## Palladium-catalyzed Asymmetric Mannich-type Reactions of α-Cyanoketones with N-Boc Aldimines

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The efficient synthetic construction of  $\beta$ -amino carbonyl compounds is one of the most intensely studied areas in organic synthesis.<sup>1</sup> Chiral  $\alpha$ -substituted  $\beta$ -amino nitriles. since cyano group is easily converted to other functional groups, would be versatile synthetic intermediates for the synthesis of  $\beta$ -amino acids and the corresponding chiral diamine derivatives which are employed as medicinal agents or chiral ligands.<sup>2</sup> Enantioselective Mannich reactions are efficient and powerful methods to prepare β-amino carbonyl derivatives.3 Tremendous efforts have been made in the development of efficient chiral metal and organic catalysts for enantioselective Mannich reactions with pre-formed enolates and enolizable methylenes and methines.<sup>4,7</sup> Recently, Shibasaki et al. have reported a highly enantio- and diastereoselective Mannich reaction using  $\alpha$ -cyanoketones, catalyzed by chiral amide ligand associated with a rare earth metal complexes.<sup>8</sup> However, a highly enantioselective Mannich reaction of  $\alpha$ cyanoketones with simple imines remains elusive; although, if successfully promoted with a practically accessible chiral catalyst under air- and moisture-tolerant conditions, it could provide a highly attractive, convergent approach toward optically active  $\beta$ -amino nitriles.

As part of research program related to the development of synthetic methods for the enantioselective construction of stereogenic carbon centers.<sup>9</sup> we recently reported the catalytic electrophilic amination and fluorination of active methines promoted by chiral palladium complexes with excellent enantioselectivities.<sup>10</sup>

Herein, we wish to describe the direct enantioselective Mannich reaction of  $\alpha$ -cyanoketones with simple *N*-Boc imines catalyzed by air- and moisture-stable chiral palladium complexes (Fig. 1).



Figure 1. Structure of chiral palladium complexes.

To determine suitable reaction conditions for the catalytic enantioselective Mannich reaction of a-cyanoketones, we initially investigated the reaction system with 2-cyano cyclopentanone (2a) and N-Boc benzaldimine (3a) in the presence of 5 mol% of catalyst in THF at room temperature (Table 1). We first examined the impact of the structure of catalysts 1 on enantioselectivity (Table 1, 25-88% ee. entries 1-6). The best results have been obtained with catalysts 1c. In the presence of 2.6-di-tert-butyl-4-methylpyridine as base, the reaction proceeded rapidly without a significant change of enantioselectivity (entries 3 and 7).<sup>10b</sup> Concerning the solvent (entries 7-13), the use of THF and acetone gave the best results in the yield and the enantiomeric excess (entries 7 and 10). The stereochemistry of 4a was determined by comparing chiral HPLC. optical rotation. and <sup>1</sup>H NMR data with literature value.<sup>s</sup>

We then explored the possibility of extending of this reaction to other para-substituted aromatic aldimines **3** with  $\alpha$ -cyanoketones **2a** under the optimized reaction conditions. As shown in Table 2, the products **4a-e** was formed in high yields

Table 1. Optimazation of the reaction conditions

Ĵ	-CN	. N <sup>-E</sup>	Зос	cat. 1 (5 mol%	) (		
2a		+ Ph 3a	solvent, rt 2,6-di- <i>t</i> -butyl-4-methyl- pyridine (2 eq)				
entry	cat. 1	solvent	time (l	i) yield $(\%)^a$	syn/anti <sup>b</sup>	ee (%) <sup>c</sup>	
	1a	ТНЕ	48	55	50/50	52	
2 d	1b	THF	48	80	50/50	25	
3 d	1¢	THF	90	65	75/25	88	
$4^{d}$	1d	THF	48	79	50/50	25	
$5^d$	1e	THF	36	75	25/75	37	
$6^d$	1f	THF	36	60	66/33	55	
7	1c	THF	10	78	83/17	91	
8	1c	MTBE	24	40	70/30	52	
9	1¢	DCM	7.5	96	40/60	50	
10	1c	acetone	24	85	90/10	89	
11	1c	CH <sub>3</sub> CN	3.5	65	70/30	76	
12	1¢	MeOH	3.5	70	60/40	0	
13	1¢	PhMe	7.5	51	50/50	0	

<sup>a</sup>Refers to the isolated mixture of diastereomers. <sup>b</sup>Determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR of the crude reaction mixture. <sup>c</sup>Enantiomeric excess of the *sym* diastereomer. determined by chiral HPLC. <sup>d</sup>Reactions were carried out without base (2.6-di-*t*-butyl-4-methylpyridine).

Table 2. Variation of the N-Boc imine

2a	CN + N Boc Ar 2a 3		cat. 1c (5 mol%) solvent, rt 2,6-di- <i>t</i> -butyl-4-methyl- pyridine (2 eq)			Ar 4	
entry	<b>3</b> , Ar	solvent	time (h)	yield $(\%)^{\alpha}$	syn anti <sup>b</sup>	$ee \ (\%)^c$	
1	<b>3a</b> , C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	THF	10	<b>4</b> a, 78	83/17	91	
2	3b, 2-naphthyl	THF	4	<b>4b</b> , 95	100/0	77	
3	3b, 2-naphthyl	acetone	4	<b>4b</b> , 94	100/0	88	
4	3c, 2-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	acetone	3	4c, 95	100/0	81	
5	<b>3d</b> , <b>2-</b> Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	acetone	3	<b>4d</b> , 92	75/25	80	
6	3e, 4-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	acetone	4	<b>4</b> e, 72	73/27	80	

<sup>a</sup>Refers to the isolated mixture of diastereomers. <sup>b</sup>Determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR of the crude reaction mixture. <sup>c</sup>Enantiomeric excess of the *sym* diastereomer. determined by chiral HPLC.

Table 3. Variation of the  $\alpha$ -cvanoketone



<sup>a</sup>Refers to the isolated mixture of diastereomers. <sup>b</sup>Determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR of the crude reaction mixture. <sup>c</sup>Enantiomeric excess of the *sym* diastereomer, determined by chiral HPLC. <sup>d</sup>This reaction was carried out using cat. **1f**.

(72-95%), excellent diastereoselectivity (73/27-100/0), and high enatioselectivity (77-91%).

To examine the generality of the catalytic enantioselective Minnich reaction of  $\alpha$ -cyanoketones 2 by using chiral palladium complex 1c, we studied the Mannich reaction of various  $\alpha$ cyanoketones 2 with *N*-Boc benzaldimine (3a). As it can be seen by the results summarized in Table 3, the corresponding  $\beta$ -aminated  $\alpha$ -cyanoketones 4a, and 4f-k were obtained in excellent yields (71-95%) and enantioselectivities (70-91%). The absolute configuration of adducts 4 has been determined for some derivatives by comparison of their optical and HPLC data with literature values.<sup>8</sup>

In conclusion, we have developed a highly efficient catalytic enantioselective Mannich reaction of cyclic  $\alpha$ -cyanoketones using air- and moisture-stable chiral palladium complexes. Communications to the Editor

The desired  $\beta$ -aminated products were obtained in high yields and high enantioselectivities (70-91% ee) for various substrates.

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