## FEM -

# Squeak Noise of Ceramic-on-ceramic Hip Joint using FEM

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Key Words: Friction Noise( ), Hip Joint( ), Hip Squeak( )

#### **ABSTRACT**

This paper describes the FEM analysis for squeak problem of the ceramic-on-ceramic hip joint system. The onset of hip squeak is estimated by the positive real parts of the eigenvalues in the hip joint system. From the complex eigenvalue analysis, the unstable frequencies and the corresponding mode shapes are determined at the certain severe friction coefficients. It is found that some bending and torsion modes of the femoral stem can be unstable due to the mode-coupling mechanism. It also shows that the magnitude of the friction coefficient plays a key role on the occurrence of hip squeak.

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Fan Weiss **ABAQUS** hexahedron 44621 shell '4' stem '1' Ti6A14V head '2' liner '3' ce-가 ramics **'**5' '6' Sariali Table 1 **'**5' Fig. 2 Currier '0' 가 shell '4' **'**5' '6' **'1'** 가 가 , 1500 N 가 가 **'**5' Shell '4', liner '3' **FEM** pseudo rotation<sup>(11)</sup> (1rad/s) . Meziane . Stem '1' head '2' 가 가 가 head '2' liner '3' (9) , Ghazaly **FEM FEM FEM** (a) 3D model 2. 2.1 Fig. 1(a) ISO 7206-1 . Fig. 1 stem '1' head '2' liner **'**3' shell '4' part '5' '6' Fig. 1(b) (b) FEM model

, 36636

Linear

2920

Linear wedge

Fig. 1 Ceramic on ceramic hip joint

가

 $f = \mu N \tag{1}$ 

Table 1 Material properties

| Materials | Density[kg/m <sup>3</sup> ] | Young's<br>modulus[GPa] | Poisson ratio |
|-----------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| Ti6Al4V   | 4500                        | 1024                    | 0.3           |
| Ceramic   | 4370                        | 3584                    | 0.23          |
| Bone      | 1932                        | 4736                    | 0.3           |

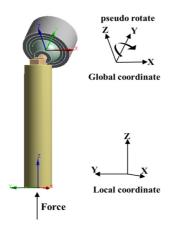


Fig. 2 Coordinate systems in hip joint model

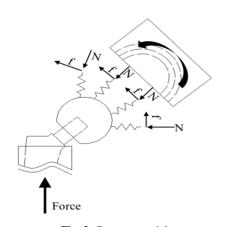


Fig. 3 Contact model

$$f$$
 ,  $\mu$  ,  $N$ 

$$N = k_{\rm c} u_{\rm n} + p_{\rm o} \tag{2}$$

, 
$$k_c$$
 ,  $u_n$  ,  $p_o$ 

$$[M]\ddot{\mathbf{x}} + [K]\mathbf{x} = 0 \tag{3}$$

$$[M]$$
 ,  $[K]$ 

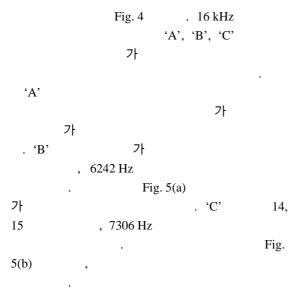
$$\mathbf{x} = [\phi]\mathbf{q} \tag{4}$$

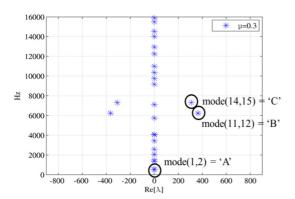
$$\left[\phi
ight]$$
 ,  ${f q}$  . 가 .

$$\ddot{\mathbf{q}} + \left( \left[ \omega^2 \right] + \left[ K_{asym} \right] \right) \mathbf{q} = \mathbf{0}$$

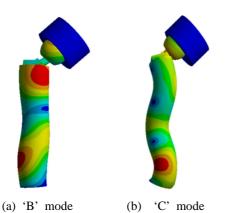
$$[\omega^2] , [K_{asym}]$$

- (1)(2) Stem pseudo-rotation
- 2.2 7 0.3

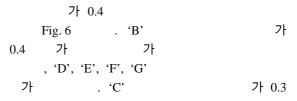




**Fig. 4** Complex eigenvalue analysis of friction coefficient 0.3



**Fig. 5** Unstable mode shape of Fig. 4. (a) 11,12 mode, (b) 14,15 mode



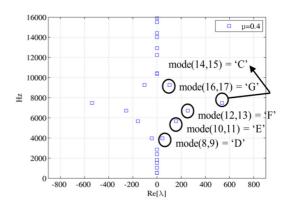
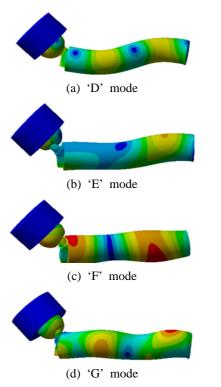


Fig. 6 Complex eigenvalue analysis of friction coefficient 0.4



**Fig. 7** Unstable mode shape of Fig. 6. (a) 8,9 mode, (b) 10,11 mode, (c) 12,13 mode, (d) 16,17 mode

7477 Hz

Fig. 7(a) 2
. 'E' 5673 Hz

Fig. 7 (b) 7
. 'F'

6720 Hz Fig. 7(c)

7
. 'G' 9267 Hz
, 7
(Fig. 7(d)).

3.

, FEM

(2) 7† 0.4 , 'C' (7477 Hz) 3968 Hz, 5673 Hz, 6720 Hz, 9267 Hz

(3)

(5) FEM

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