which 390 mg (2.35 mmol, 79.3%) of **10a** and 30 mg (0.24 mmol, 8.0%) of **14a** were isolated.

3-(1,2,4-Trioxolan-3-yl)methyl-1,2,4,-trioxolane (10a): Colorless liquid. ¹H-NMR : δ 2.18 (m, 2H). 5.14 (s. 4H), 5.39 (t, J = 2.87 Hz. 2H). ¹³C NMR : δ 35.37. 94.45. 100.28. Anal. Calcd for C₅H₈O₅ (164.1): C, 36.60; H, 4.91. Found: C, 36.87: H. 5.11. Reduction of 10a with TPP gave propanedial.

(1,2,4,-trioxolane-3-yl)ethanal (14a): Colorless liquid. ¹H NMR : δ 2.90 (m, 2H). 5.13 (s, 1H). 5.19 (s. 1H), 5.67 (t, J = 7.12 Hz. 1H). 9.77 (t. J = 1.05 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR : δ 46.31, 94.56, 99.99. 197.68. Anal. Calcd for C₄H₆O₄ (118.1): C, 40.68: H. 5.12. Found: C. 40.34; H. 5.31.

Reduction of 14a with TPP gave propanedial.

Ozonolysis of 6b in the presence of 3f: Ozonolysis of 0.32 g (3.0 mmol) of **6a** and 1 mL of **3f** gave a liquid residue, from which 160 mg (0.45 mmol, 30%) of **10c** and 100 mg (0.76 mmol, 25.3%) of **14c** were isolated.

Ozonolysis of 6b in the presence of 3g: Ozonolysis of 0.32 g (3.0 mmol) of **6b** and 0.62 g (9.0 mmol) of **3g** gave a

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liquid residue, from which 120 mg (0.86 mmol. 28.4%) of **10d** and 140 mg (0.85 mmol. 27.3%) of **14d** were isolated.

Ozonolysis of 6c in the presence of 3f: Ozonolysis of 0.36 g (3.0 mmol) of **6c and 1 mL of 3f** gave a liquid reside. from which 510 mg (1.75 mmol, 58.3%) of **19** was isolated.

3-Formylmethyl-3-[5-(1,2,4-trioxolan-3-yl)-4-oxopentyl-1,2,4,-trioxolane (19): Colorless liquid. ¹H NMR : δ 1.79 (m. 2H). 1.90 (m. 2H). 2.54 (t. *J* = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 2.84 (m, 4H), 5.08 (s, 1H). 5.15 (s, 1H). 5.29 (m. 2H), 5.63 (t. *J* = 3.12 Hz. 1H), 9.73 (s. 1H). ¹³C NMR : δ 16.75, 34.78. 43.02, 45.22. 50.06, 93.74, 94.71. 99.83. 108.38. 198.18, 204.93. Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₈O₈ (276.2): C, 47.83; H. 5.84, Found: C. 48.21: H, 5.47.

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